

2021 年浙江省绍兴市中考英语试卷

一、(一) 听力部分 (共 25 分) 听力 (本题有 15 小题, 第一节每小题 1 分, 第二、三节每小题 1 分, 共计 25 分) 第一节: 听小对话, 回答问题。

1. (1 分) Who can play the violin?

A. George.

B. Grace.

C. Susan.

2. (1 分) Which sport does the boy like best?

A. Tennis.

B. Football.

C. Baseball.

3. (1 分) How does the boy think the weather will be

A. Sunny.

B. Rainy.

C. Cloudy.

4. (1 分) Why is David going to the library?

A. To return English magazines.

B. To discuss a study program.

C. To find some information.

5. (1 分) What does the girl probably mean?

A. She has already read the book.

B. She doesn't want to read the book.

C. She can learn a lot from the book.

第二节: 听较长对话, 回答问题。

6. (4 分) (1) How was the result of Frank's physics exam?

A. Pretty good.

B. Not bad.

C. Too poor.

(2) What will Frank and Linda do tomorrow?

A.Make some notes.

B.Listen to a speech.

C.Study for the math exam.

7. (6 分) (1) What is Betty doing?

A.She's playing music.

B.She's watching TV.

C.She's cooking dinner.

(2) When will Steve and Betty meet?

A.At 7: 30.

B.At 8: 00.

C.At 8: 15.

(3) Where is Steve now?

A.At home.

B.In a restaurant.

C.At the cinema.

第三节：听独白，回答问题。

8. (10 分) (1) What is "True Stories"?

A.An online course.

B.A TV show.

C.A radio program.

(2) How does the speaker like Mary's story?

A.Strange.

B.Boring.

C.Sad.

(3) Where does Mary work?

A.At a police station.

B.At a school.

C.At a store.

(4) What did Mary do at ten o'clock last night?

A.She finished shopping.

B.She drove off home.

C.She went to bed.

(5) Why didn't Mary hear her husband?

A.Because she was sleeping.

B.Because her husband's voice was low.

C.Because something was wrong with her ears.

二、完形填空（本题有 15 小题，每小题 15 分，共计 15 分）阅读下面短文，然后从各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

9. (15 分) A 70 - year old Chinese woman has been called "Super Grannie" after it was reported that she is (1) about running and has completed over 100 marathons (马拉松) so far.

Most people (2) _____ to take it easy after they retire (退休), but Wang Guilan, from Liaoning, is (3) _____ not one of them. She only started running at the age of 50, as a (4) _____ to keep in shape, but soon realized it was her passion (酷爱). She ran her first marathon in 2004 and hasn't (5) _____ since then. From 2005 to 2017, she completed the Beijing Marathon thirteen times, and this year she set a new record, becoming the (6) _____ person to ever complete the 168 - kilometer Liaoning marathon.

"This lady is as old as my grandmother, how can she run so fast? That's (7) _____, " a runner in his twenties said after seeing Wang compete (8) _____ the Liaoning marathon in April. Last year, she ran for the 110 km version of the marathon with her (9) _____. It was reported that she waited for her friend to catch up for about 5 - 6 hours (10) _____ they could cross the finishing line together, but this year she took part in the marathon by (11) _____, and chose the longest distance.

So (12) _____ can a 70 - year - old stay in good condition to complete a marathon, while most people half her (13) _____ couldn't finish? One reason, according to Sina, is that Wang Guilan runs at least 20 kilometers every day. And she (14) _____ running on mountain roads in her native Liaoning, but in winter she runs on asphalt (沥青) roads.

Wang Guilan (15) _____ believes that age is just a number, and plans to continue running and enjoying the sunset of her life for as long as her health allows it.

(1) A. crazy B. angry C. nervous D. sorry

(2) A. refuse B. promise C. choose D. remember

- (3) A. normally B. certainly C. especially D. partly
- (4) A. task B. rule C. lesson D. way
- (5) A. progressed B. stopped C. succeeded D. cheered
- (6) A. prettiest B. healthiest C. oldest D. cleverest
- (7) A. lucky B. surprising C. important D. funny
- (8) A. in B. for C. with D. against
- (9) A. husband B. neighbor C. teacher D. friend
- (10) A. even if B. because C. so that D. unless
- (11) A. herself B. itself C. myself D. yourself
- (12) A. how B. when C. why D. where
- (13) A. height B. age C. weight D. size
- (14) A. loves B. imagines C. suggests D. avoids
- (15) A. hardly B. easily C. seriously D. strongly



三、阅读理解（本题有 15 小题，每小题 6 分，共计 30 分）阅读下面四篇材料，然后从各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

10. (6 分)

SHARE YOUR TECH PROJECT WITH THE WORLD!

Create something with technology and see it showcased online

Do you love technology? Are you always making new

things and thinking up creative inventions? Now you can bring your latest tech idea to life and share it with Coolest Projects online, the world's leading technology showcase for young people. It's an amazing chance to get creative, have fun, and celebrate what you have made. You can send any project you've created using technology and see it showcased in the Coolest Projects online, for

people all over the world to see.

How to take part

Coollest Projects online is free, it is open to anyone from age 7 up to age 18, and you can take part in wherever you are in the world. You can send any new tech creation, using any programming language - perhaps a project coded (编码) in a website, a game, an app or even a robot. It can be something simple or difficult, and your project doesn't even need to be completed for you to take part. Projects must be sent by 3 May. There will be a live celebration event on 8 June.

Get started and register your project at coolestprojects.org.

(1) The text tells us that Coolest Projects online _____.

- A. helps people live in a fun way
- B. allows anyone to see the projects on it
- C. is managed by young people
- D. develops tech projects by itself

(2) To take part in Coolest Projects online, you _____.

- A. have to be over eighteen years old
- B. should pay a lot of money online
- C. needn't make sure your project is finished
- D. can hand in your project after 3 May

(3) Young people who _____ would most probably like to read this text.

- A. are ready to share their inventions
- B. play computer games well
- C. are learning foreign languages
- D. plan to make friends online



11. (8分) It's been 100 years since the actor and filmmaker Charlie Chaplin produced the film *The Kid*, which many consider to be his greatest one.

Like all films at the time, *The Kid* was made in black and white and was silent (made without any sound,

not even the characters talking). The story is about the relationship between "the Tramp", played by Chaplin, and his adopted (领养的) child, played by Jackie Coogan. The pair develop a partnership where the six year - old boy breaks windows and runs away, so that Chaplin's character can offer his services as a window fixer.

Although the film is a comedy, it also has some tragedy, reflecting Chaplin's own life. He started testing actors for the role of the Kid just a few days after his baby son had died. Chaplin was known for being hard to please, and it is said that if he could, he would have played every role in every one of his films. When Chaplin visited a theatre, a dancer brought his son, Jackie Coogan, on stage, and Chaplin knew he had his co - star (联袂主演者). Chaplin later wrote, "All children in some form have talents; the trick is to bring it out in them. With Jackie it was easy."

Like the Kid in the film, Chaplin and his brother Sydney grew up very poor. They lived in London and were raised by their mother. When Chaplin was 10 years old, his mum became too ill to look after her sons, so they had to take care of themselves. He later wrote that the film sets in The Kid were based (基于) on the places where he and Sydney had lived with their mother as children. "Perhaps that's why the film had some truth," he said.

(1) The second paragraph mainly talks about _____.

- A. why The Kid was made
- B. when The Kid was on
- C. how The Kid got successful
- D. what The Kid is about

(2) We can infer from Paragraph 3 that Jackie Coogan _____.

- A. always visited the theatre alone
- B. was possibly talented in acting
- C. knew much about Chaplin before
- D. played every role in Chaplin's films

(3) Which of the following is TRUE about Chaplin? _____

- A. He had a poor childhood experience.
- B. He was brought up by his father.
- C. He looked after his mother very well.
- D. He produced films with his brother.

(4) What's the best title for the passage? _____

- A. A film about a dancer.
- B. A family in London.
- C. A place for film making.
- D. A life on film.



12. (8分) Dmitry Doronin, a doctoral student from Russia, is keen (热衷的) to share his experience in rural villages in Zhejiang with his 1.4 million followers online.

Since Dmitry started to live in the countryside last August, the 32 - year - old has created hundreds of video clips that record the relaxing lifestyle in Hengzhang village, Lishui city. "The rice is grown in the fields together with fish, which helps to increase local agricultural (农业的) products," said Dmitry, while introducing products from Hengzhang village on the popular Chinese short - videos platform Douyin. Besides filming videos, Dmitry also enjoys working with farmers in the fields, doing activities such as planting vegetables and feeding chickens.

Living in a village provides him with unique experiences, he says, quite different from busy life in big cities, such as Shanghai, where he studies. And he has been a pleasant surprise to the villagers as well. Villager Bao Mingyue, 76, says, "To our surprise, the young Russian not only knows how to cook Chinese food but is interested in working in the fields."

Because of the outbreak of COVID - 19, the sales of local agricultural products had dropped rapidly, so Dmitry volunteered to help sell the products in his videos. In a few months, 10, 000 kilograms of oranges, 4, 000 kilograms of dried sweet potatoes and 300 kilograms of honey had been sold.

"Thanks to his videos, it seems that more tourists have come to visit our village," says 72 - year - old Pan Xianyu, who is very pleased to see the great changes in her hometown. Dmitry loves his country life, "In the countryside, you can immerse (沉浸) yourself in the traditional way of life and understand this country better," he says.

According to Dmitry, some Russians' opinions about China are still out of date, although China has

progressed greatly."I would like to become a people to people envoy （使者） of friendship between the two countries by using the Internet, " he says.

（1） It can be learnt from the passage that Dmitry _____.

- A. has lived in the countryside for years
- B. is good at catching fishes
- C. gets much attention on the Internet
- D. sells farmers' products in Russia

（2） The underlined word "unique" probably means " _____".

- A. common
- B. special
- C. similar
- D. hard

（3） The purpose of Paragraph 4 and Paragraph 5 is to _____.

- A. show Dmitry's influence on Hengzhang village
- B. advise people to buy the products of Hengzhang village
- C. make more tourists interested in Hengzhang village
- D. explain why the sale of sweet potatoes dropped

（4） Dmitry hopes to help Russians to _____.

- A. improve their lives more quickly
- B. have a better understanding of China
- C. study Chinese traditional way of life
- D. make rapid progress in farming

13. （8 分） Visiting outer space is still a far dream for anyone who isn't an astronaut, but a day trip to the stars is already open for people to order!

A new company （公司）, Space Perspective, is planning tests with passengers. It has big plans to run up to 500 flights from different places across the USA by 2024. If successful, reaching the outer side of space could be as easy as flying abroad in a few years' time. The plan will be for spacemen and up to eight passengers to travel in Neptune, a capsule （太空舱） tied to a balloon the size of a football field.

They will move slowly upwards right to the side of space, 30 km away from the Earth. There, space tourists

will be able to look back at the Earth and out to dark space and the sight of millions of stars. Although the price is yet to be fixed, the expensive flight, which will take six hours, is likely to cost over £100 000. Because the capsule remains within the Earth's atmosphere (大气层), no special clothing or training are needed. It means that older people or those with health problems will be included.

One problem may be the method of landing back on the Earth. The balloon moves back down from space until it falls down in the sea. Passengers, spacemen, capsule and balloon are then gotten back by ship.

Now Neptune faces competition from the Stratollite a balloon being developed by a company called World View Enterprises, while the super rich Richard Branson, Jeff Bezos and Elon Musk are all pouring money into developing business space flying machines. The advantage of the balloon is that it will be cheaper than a space plane or rocket.

Space travel may soon be a reality (现实), but how visitors get there is still a very open question.

(1) We can see from the passage that Space Perspective _____.

- A. has completed over 500 tests
- B. wants to use Neptune to carry people
- C. has quite a long history
- D. makes it easier for us to fly abroad

(2) According to Space Perspective's plan, space tourists _____.

- A. should wear special clothing
- B. will land back on the ground
- C. can watch the Earth from space
- D. must keep in good health

(3) The writer implies (暗示) in the passage that _____.

- A. the race to get tourists into space is becoming hot
- B. there will be only four ways for visitors to reach space
- C. the Stratollite is popular with space passengers
- D. Richard, Jeff and Elon are all short of money

(4) The passage can usually be read in the part of _____ ad in a newspaper.

- A. Culture
- B. Business

C. Health

D. Science



四、词汇运用（本题有 15 小题，每小题 5 分，共计 15 分）A.用方框中所给词语的适当形式填空，每词仅用一次。

14.（5 分）用方框中所给词语的适当形式填空

cry, bottle, above, thank, take off

- (1) I am _____ that you have come to help us.
- (2) The child _____ over there. What's wrong with him?
- (3) Tim was so thirsty that he drank two _____ of water.
- (4) He came in, _____ his coat and sat down beside me.
- (5) The moon was _____ the tall tree in the east.

B. 阅读下面短文，然后根据括号内所给汉语意思写出单词的正确形式（每空一词）。

15.（10 分）Trees play an important role in our environment. For a start, they make air (1) _____（更干净的）for us to breathe. The older a tree is, the more important it is to us. Why not look at ancient trees (2) _____（仔细地）around you and find out more?

For the past (3) _____（十五）years, a charity called the Woodland Trust has been recording ancient trees in the country. It has created a database（数据库）about these trees.

Since the database was set up, the Woodland Trust has (4) _____（添加）over 180, 000 trees, but it believes there are many more to be found. It's hoped that all (5) _____（成员）of the public will help to locate them - including you.

You can take an (6) _____（积极的）part in the Woodland Trust's project. Perhaps when you next go for a walk with your family, you can examine the trees you pass to see (7) _____（它的）age. If you find one that you think could be very old, record (8) _____（确切地）where it is using an online map. If you want to record the tree, you should take a photo. Don't (9) _____（忘记）to make sure you are allowed to examine it closely if the tree isn't on public land.

"Ancient trees are as much a part of our heritage（遗产）as works of (10) _____（艺术）," explains

Jeremy Evans of the Woodland Trust. "But they don't get the same protection. The good news is, you don't have to be a tree expert to take part".

五、语法填空（本题有 10 小题，每小题 10 分，共计 10 分）阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的词，或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

16. (10 分) A bookstore in Kaohsiung got international attention after CNN reported on the unusual decoration (装饰) in it. The store, Wuguan Books, is known as (1) _____ "experimental bookstore" because of the dark lighting used to show the books on sale, Wuguan Books (2) _____ (lie) at Pier - 2 Culture Center, which is full (3) _____ special cafes and exhibits. The bookstore is almost (4) _____ (complete) dark, except for the shelves (书架) of books. There are over 400 shelves of books in the store, with many (5) _____ (light) placed around books. It appears as if books themselves are lighting up the darkness.

The bookstore (6) _____ (create) by Chu Chih - kung not long ago, with the purpose of increasing people's senses when (7) _____ read books. Su Yu - shan, the (8) _____ (manage) of the store, says the environment can help people learn to do "soul (灵魂) reading" by (9) _____ (provide) a private experience with each book that draws one's attention. (10) _____ it might not be for everyone, Wuguan Books creates a very different kind of environment from most bookstores.



六、阅读（本题有 5 小题，每小题 5 分，共计 5 分）阅读下面材料，从方框中所给的 A-E 五个选项中选择正确的选项（其中一项是多余选项），将其序号填入 1-4 题，并回答 5 题。

17. (5 分)

Getting English Language Learners to Put Down the Books and Have Some Fun

Even if there's so much about English that can be learned from a book or even in a traditional classroom setting, a lot of the language can still be learned best in more relaxing situations where students are having fun. Here are some suggestions.

★ Communicate with strangers. If you live in an area filled with English speakers, get students out of the classroom. (1) _____. Students may not speak to strangers, but they'll hear conversations taking place and may begin to understand how the words learnt in the classroom are actually used in everyday speech.

★ Let their guard down. One difficult thing for learners is confidence (自信) when they speak English. Fun

activities, especially those outside of the classroom, give students a chance to feel relaxed. (2) _____.It may take a bit of time at the beginning, but once students get into it, they'll start to get confidence.

★Make use of English media (媒体) .Most recorded language instruction is pretty boring and it can get tiring hearing the same voice repeat the same phrases. (3) _____.They will hear common expressions and more everyday conversations in the movie.If they're not sure about something they hear, it can turn into a more formal lesson once back in the classroom.

★ (4) _____.Casual (随意的) conversations give learners the chance to hear or use English in situations.They can talk all they want about expressions to use while dining out or informal words to use with friends, but it takes a trip to McDonald's or a picnic in the park for many of those expressions to truly set in.

- A.You can let students go to a movie in English.
- B.Put them among other English speakers.
- C.They may hate to speak English.
- D.Hear or use English in situations.
- E.They will speak more freely.

(5) How do you learn English? (回答不多于 10 个单词) _____

七、书面表达 (本题有 1 小题, 共计 20 分)

18. (20 分) 上个月, 你们班为 Children's Home 的孩子们组织了一次爱心义卖活动。请根据下表信息用英语写一篇短文, 向某英语网站投稿, 谈谈本次活动和你的体会。

Things you did	Things you've learned
<ul style="list-style-type: none">● hand out notices● make things like...● sell the things● give away the money	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● develop life skill● ...

注意:

- (1) 短文必须包括上表所有信息, 可适当增加细节;
- (2) 你的体会至少两条;
- (3) 词数: 80 - 100;
- (4) 短文首句仅供选择使用, 不计入总词数。

参考词汇：义卖活动 charity sale

短文首句：Last month, our class had a charity sale.

2021 年浙江省绍兴市中考英语试卷

参考答案与试题解析

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1.（1 分）Who can play the violin?

A.George.

B.Grace.

C.Susan.

【分析】略

【解答】C

2.（1 分）Which sport does the boy like best?

A.Tennis.

B.Football

C.Baseball.

【分析】略

【解答】A

3.（1 分）How does the boy think the weather will be

A.Sunny.

B.Rainy.

C.Cloudy.

【分析】略

【解答】B

4.（1 分）Why is David going to the library?

A.To return English magazines.

B.To discuss a study program.

C.To find some information.

【分析】略

【解答】C

5.（1 分）What does the girl probably mean?

- A.She has already read the book.
- B.She doesn't want to read the book.
- C.She can learn a lot from the book.

【分析】略

【解答】B

第二节：听较长对话，回答问题。

6. (4分) (1) How was the result of Frank's physics exam?

- A.Pretty good.
- B.Not bad.
- C.Too poor.

(2) What will Frank and Linda do tomorrow?

- A.Make some notes.
- B.Listen to a speech.
- C.Study for the math exam.

【分析】略

【解答】BC

7. (6分) (1) What is Betty doing?

- A.She's playing music.
- B.She's watching TV.
- C.She's cooking dinner.

(2) When will Steve and Betty meet?

- A.At 7: 30.
- B.At 8: 00.
- C.At 8: 15.

(3) Where is Steve now?

- A.At home.
- B.In a restaurant.
- C.At the cinema.

【分析】略

【解答】B C A

第三节：听独白，回答问题。

8. (10 分) (1) What is "True Stories"?

A. An online course.

B. A TV show.

C. A radio program.

(2) How does the speaker like Mary's story?

A. Strange.

B. Boring.

C. Sad.

(3) Where does Mary work?

A. At a police station.

B. At a school.

C. At a store.

(4) What did Mary do at ten o'clock last night?

A. She finished shopping.

B. She drove off home.

C. She went to bed.

(5) Why didn't Mary hear her husband?

A. Because she was sleeping.

B. Because her husband's voice was low.

C. Because something was wrong with her ears.

【分析】略

【解答】11 - 15 B A B C A

二、完形填空（本题有 15 小题，每小题 15 分，共计 15 分）阅读下面短文，然后从各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

9. (15 分) A 70 - year old Chinese woman has been called "Super Grannie" after it was reported that she is (1) A about running and has completed over 100 marathons (马拉松) so far.

Most people (2) C to take it easy after they retire (退休), but Wang Guilan, from Liaoning, is (3) B not one of them. She only started running at the age of 50, as a (4) D to keep in shape, but soon realized it was her passion (酷爱). She ran her first marathon in 2004 and hasn't (5) B since then. From 2005 to

2017, she completed the Beijing Marathon thirteen times, and this year she set a new record, becoming the (6) C person to ever complete the 168 - kilometer Liaoning marathon.

"This lady is as old as my grandmother, how can she run so fast? That's (7) B , " a runner in his twenties said after seeing Wang compete (8) A the Liaoning marathon in April. Last year, she ran for the 110 km version of the marathon with her (9) D . It was reported that she waited for her friend to catch up for about 5 - 6 hours (10) C they could cross the finishing line together, but this year she took part in the marathon by (11) A , and chose the longest distance.

So (12) C can a 70 - year - old stay in good condition to complete a marathon, while most people half her (13) B couldn't finish? One reason, according to Sina, is that Wang Guilan runs at least 20 kilometers every day. And she (14) A running on mountain roads in her native Liaoning, but in winter she runs on asphalt (沥青) roads.

Wang Guilan (15) D believes that age is just a number, and plans to continue running and enjoying the sunset of her life for as long as her health allows it.

- | | | | | |
|------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| (1) | A. crazy | B. angry | C. nervous | D. sorry |
| (2) | A. refuse | B. promise | C. choose | D. remember |
| (3) | A. normally | B. certainly | C. especially | D. partly |
| (4) | A. task | B. rule | C. lesson | D. way |
| (5) | A. progressed | B. stopped | C. succeeded | D. cheered |
| (6) | A. prettiest | B. healthiest | C. oldest | D. cleverest |
| (7) | A. lucky | B. surprising | C. important | D. funny |
| (8) | A. in | B. for | C. with | D. against |
| (9) | A. husband | B. neighbor | C. teacher | D. friend |
| (10) | A. even if | B. because | C. so that | D. unless |
| (11) | A. herself | B. itself | C. myself | D. yourself |
| (12) | A. how | B. when | C. why | D. where |
| (13) | A. height | B. age | C. weight | D. size |
| (14) | A. loves | B. imagines | C. suggests | D. avoids |

- (15) A. hardly B. easily C. seriously D. strongly



【分析】本文主要介绍了一位 70 岁的中国老妇人被称为"超级奶奶", 目前已经跑完了 100 多场马拉松。

【解答】(1) A.考查形容词辨析。A.crazy 疯狂的; B.angry 生气的; C.nervous 紧张的; D.sorry 抱歉的。

句意: 一位 70 岁的中国老妇人被称为"超级奶奶", 此前有报道称她对跑步很痴迷, 目前已经跑完了 100 多场马拉松。be crazy about"对...痴迷"。故选 A。

(2) C.考查动词辨析。A.refuse 拒绝; B.promise 承诺; C.choose 选择; D.remember 记住。句意: 大多数人选择退休后放松一下, 但来自辽宁的王桂兰(音译)肯定不是这样的人。choose to do"选择做某事"。故选 C。

(3) B.考查副词辨析。A.normally 正常地; B.certainly 肯定地; C.especially 特别地; D.partly 部分地。句意: 大多数人选择退休后放松一下, 但来自辽宁的王桂兰(音译)肯定不是这样的人。根据后文 She only started running at the age of 50 可知, 她肯定不是这样的人。故选 B。

(4) D.考查名词辨析。A.task 任务; B.rule 规则; C.lesson 课程; D.way 方式, 方法。句意: 她只是在 50 岁的时候开始跑步, 作为一种保持身材的方式, 但她很快意识到这是她的激情所在。故选 D。

(5) B.考查动词辨析。A.progressed 进步; B.stopped 停止; C.succeeded 成功; D.cheered 欢呼。句意: 2004 年, 她第一次跑马拉松, 从那以后就没停过。根据后文 From 2005 to 2017, she completed the Beijing Marathon thirteen times 可知, 她从未停止。故选 B。

(6) C.考查形容词辨析。A.prettiest 最美丽的; B.healthiest 最健康的; C.oldest 最老的; D.cleverest 最聪明的。句意: 今年, 她创造了一项新纪录, 成为完成辽宁 168 公里马拉松比赛的年龄最大的人。根据后文 This lady is as old as my grandmother, how can she run so fast 可知, 她是年龄最大的。故选 C。

(7) B.考查形容词辨析。A.lucky 幸运的; B.surprising 令人吃惊的; C.important 重要的; D.funny 有趣的。句意: "这位女士和我的祖母一样老, 她怎么能跑得那么快? 那很令人吃惊。"一名 20 多岁的运动员在看了王桂兰 4 月份参加辽宁马拉松比赛后说。因为年龄大却跑得很快, 因此令人吃惊。故选 B。

(8) A.考查介词辨析。A.in 在...里面; B.for 为了; C.with 和; D.against 反对。句意: "这位女士和我的祖母一样老, 她怎么能跑得那么快? 那很令人吃惊。"一名 20 多岁的运动员在看了王桂兰 4 月份参加辽宁马拉松比赛后说。这里表示在这场马拉松比赛中, 用介词 in。故选 A。

(9) D.考查名词辨析。A.husband 丈夫; B.neighbor 邻居; C.teacher 老师; D.friend 朋友。句意: 去年, 她和朋友一起参加了 110 公里版本的马拉松比赛。根据后文 It was reported that she waited for her friend 可知, 她和朋友一起参加。故选 D。

(10) C.考查副词短语辨析。A.even if 即使; B.because 因为; C.so that 以便, 所以; D.unless 除非。句意: 据报道, 她为了和朋友一起冲过终点线等了大约 5 - 6 个小时, 但今年她独自参加了马拉松, 并选择了最长的距离。根据语境, 这里表目的, 用 so that 引导。故选 C。

(11) A.考查反身代词辨析。A.herself B.itself C.myself D.yourself 句意: 据报道, 她为了和朋友一起冲过终点线等了大约 5 - 6 个小时, 但今年她独自参加了马拉松, 并选择了最长的距离。but 前后形成转折, 之前和朋友参加, 现在是自己参加。故选 A。

(12) C.考查疑问词辨析。A.how 怎样; B.when 什么时候; C.why 为什么; D.where 哪里。句意: 那么, 为什么一个 70 岁的人能保持良好的身体状态来完成马拉松, 而大多数人在她这个年纪都不能完成。故选 C。

(13) B.考查名词辨析。A.height 高度; B.age 年龄; C.weight 重量; D.size 尺寸, 大小。句意: 那么, 为什么一个 70 岁的人能保持良好的身体状态来完成马拉松, 而大多数人在她这个年纪都不能完成。故选 B。

(14) A.考查动词辨析。A.loves 喜爱; B.imagines 想象; C.suggests 建议; D.avoids 避免。句意: 在家乡辽宁, 她喜欢在山路上跑步, 但冬天她会在沥青路上跑步。love doing"喜欢/喜爱做某事"。故选 A。

(15) D.考查副词辨析。A.hardly 几乎不; B.easily 容易地; C.seriously 严重地; D.strongly 强烈地。句意: 王桂兰坚信, 年龄只是一个数字, 只要健康状况允许, 她打算继续跑步, 享受生命的日落。这里表示强烈认为。故选 D。

三、阅读理解(本题有 15 小题, 每小题 6 分, 共计 30 分) 阅读下面四篇材料, 然后从各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

10. (6 分)

SHARE YOUR TECH PROJECT

WITH THE WORLD!

Create something with technology and see it showcased online

Do you love technology? Are you always making new

things and thinking up creative inventions? Now you can bring your latest tech idea to life and share it with Coolest Projects online, the world's leading technology showcase for young people.It's

an amazing chance to get creative , have fun, and celebrate what you have made.You can send any project you've created using technology and see it showcased in the Coolest Projects online , for people all over the world to see.

How to take part

Coolest Projects online is free, it is open to anyone from age 7 up to age 18, and you can take part in wherever you are in the world.You can send any new tech creation , using any programming language - perhaps a project coded (编码) in a website, a game, an app or even a robot.It can be something simple or difficult, and your project doesn't even need to be completed for you to take part.Projects must be sent by 3 May.There will be a live celebration event on 8 June.

Get started and register your project at coolestprojects.org.

(1) The text tells us that Coolest Projects online B .

- A. helps people live in a fun way
- B. allows anyone to see the projects on it
- C. is managed by young people
- D. develops tech projects by itself

(2) To take part in Coolest Projects online, you C .

- A. have to be over eighteen years old
- B. should pay a lot of money online
- C. needn't make sure your project is finished
- D. can hand in your project after 3 May

(3) Young people who A would most probably like to read this text.

- A. are ready to share their inventions
- B. play computer games well
- C. are learning foreign languages
- D. plan to make friends online



【分析】 本文是一则海报，介绍了 Coolest Projects online 开办的一个技术项目分享方案。

【解答】(1) B. 细节理解题。根据文中 You can send any project you've created using technology ...for people all over the world to see 知，你可以发送任何你使用技术创建的项目……供世界各地的人看到；因此 Coolest Projects 在线项目允许任何人在网上看这些项目。故选 B。

(2) C. 细节理解题。根据文中 your project doesn't even need to be completed for you to take part 知，你的项目甚至不需要你参与完成；因此要参加 Coolest Projects online 在线项目，你不必确保你的项目是完成的。故选 C。

(3) A. 推理判断题。通读全文及文章开头标题 SHARE YOUR TECH PROJECT WITH THE WORLD 知，这篇文章是写给愿意与人分享技术项目的人的，因此 A 项表述（愿意分享他们的发明的年轻人）最可能喜欢读这篇文章。故选 A。

11. (8 分) It's been 100 years since the actor and filmmaker Charlie Chaplin produced the film The Kid , which many consider to be his greatest one.

Like all films at the time, The Kid was made in black and white and was silent (made without any sound, not even the characters talking). The story is about the relationship between " the Tramp", played by Chaplin, and his adopted (领养的) child, played by Jackie Coogan. The pair develop a partnership where the six year - old boy breaks windows and runs away, so that Chaplin's character can offer his services as a window fixer.

Although the film is a comedy, it also has some tragedy, reflecting Chaplin's own life. He started testing actors for the role of the Kid just a few days after his baby son had died. Chaplin was known for being hard to please, and it is said that if he could, he would have played every role in every one of his films. When Chaplin visited a theatre, a dancer brought his son, Jackie Coogan, on stage, and Chaplin knew he had his co - star (联袂主演者). Chaplin later wrote, "All children in some form have talents; the trick is to bring it out in them. With Jackie it was easy.

Like the Kid in the film, Chaplin and his brother Sydney grew up very poor. They lived in London and were raised by their mother. When Chaplin was 10 years old, his mum became too ill to look after her sons, so they had to take care of themselves. He later wrote that the film sets in The Kid were based (基于) on the places where he and Sydney had lived with their mother as children. "Perhaps that's why the film had some truth, " he said.

(1) The second paragraph mainly talks about D .

- A. why The Kid was made
- B. when The Kid was on
- C. how The Kid got successful

D. what The Kid is about

(2) We can infer from Paragraph 3 that Jackie Coogan B.

A. always visited the theatre alone

B. was possibly talented in acting

C. knew much about Chaplin before

D. played every role in Chaplin's films

(3) Which of the following is TRUE about Chaplin? A

A. He had a poor childhood experience.

B. He was brought up by his father.

C. He looked after his mother very well.

D. He produced films with his brother.

(4) What's the best title for the passage? D

A. A film about a dancer.

B. A family in London.

C. A place for film making.

D. A life on film.



【分析】 本文主要介绍了《寻子遇仙记》这部反映了卓别林自己的生活的电影。

【解答】 (1) 推理判断题。根据第二段 The story is about the relationship between "the Tramp", played by Chaplin, and his adopted child, played by Jackie Coogan. (故事讲述了卓别林饰演的"流浪汉"和他的养子(杰基·库根饰演)之间的关系。)可知,第二段主要谈论了《寻子遇仙记》是关于什么的。故选 D。

(2) 推理判断题。根据第三段 When Chaplin visited a theatre, a dancer brought his son, Jackie Coogan, on stage, and Chaplin knew he had his co - star (联袂主演者). Chaplin later wrote, "All children in some form have talents; the trick is to bring it out in them. With Jackie it was easy. (卓别林参观剧院时,一名舞蹈演员把他的儿子杰基·库根(Jackie Coogan)带到舞台上,卓别林知道他有了自己的搭档。卓别林后来

写道："所有的孩子在某种程度上都有天赋，关键是要在他们身上发挥出来。"和杰姬在一起很容易。)

可知，Coogan 可能有表演天赋。故选 B。

(3) 细节理解题。根据最后一段 Like the Kid in the film, Chaplin and his brother Sydney grew up very poor.

(就像电影中的少年一样，卓别林和他的兄弟西德尼在贫困中长大。)可知，卓别林有一个很贫困的童年。故选 A。

(4) 标题归纳题。根据第三段 Although the film is a comedy, it also has some tragedy, reflecting Chaplin's own life. (虽然这部电影是喜剧，但它也有一些悲剧，反映了卓别林自己的生活。) 结合全文可知，本文主要介绍了《寻子遇仙记》这部反映了卓别林自己的生活的电影。D 项"电影中的生活"符合题意。故选 D。

12. (8 分) Dmitry Doronin, a doctoral student from Russia, is keen (热衷的) to share his experience in rural villages in Zhejiang with his 1.4 million followers online.

Since Dmitry started to live in the countryside last August, the 32 - year - old has created hundreds of video clips that record the relaxing lifestyle in Hengzhang village, Lishui city."The rice is grown in the fields together with fish, which helps to increase local agricultural (农业的) products," said Dmitry, while introducing products from Hengzhang village on the popular Chinese short - videos platform Douyin, Besides filming videos, Dmitry also enjoys working with farmers in the fields, doing activities such as planting vegetables and feeding chickens.

Living in a village provides him with unique experiences, he says, quite different from busy life in big cities, such as Shanghai, where he studies. And he has been a pleasant surprise to the villagers as well. Villager Bao Mingyue, 76, says, "To our surprise, the young Russian not only knows how to cook Chinese food but is interested in working in the fields."

Because of the outbreak of COVID - 19, the sales of local agricultural products had dropped rapidly, so Dmitry volunteered to help sell the products in his videos. In a few months, 10, 000 kilograms of oranges, 4, 000 kilograms of dried sweet potatoes and 300 kilograms of honey had been sold.

"Thanks to his videos, it seems that more tourists have come to visit our village," says 72 - year - old Pan Xianyu, who is very pleased to see the great changes in her hometown, Dmitry loves his country life, "In the countryside, you can immerse (沉浸) yourself in the traditional way of life and understand this country better," he says.

According to Dmitry, some Russians' opinions about China are still out of date, although China has progressed greatly. "I would like to become a people to people envoy (使者) of friendship between the two

countries by using the Internet, " he says.

(1) It can be learnt from the passage that Dmitry C .

- A. has lived in the countryside for years
- B. is good at catching fishes
- C. gets much attention on the Internet
- D. sells farmers' products in Russia

(2) The underlined word "unique" probably means " B ".

- A. common
- B. special
- C. similar
- D. hard

(3) The purpose of Paragraph 4 and Paragraph 5 is to A .

- A. show Dmitry's influence on Hengzhang village
- B. advise people to buy the products of Hengzhang village
- C. make more tourists interested in Hengzhang village
- D. explain why the sale of sweet potatoes dropped

(4) Dmitry hopes to help Russians to B .

- A. improve their lives more quickly
- B. have a better understanding of China
- C. study Chinese traditional way of life
- D. make rapid progress in farming

【分析】文章讲了来自俄罗斯的博士生德米特里•多罗宁(Dmitry Doronin)热衷于在网上与 140 万追随者分享他在浙江农村的经历。他说, 住在一个村庄给他提供了独特的经历, 这与他在上海等大城市学习的繁忙生活截然不同。他也给村民们带来了惊喜。76 岁的村民鲍明月说: "令我们惊讶的是, 俄罗斯年轻人不仅会做中国菜, 而且对中国菜很感兴趣在地里干活。"由于 COVID - 19 的爆发, 当地农产品的销量迅速下降, 于是德米特里主动帮忙销售视频中的产品。德米特里还希望能帮助俄罗斯人更好地了解中国。

【解答】(1) C. 细节理解题。根据 Dmitry Doronin, a doctoral student from Russia, is keen to share his experience in rural villages in Zhejiang with his 1.4 million followers online. 可知, 来自俄罗斯的博士生德米

特里·多罗宁 (Dmitry Doronin) 热衷于在网上与 140 万追随者分享他在浙江农村的经历。所以从这篇文章中可以得知, 德米特里克在互联网上受到广泛关注。故选 C.

(2) B.词义猜测题。根据 Living in a village provides him with unique experiences, he says, quite different from busy life in big cities, such as Shanghai, where he studies.可知, 他说, 住在一个村庄给他提供了独特的经历, 这与他在上海等大城市学习的繁忙生活截然不同。所以带下划线的单词"unique"的意思可能是"特殊的"。故选 B.

(3) A.段落大意题。根据 Living in a village provides him with unique experiences, he says, quite different from busy life in big cities, such as Shanghai, where he studies.And he has been a pleasant surprise to the villagers as well.Villager Bao Mingyue, 76, says, "To our surprise, the young Russian not only knows how to cook Chinese food but is interested in working in the fields." Because of the outbreak of COVID - 19, the sales of local agricultural products had dropped rapidly, so Dmitry volunteered to help sell the products in his videos.可知, 他说, 住在一个村庄给他提供了独特的经历, 这与他在上海等大城市学习的繁忙生活截然不同。他也给村民们带来了惊喜。76 岁的村民鲍明月说: "令我们惊讶的是, 俄罗斯年轻人不仅会做中国菜, 而且对中国菜很感兴趣在地里干活。"由于 COVID - 19 的爆发, 当地农产品的销量迅速下降, 于是德米特里主动帮忙销售视频中的产品。所以 第 4 段和第 5 段的目的是说明了德米特里对横张村的影响。故选 A.

(4) B.细节理解题。根据 According to Dmitry, some Russians' opinions about China are still out of date, although China has progressed greatly."I would like to become a people to people envoy of friendship between the two countries by using the Internet, " he says.可知, 据德米特里说, 尽管中国取得了很大进步, 但一些俄罗斯人对中国的看法仍然过时。他说: "我想通过互联网成为两国人民之间的友好使者。"所以德米特里希望能帮助俄罗斯人更好地了解中国。故选 B.

13. (8 分) Visiting outer space is still a far dream for anyone who isn't an astronaut, but a day trip to the stars is already open for people to order!

A new company (公司), Space Perspective, is planning tests with passengers.It has big plans to run up to 500 flights from different places across the USA by 2024.If successful, reaching the outer side of space could be as easy as flying abroad in a few years' time.The plan will be for spacemen and up to eight passengers to travel in Neptune, a capsule (太空舱) tied to a balloon the size of a football field.

They will move slowly upwards right to the side of space, 30 km away from the Earth.There, space tourists will be able to look back at the Earth and out to dark space and the sight of millions of stars.Although the price is yet to be fixed, the expensive flight, which will take six hours, is likely to cost over £100 000.Because the capsule

remains within the Earth's atmosphere (大气层), no special clothing or training are needed. It means that older people or those with health problems will be included.

One problem may be the method of landing back on the Earth. The balloon moves back down from space until it falls down in the sea. Passengers, spacemen, capsule and balloon are then gotten back by ship.

Now Neptune faces competition from the Stratollite a balloon being developed by a company called World View Enterprises, while the super rich Richard Branson, Jeff Bezos and Elon Musk are all pouring money into developing business space flying machines. The advantage of the balloon is that it will be cheaper than a space plane or rocket.

Space travel may soon be a reality (现实), but how visitors get there is still a very open question.

(1) We can see from the passage that Space Perspective B .

- A. has completed over 500 tests
- B. wants to use Neptune to carry people
- C. has quite a long history
- D. makes it easier for us to fly abroad

(2) According to Space Perspective's plan, space tourists C .

- A. should wear special clothing
- B. will land back on the ground
- C. can watch the Earth from space
- D. must keep in good health

(3) The writer implies (暗示) in the passage that A .

- A. the race to get tourists into space is becoming hot
- B. there will be only four ways for visitors to reach space
- C. the Stratollite is popular with space passengers
- D. Richard, Jeff and Elon are all short of money

(4) The passage can usually be read in the part of D ad in a newspaper.

- A. Culture
- B. Business
- C. Health
- D. Science



【分析】本文主要介绍了现如今对于普通人来说访问太空已经不是一个遥远的梦想，以 Space Perspective 公司推出的一项计划为例说明太空旅行可能很快成为现实，但游客如何到达那里仍然是一个非常开放的问题。

【解答】(1) B. 细节理解题。根据第二段 A new company (公司), Space Perspective, is planning tests with passengers. 一家名为 Space Perspective 的新公司正计划对乘客进行测试。以及, The plan will be for spacemen and up to eight passengers to travel in Neptune, a capsule (太空舱) tied to a balloon the size of a football field. 该计划将让宇航员和至多 8 名乘客在海王星上旅行, 海王星是一个绑在足球场大小的气球上的太空舱。可知, Space Perspective 想用 Neptune 运载人。故选 B。

(2) C. 细节理解题。根据第三段 There, space tourists will be able to look back at the Earth and out to dark space and the sight of millions of stars. 在那里, 太空游客可以回头看地球, 看到黑暗的太空和数百万颗星星。可知, 太空游客能从太空看到地球。故选 C。

(3) A. 推理判断题。根据倒数第二段段意, 现在 Neptune 面临着来自 World View Enterprises 公司开发的 Stratollite 气球的竞争, 而超级富豪理查德·布兰森 (Richard Branson)、杰夫·贝佐斯 (Jeff Bezos) 和埃隆·马斯克 (Elon Musk) 都在斥巨资开发商用太空飞行器。气球的优点是它比太空飞机或火箭便宜。可知, 把游客送入太空的竞赛正变得越来越激烈。故选 A。

(4) D. 文章出处题。通读全文可知, 本文主要介绍了现如今对于普通人来说访问太空已经不是一个遥远的梦想, 太空旅行可能很快成为现实。属于科学部分。A. Culture 文化; B. Business 商业; C. Health 健康; D. Science 科学。故选 D。

四、词汇运用 (本题有 15 小题, 每小题 5 分, 共计 15 分) A. 用方框中所给词语的适当形式填空, 每词仅用一次。

14. (5 分) 用方框中所给词语的适当形式填空

cry, bottle, above, thank, take off

- (1) I am thankful that you have come to help us.
- (2) The child is crying over there. What's wrong with him?
- (3) Tim was so thirsty that he drank two bottles of water.
- (4) He came in, took off his coat and sat down beside me.

(5) The moon was above the tall tree in the east.

【分析】(1) 你能来帮助我们，我很感激。

(2) 这孩子在那儿哭。他怎么了？

(3) 蒂姆太渴了，他喝了两瓶水。

(4) 他走进来，脱下外套，坐在我身边。

(5) 月亮在东方那棵大树的上方。

【解答】(1) thankful 考查形容词。根据题干 come to help us, 可知是指：你能来帮助我们，我很感激，故填 thankful.

(2) is crying 考查动词。根据题干 What's wrong with him? 可知是指：这孩子在那儿哭。他怎么了？时态是现在进行时，主语是单数接 is+doing, 故填 is crying.

(3) bottles 考查名词。根据题干 two...of water, 可知是指：两瓶水。two bottles of 两瓶……，故填 bottles.

(4) took off 考查短语。根据题干...his coat and sat down beside me, 可知是指：他走进来，脱下外套，坐在我身边。时态是一般过去时，故填 took off.

(5) above 考查介词。根据题干，可知是指：月亮在东方那棵大树的上方，故填 above.

B. 阅读下面短文，然后根据括号内所给汉语意思写出单词的正确形式（每空一词）。

15. (10 分) Trees play an important role in our environment. For a start, they make air (1) cleaner (更干净的) for us to breathe. The older a tree is, the more important it is to us. Why not look at ancient trees (2) carefully (仔细地) around you and find out more?

For the past (3) fifteen (十五) years, a charity called the Woodland Trust has been recording ancient trees in the country. It has created a database (数据库) about these trees.

Since the database was set up, the Woodland Trust has (4) added (添加) over 180, 000 trees, but it believes there are many more to be found. It's hoped that all (5) members (成员) of the public will help to locate them - including you.

You can take an (6) active (积极的) part in the Woodland Trust's project. Perhaps when you next go for a walk with your family, you can examine the trees you pass to see (7) its (它的) age. If you find one that you think could be very old, record (8) exactly (确切地) where it is using an online map. If you want to record the tree, you should take a photo. Don't (9) forget (忘记) to make sure you are allowed to examine it closely if the tree isn't on public land.

"Ancient trees are as much a part of our heritage (遗产) as works of (10) art (艺术)," explains Jeremy Evans of the Woodland Trust. "But they don't get the same protection. The good news is, you don't have to be a

tree expert to take part".

【分析】文章主要讲述了树在我们的环境中起着重要的作用。古树和艺术品一样，都是我们遗产的一部分，作者写这篇文章其实是呼吁大众去保护古树。

【解答】(1) cleaner.考查形容词。根据句意，首先，它们使我们呼吸的空气更干净。参考提示词可知是填入形容词 clean 的比较级形式 cleaner。故答案为：cleaner。

(2) carefully.考查副词。根据句意，为什么不仔细看看周围的古树，了解更多呢？参考提示词可知，空处用副词 carefully，修饰前面的动词 look，表示仔细地看。故答案为：carefully。

(3) fifteen.考查数词。根据句意，在过去的 15 年里，一个名为林地信托的慈善机构一直在记录这个国家的古树。参考提示词十五，可直接得出数词 fifteen，修饰空后的 years，表示十五年。故答案为：fifteen。

(4) added.考查动词。根据句意，林地信托基金会已经增加了超过 18 万棵树，参考提示词可知是动词 add，再结合本句时态可知是现在完成时，空处的动词与空前的 has 一起，构成 has added。故答案为：added。

(5) members.考查名词。根据句意，希望所有公众都能帮助找到他们，包括你。参考提示词可知是 member，结合空前的 all，所有，可知应改为名词的复数形式 members。故答案为：members。

(6) active.考查形容词。根据句意，你可以积极参与林地信托基金的项目。参考提示词可知是形容词，active，符合固定搭配 take an active part in，积极参加。故答案为：active。

(7) its.考查形容词性物主代词。根据句意，也许当你下次和家人散步时，你可以检查你经过的树，看看它的年龄。参考提示词它的，可知是 its，这里用 its 来指代上文的 trees'，修饰空后的 age，符合题意。故答案为：its。

(8) exactly.考查副词。根据句意，如果你发现了一个你认为可能很古老的，用在线地图记录它的确切位置。参考提示词，可知是用副词 exactly 来修饰空前的 record，确切地记录。故答案为：exactly。

(9) forget.考查动词。根据句意，如果这棵树不在公共土地上，别忘了确保你被允许仔细检查。参考提示词和固定搭配可知，don't forget to do sth.别忘记做某事，符合题意。故答案为：forget。

(10) art.考查名词。根据句意，古树和艺术品一样，都是我们遗产的一部分，参考提示词艺术，可知是名词 art。故答案为：art。

五、语法填空（本题有 10 小题，每小题 10 分，共计 10 分）阅读下面短文，在空自处填入一个适当的词，或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

16. (10 分) A bookstore in Kaohsiung got international attention after CNN reported on the unusual decoration (装饰) in it. The store, Wuguan Books, is known as (1) an "experimental bookstore" because of the dark lighting used to show the books on sale, Wuguan Books (2) lies (lie) at Pier - 2 Culture Center,

which is full (3) of special cafes and exhibits. The bookstore is almost (4) completely (complete) dark, except for the shelves (书架) of books. There are over 400 shelves of books in the store, with many (5) lights (light) placed around books. It appears as if books themselves are lighting up the darkness.

The bookstore (6) was created (create) by Chu Chih - kung not long ago, with the purpose of increasing people's senses when (7) they read books. Su Yu - shan, the (8) manager (manage) of the store, says the environment can help people learn to do "soul (灵魂) reading" by (9) providing (provide) a private experience with each book that draws one's attention. (10) Although it might not be for everyone, Wuguan Books creates a very different kind of environment from most bookstores.



【分析】文章主要讲述了高雄的一家书店在 CNN 报道了其不寻常的装饰后引起了国际关注。它被称为"实验书店", "因为用来展示书籍的灯光很暗", 这样做的目的是增加人们读书时的感官, 创造了一个与大多数书店截然不同的环境。

【解答】(1) an. 考查冠词。根据句意, 这家名为"五关书店"的书店被称为"实验书店", 空后的"experimental bookstore"是单数名词, 缺少冠词修饰, experimental 是元音音素开头的单词, 所以用 an 来修饰, 意为一家实验书店。故答案为: an。

(2) lies. 考查动词。根据句意, 五关书店位于第二码头文化中心。lie, 动词, 位于, 这里主语为 Wuguan Books, 是专有名词, 不是复数形式, 所以要改为 lies。故答案为: lies。

(3) of. 考查介词。根据句意, 那里到处都是特色咖啡馆和展览品。结合固定搭配 be full of, 充满……, 所以填入介词 of。故答案为: of。

(4) completely. 考查副词。根据句意, 除了书架上的书, 书店里几乎一片漆黑。这里用提示词的副词形式 completely, 修饰空后的形容词 dark, 表示完全黑暗。故答案为: completely。

(5) lights. 考查名词。根据句意, 书店里有 400 多个书架, 书的周围摆放着许多灯。提示词为名词 light, 灯, 空前的修饰词为 many, 许多, 所以改为复数形式 lights。故答案为: lights。

(6) was created. 考查动词的语态。根据句意, 这家书店是朱志公不久前创办的。结合本句结构和时间状语 not long ago 可知, 这里要用一般过去时的被动语态, was/were + done, 主语为 The bookstore, 是第三人称单数, 所以用 was created。故答案为: was created。

(7) they. 考查代词。根据句意, 目的是当人们阅读时, 可以增加他们读书时的感官。这里用复数代词 they, 指代上文提到的 people, 前后一致。故答案为: they。

(8) **manager**.考查名词。根据句意,书店经理苏玉山表示,这种环境可以帮助人们学习"读灵魂"。结合句意可知,空处应填入名词形式 **manager**,经理, **the manager of the store**,书店的经理。故答案为: **manager**。

(9) **providing**.考查动词。根据句意,为每一本吸引注意力的书提供私人体验。结合固定搭配 **by doing sth.**通过做某事,这里要用 **providing**。故答案为: **providing**。

(10) **Although**.考查连词。根据句意,虽然不一定适合所有人,但五关书店创造了一个与大多数书店截然不同的环境。结合上下文关系,可知是让步关系,所以用 **although** 来引导,注意句首要大写。故答案为: **Although**。

六、阅读(本题有 5 小题,每小题 5 分,共计 5 分) 阅读下面材料,从方框中所给的 A-E 五个选项中选择正确的选项(其中一项是多余选项),将其序号填入 1-4 题,并回答 5 题。

17. (5 分)

Getting English Language Learners to Put Down the Books and Have Some Fun

Even if there's so much about English that can be learned from a book or even in a traditional classroom setting, a lot of the language can still be learned best in more relaxing situations where students are having fun. Here are some suggestions.

★ **Communicate with strangers.** If you live in an area filled with English speakers, get students out of the classroom. (1) B . Students may not speak to strangers, but they'll hear conversations taking place and may begin to understand how the words learnt in the classroom are actually used in everyday speech.

★ **Let their guard down.** One difficult thing for learners is confidence (自信) when they speak English. Fun activities, especially those outside of the classroom, give students a chance to feel relaxed. (2) E . It may take a bit of time at the beginning, but once students get into it, they'll start to get confidence.

★ **Make use of English media (媒体).** Most recorded language instruction is pretty boring and it can get tiring hearing the same voice repeat the same phrases. (3) A . They will hear common expressions and more everyday conversations in the movie. If they're not sure about something they hear, it can turn into a more formal lesson once back in the classroom.

★ (4) D . Casual (随意的) conversations give learners the chance to hear or use English in situations. They can talk all they want about expressions to use while dining out or informal words to use with friends, but it takes a trip to McDonald's or a picnic in the park for many of those expressions to truly set in.

A. You can let students go to a movie in English.

B. Put them among other English speakers.

- C.They may hate to speak English.
- D.Hear or use English in situations.
- E.They will speak more freely.

(5) How do you learn English? （回答不多于 10 个单词） I often take some notes.

【分析】短文讲了英语的知识可以从书本上学到，但如何在更轻松的环境中学习，文章给出了一些建议。

【解答】细节推理题。

(1) B.根据前句"Communicate with strangers.If you live in an area filled with English speakers, get students out of the classroom.与陌生人交流。如果你居住的地方都是讲英语的人，请让学生走出教室。"可知说的是交流，结合选项，应说把他们和其他说英语的人放在一起。故选 B。

(2) E.根据前句"Fun activities, especially those outside of the classroom, give students a chance to feel relaxed.有趣的活动，尤其是那些课外活动，给学生一个放松的机会。"可知说的是给学生一个机会，结合选项，应说他们将更自由地发言。故选 E。

(3) A.根据前句"Make use of English media （媒体）。"可知利用英语媒体。结合选项，应说你可以让学生去看英语电影。故选 A。

(4)D.根据后句"Casual （随意的）conversations give learners the chance to hear or use English in situations.随意的对话让学习者有机会在不同的情景中听到或使用英语。"可知在不同的情景使用英语，结合选项，应说在情景中听或使用英语。故选 D。

(5) I often take some notes.细节理解题。根据"短文内容和个人情况，"可知我经常做一些笔记。故答案为 I often take some notes.

七、书面表达（本题有 1 小题，共计 20 分）

18.（20 分）上个月，你们班为 Children's Home 的孩子们组织了一次爱心义卖活动。请根据下表信息用英语写一篇短文，向某英语网站投稿，谈谈本次活动和你的体会。

Things you did	Things you've learned
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● hand out notices ● make things like... ● sell the things ● give away the money 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● develop life skill ● ...

注意：

(1) 短文必须包括上表所有信息，可适当增加细节；

(2) 你的体会至少两条;

(3) 词数: 80 - 100;

(4) 短文首句仅供选择使用, 不计入总词数。

参考词汇: 义卖活动 charity sale

短文首句: Last month, our class had a charity sale.

【分析】【高分句型一】

Two days before the sale, we handed out notices to make our sale known by others. 在销售前两天, 我们发出通知, 让别人知道我们的销售情况。不定式作目的状语

【高分句型二】

I think it was a meaningful experience. 我认为这是一次有意义的经历。宾语从句

【解答】Last month, our class had a charity sale. Two days before the sale, we handed out notices to make our sale known by others. (发通知) **【高分句型一】** Then we made different things like food and toys. (做东西)

It was so much fun! When everything was ready, we started to sell the things. (卖东西) To our surprise, all the things were sold out in a short time! At last, we gave away the money we made to Children's Home. (捐钱)

I think it was a meaningful experience. **【高分句型二】** Making things helps develop our life skills. Meanwhile, we can learn how to communicate with others well. Last but not least, helping people makes us happy. (感受)