

2022 年浙江省嘉兴市中考英语试卷

一、完形填空（本题有 15 小题，每题 1 分，共计 15 分）阅读下面短文，然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

1. (15 分) The first time Hank, a two-year-old cat, went out of his yard, he got stuck in a 60-foot-tall tree for five days, with no food or water.

One day last November, when Delores, the (1) _____, returned from a market, she found Hank didn't come in for his lunch. As it got (2) _____, she began to look for him around the house. Then she heard the mew of a cat, (3) _____, and saw Hank on her neighbor's tree. He must have climbed onto the tree while some dogs were running after (4) _____, and became too afraid to climb down.

Delores, now very (5) _____, called the firemen immediately. But it was not easy, as they didn't have a ladder (梯子) tall enough to (6) _____ the cat. She asked a tree company for help. (7) _____, they failed for safety reasons.

The poor owner could do nothing but sit (8) _____ the tree and call to Hank. A kind neighbor offered her some cat food, (9) _____ it would make the hungry cat come down. Nearby dog owners took their pets for (10) _____ instead of letting them out in their yards, so that Hank would not climb even (11) _____ with fear.

Nothing had worked until it came to day five. (12) _____ Lydia, another neighbor, talked of a clever way of getting the cat down from a tree. Delores decided to (13) _____ it at once. Together, they produced a system of pulleys (滑轮) and lifted a (14) _____ with some of Hank's favorite things up to him. To their excitement, Hank jumped into it.

Delores was really thankful. "I feel good living in such a (15) _____ neighborhood. It gave me hope when Hank was in trouble," she said.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| (1) | A. owner | B. visitor | C. sister | D. neighbor |
| (2) | A. cold | B. dark | C. quite | D. dirty |
| (3) | A. ran away | B. turned back | C. fell down | D. looked up |
| (4) | A. it | B. her | C. him | D. them |
| (5) | A. tired | B. worried | C. surprised | D. relaxed |
| (6) | A. feed | B. train | C. reach | D. watch |

- (7) A. Again B. Instead C. Besides D. Anyway
- (8) A. across B. behind C. under D. opposite
- (9) A. expecting B. promising C. realizing D. regretting
- (10) A. help B. safe C. baths D. walks
- (11) A. better B. slower C. higher D. harder
- (12) A. If B. When C. Since D. Before
- (13) A. try B. find C. repair D. change
- (14) A. toy B. fish C. rope D. basket
- (15) A. peaceful B. friendly C. popular D. wealthy



二、阅读理解（本题有 15 小题，每题 2 分，共计 30 分）阅读下面四篇材料，然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

2. (6 分)

Draw your HERO!

Tell us who inspires (鼓舞) you - - and then draw.

And we are giving away prizes worth more than \$ 125 to 11 winners!

Heroes can be different but they all have one thing in common. They inspire us to do better. They could be a creative artist or dancer, a wise scientist or a skillful sports star. And heroes don't have to be famous. They could be someone like a parent, brother, friend or teacher, who quietly goes about making the world a better place.

Whether your hero is known around the world, or is someone closer to home who simply makes you laugh or is kind to you, we can't wait to see your drawings of them and read about who inspires you! See below for instructions on how to enter the competition. Good luck!

How to enter COMPETITION!

Download and print out templates (模板) to draw your picture on by visiting [http :](http://)

[//kidspic.com.au](http://kidspic.com.au). On the blank postcard template, draw a picture of your hero. On the line in the center, tell us who your hero is and how you are inspired.

The competition is open to 1 ~ 3 graders. You can ask your parent to take a photo of your drawing and email it to us at competition@kidspic.com.au. Please send in only ONE picture, and note that it closes on 22 June.

Win fantastic prizes

Each winner will receive a fantastic prize worth more than \$ 125, including:

- ◆ a box of 24 - colored pencils
- ◆ a cool desk set
- ◆ a set of comic books
- ◆ a fine basketball

(1) What do heroes have in common according to the poster? _____

- A. They are clever.
- B. They are brave.
- C. They are famous.
- D. They are inspiring.

(2) What should you do before drawing if you want to enter the competition? _____

- A. Print out the templates.
- B. Take a photo with your hero.
- C. Send in one or two pictures.
- D. Buy a box of 24 - colored pencils.

(3) Who might be most interested in the poster? _____

- A. A cartoon artist.
- B. A computer scientist.
- C. A second - year pupil.
- D. A fifth - grade teacher.



3. (8分) My Olympic volunteering journey started last September. I was excited as I was myself a sports fan and my home country has not hosted a competition like this. It was a great chance for me to both watch and serve the Olympics.

After getting trained through the Internet and spending two weeks in quarantine (隔离), I began to volunteer inside the Wukesong Sports Center. The Center hosted ice hockey games for both men's and women's teams. My job was to guide the audience (观众) to their seats and answer their questions. I was wild with joy to be present and watch my first - ever Olympic games live, on the ice. All the games were interesting, and I watched them whenever my volunteering duties would allow.

In our free time, we had pleasant conversations. It was the best chance for us foreign students to learn more about the Chinese New Year celebrations, and this year, to celebrate it together with our Chinese friends. It was really a big festival. We had special Chinese dishes like dumplings, fish and spring rolls. I also tried to write Chinese characters.

I decided to make the most of the chance and introduce my African and Rwandan customs to other volunteers. I showed to them the real Africa that they had never seen on TV before. From geography to social life, I made them understand more about Africa by giving examples of my hometown. It was a great platform (平台) for us young people to share both our cultures and futures.

As an international volunteer for Beijing 2022, I was given a special experience to help others and more importantly, to learn about the spirit of the Winter Olympic Games. I'll never forget it.

(1) Which was one of the reasons why the writer volunteered in Beijing 2022? _____

- A. He was a fan of sports.
- B. He was free in winter.
- C. He wanted to learn Chinese.
- D. He liked travelling around.

(2) What did the writer's duties as a volunteer include? _____

- A. Guiding the teams to their places.

- B. Cleaning the Center after the games.
- C. Giving out food and water to the players.
- D. Answering questions from the audience.

(3) What does the underlined word "It" refer to in Paragraph 4? _____

- A. The Chinese Spring Festival.
- B. The Beijing Winter Olympics.
- C. The Wukesong Sports Centre.
- D. The Foreign Students' Organization.

(4) Why does the writer write the passage? _____

- A. To share his Olympic volunteering experiences.
- B. To express the strong love for his home country.
- C. To show the spirit of the Winter Olympic Games.
- D. To spread African cultures to the rest of the world.

4. (8分) Smartphones are getting boring. The new models are either a bit faster or have better cameras, but they are basically no different from the ones already in our pockets. This is why scientists are hoping, and working for something new, something that will change our lives just as greatly as smartphones do. At the moment, the next invention might be smart glasses.

Just imagine. Instead of having to pick up your phone and look at the screen, all of the information you need simply appears just in front of you, in your glasses. Satellite navigation (导航) directions would appear right there on the road. And your smart glasses could guide you to the right shelf in the supermarket!

Smart glasses could also be used in industry. They could show engineers the instructions they need to fix things more quickly. A doctor could carry out a difficult operation, guided in real time by someone on the other side of the world.

This may sound impossible. But most of the technologies to invent them are already there. For example, one key technology is called AR, which can make digital 3D objects appear as if they are part of the real world. We've used it a lot on our video calls. Similarly, huge progress has been made in spatial audio. This is when a sound is made to give it a sense of place, like what you hear in an empty room. Some high-end earphones can already do that. Future glasses will of course need to recognize (识别) your voice to do tasks. This technology has been widely used in our daily life.

So, why aren't we all wearing smart glasses yet? So far, no one has invented a good way to send images (映

像) of our world onto glasses. However, with the rapid development of technology, smart glasses could arrive much sooner than we think.

(1) Why does the writer mention smartphones in Paragraph 1? _____

- A. To start a story.
- B. To explain an idea.
- C. To introduce a topic.
- D. To discuss a problem.

(2) What are Paragraphs 2 and 3 mainly about? _____

- A. When smart glasses might be made.
- B. Where smart glasses could be used.
- C. How smart glasses would give directions.
- D. Why smart glasses should be changed.

(3) Which of the following technologies needs to be improved to invent smart glasses? _____

- A. Making spatial audio.
- B. Recognizing voices.
- C. Creating digital 3 D objects.
- D. Sending images onto glasses.

(4) How might the writer feel about the future of smart glasses? _____

- A. Bored.
- B. Confident.
- C. Satisfied.
- D. Uncertain.



5. (8分) When Leon Martin asked for his parents' advice on how to become a UX designer (设计师), they both went silent. "In fact, I had no idea what he was talking about," said Anne, his mother. "I didn't know whether he was talking about designing clothes, computer programs or a fancy brand of bike."

Even when her 18 - year - old son explained that it was something about "behind the scenes" online design, his mother was still a bit lost. "I felt like I had totally failed as a parent, " she said. "My job as a parent is to open doors so my children can achieve their potential (潜力), but how can I do that when I don't even understand what their dreams are? "

_____ Research has found that more than 2/3 of parents in England are now facing the problem that, when their children express interest in new education and job choices, they may know nothing about them. More than 75% of parents feel it is almost impossible to offer their children good advice in such a fast - changing job market.

Michelle Rea did a survey of over 2, 000 parents of secondary school students in England. She found that many parents were afraid their children would just stop talking about their career (职业) plans at home, simply because their mum and dad could hardly follow them. "We all know that parents' opinions and suggestions play an important role in shaping and influencing their children's career dreams, " she said. "But we usually depend much on our own experiences. And things have changed so much since most of us were at school."

Bryony Mathew, writer of the Awesome Career Books, said the world was changing so rapidly that parents should not try to decide on certain careers for their children.

(1) What should a successful parent be able to do according to Anne? _____

- A. Become a great UX designer.
- B. Do an excellent job online.
- C. Develop their children's potential.
- D. Realize their children's dreams.

(2) Which of the following is the best sentence to fill in the blank in Paragraph 3? _____

- A. Anne is not alone.
- B. Anne has bad luck.
- C. This is very strange.
- D. This is very interesting.

(3) What did Michelle Rea's survey mainly show? _____

- A. Most of the parents in England were facing trouble in accepting new jobs.
- B. Parents feared that their children would refuse to share their career dreams.
- C. A lot of parents found it difficult to help their children with their education.

D. Children's career future depended a lot on their parents' working experiences.

(4) What could be the best title for the passage? _____

A. How can children make career choices?

B. How can parents become career advisers?

C. Should children take their parents' career advice?

D. Should parents choose a career for their children?

三、词汇运用(本题有 15 小题, 每题 1 分, 共计 15 分) A.用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空, 每词仅用一次。

6. (5 分)

| | | | | |
|-------|--------|----------|--------|--------|
| above | nearly | relative | review | smooth |
|-------|--------|----------|--------|--------|

(1) Isn't it a pleasure to study and _____ what you have learnt?

(2) It's a tradition for us Chinese to visit our _____ and friends often.

(3) Nowadays electric cars give us a much _____ ride than earlier ones.

(4) Colorful balloons were hanging high _____ the square to celebrate Children's Day.

(5) Wang Yaping gave a science lesson from space to _____ 1, 500 students from five classrooms across China on March 23, 2022.

B.阅读下面短文, 然后根据括号内所给汉语意思写出单词的正确形式(每空一词)。

7. (10 分) Most kids love sweets. Why? When we eat or (1) _____ (喝) sweet foods, the sugar enters our blood and influences our brain. It (2) _____ (留下) good feelings with us, making us want more. In fact, all (3) _____ (美味的) foods do this, but sugar has an especially strong power. That's why doctors (4) _____ (总是) advise us to cut down on sugar.

Early humans often had very little food, so our (5) _____ (身体) learned to store a lot of sugar as fat. In this way, we (6) _____ (节省) energy for when there was no food. But today, most people have more than enough. So it may now be harming our (7) _____ (健康).

It's certain that we need to eat (8) _____ (更少的) sugar. The trouble is that, in today's world, our foods are filled with sugar. Although our (9) _____ (餐) look better, large amounts of sugar are often added. To solve the problem, we should take more exercise, (10) _____ (两次) a week at least. And remember, next time you want some cookies, eat an apple instead.

四、语法填空(本题有 10 小题, 每题 1 分, 共计 10 分) 阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入一个适当的词, 或

填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

8. (10 分) My pen friend is Allison. She is a lovely Australian girl (1) _____ big blue eyes. Like me, Allison loves singing and dancing, (2) _____ we both like travelling to different places for our holidays.


Do you want to know (3) _____ our friendship started? By travelling! Three years ago, I paid a visit to my (4) _____ (uncle) home in Sydney. One Saturday my cousin and I went to the Blue Mountains Scenic World and (5) _____ (meet) Allison on the bus. She was sitting just next to me. At first, we were both a bit shy. We sat (6) _____ (silent) all the way until we got near the foot of the mountains. I was surprised by the amazing views and opened the window (7) _____ (take) photos. That's when Allison turned to (8) _____ (I) and said, "It's beautiful, isn't it?" Then she began to explain why the mountains looked blue.


For the rest of the day, (9) _____ three of us travelled together. We saw many koalas and were happy to see that they (10) _____ (protect) well in the forest. What a great experience! Back home, I started writing to Allison and we've been friends ever since.

五、任务型阅读与表达 (本题有两小节; 第一节有 3 小题, 每题 1 分, 共计 3 分; 第二节有 1 小题, 共计 2 分)

9. (5 分) 阅读以下网页内容, 然后从下面方框中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出符合各部分信息的问句 (其中一项为多余选项), 完成问题。

How to Write like Shakespeare

| | |
|--|--|
| <p>Holly King - Mand is the nation's favourite English teacher. Thousands of students join her free online lessons during the COVID - 19 lockdown. She enjoys both reading Shakespeare's plays and helping her students to learn how to write. Now she is answering her students' questions and offering them some advice.</p> |  <p>William Shakespeare</p> |
| <p>From David: (1) _____</p> <p>Tip 1 Use clever names</p> <p>Well, quite often Shakespeare gives information about what a character is like through their names. For example, lovestruck Romeo's name means a person being romantic and kind</p> | <p>From Sarah: (2) _____</p> <p>Tip 2 Try metaphors (暗喻)</p> <p>Shakespeare was a fan of metaphors. A metaphor is a way of comparing one thing with something else to show ideas, feelings, places</p> |

| | |
|---|--|
| <p>Benvolio can be nice and friendly. Now think what you can call a character who is angry all the time?</p> | <p>and more. In the play <i>As You Like It</i>, he writes, "All the world is a stage (舞台) and all the men and women only players." What do you think he means by comparing the world to a stage?</p> |
| <p>Do you want to write like Shakespeare? Put your question here, or write to Holly at hollyscass@hotmail.com.</p>  | <p>From Steven: (3) _____</p> <p>Tip 3 Make up words</p> <p>Eye-ball. Lonely. Unreal. All these words were made up by Shakespeare. If you have an idea that you can't think of a word for, be like Shakespeare and invent your own. If you want to create words that mean something and may stand the test of time, try creating words like this: breakfast + lunch = brunch. And you can start with making up words for everyday things in your home.</p> |

- A. What's a quick way to understand the characters?
- B. How can I express my ideas and feelings in a lively way?
- C. What's the first thing I have to do if I want to write a play?
- D. What should I do if I can't find a proper word to describe something?

请结合第一节内容，回答下面一个问题。(约 20 词)

(4) Which of Holly's tips is the most helpful to you? Why?



Holly King—Mand

六、书面表达 (本题有 1 小题，共计 15 分)

10. (15 分) 假设你是李华，为营造更好的校园英语氛围，你班决定以学校花园为载体，开展 "Create Our

Outdoor Classroom"项目式学习（COOC Project），经过分组讨论，你们形成了 Plan A 与 Plan B 两个实施方案（见图表）、请你选择其中一个方案，用英语写一篇短文，代表小组在英语拓展课上就你们所选方案的内容和优势进行汇报。

| Create Our Outdoor Classroom | |
|--|---|
| <div><div>COOC Project</div><div><div>A. Naming the plants in English</div><div>do a survey<ul style="list-style-type: none">surf the internet...</div><div>design more cards<ul style="list-style-type: none">describe...</div></div><div><div>B. Creating an English corner</div><div>choose an area<ul style="list-style-type: none">decorate(装饰)...</div><div>Make rules<ul style="list-style-type: none">take care of things...</div></div></div> | |
| <div>Advantages</div> <div>◆ improve our English</div> <div>◆ ...</div> <div>On the right is a map of the school garden.</div> | <div><div>N</div><div><div>Trees</div><div>Sports Area</div><div>Pond</div><div>Grassland</div><div>Flowers</div></div></div> |

注意：

- （1）短文必须包含表中你所选方案的所有信息，并适当发挥。
- （2）文中不得出现与你身份相关的信息。
- （3）词数：80~100，短文开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear classmates, I'm very proud to share our plan with you today.The plan we choose is _____.

That's all.Thank you!

2022 年浙江省嘉兴市中考英语试卷

参考答案与试题解析

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1. (15 分) The first time Hank, a two - year - old cat, went out of his yard, he got stuck in a 60 - foot - tall tree for five days, with no food or water.

One day last November, when Delores, the (1) A, returned from a market, she found Hank didn't come in for his lunch. As it got (2) B, she began to look for him around the house. Then she heard the mew of a cat, (3) D, and saw Hank on her neighbor's tree. He must climbed onto the tree while some dogs were running after (4) C, and became too afraid to climb down.

Delores, now very (5) B, called the firemen immediately. But it was not easy, as they didn't have a ladder (梯子) tall enough to (6) C the cat. She asked a tree company for help them. (7) A, they failed for safety reasons.

The poor owner could do nothing but sit (8) C the tree and call to Hank. A kind neighbor offered her some cat food, (9) A it would make the hungry cat come down. Nearby dog owners took their pets for (10) D instead of letting them out in their yards, so that Hank would not climb even (11) C with fear.

Nothing had worked until it came to day five. (12) B Lydia, another neighbor, talked of a clever way of getting the cat down from a tree. Delores decided to (13) A it at once. Together, they produced a system of pulleys (滑轮) and lifted a (14) D with some of Hank's favorite things up to him. To their excitement, Hank jumped into it.

Delores was really thankful. "I feel good living in such a (15) B neighborhood. It gave me hope when Hank was in trouble," she said.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| (1) | A. owner | B. visitor | C. sister | D. neighbor |
| (2) | A. cold | B. dark | C. quite | D. dirty |
| (3) | A. ran away | B. turned back | C. fell down | D. looked up |
| (4) | A. it | B. her | C. him | D. them |
| (5) | A. tired | B. worried | C. surprised | D. relaxed |

- (6) A. feed B. train C. reach D. watch
- (7) A. Again B. Instead C. Besides D. Anyway
- (8) A. across B. behind C. under D. opposite
- (9) A. expecting B. promising C. realizing D. regretting
- (10) A. help B. safe C. baths D. walks
- (11) A. better B. slower C. higher D. harder
- (12) A. If B. When C. Since D. Before
- (13) A. try B. find C. repair D. change
- (14) A. toy B. fish C. rope D. basket
- (15) A. peaceful B. friendly C. popular D. wealthy



【分析】文章介绍了 Delores 的猫被困在了树上，后来在邻居的建议下救下来的故事。

【解答】(1) 考查名词。A 主人，B 游人，C 姐妹，D 邻居，根据下文 The poor owner (可怜的主人) 可知是猫的主人，故选 A。

(2) 考查形容词。A 冷的，B 黑暗的，C 安静的，D 脏的，根据 she found Hank didn't come in for his lunch (她发现 Hank 没来吃午饭) 可知天变黑了，故选 B。

(3) 考查短语。A 跑掉了，B 调头，C 跌倒，D 向上看，根据 and saw Hank on her neighbor's tree. (看到 Hank 在她邻居的树上。) 可知抬头看，故选 D。

(4) 考查代词。A 它，B 她，C 他，D 他们，根据 He must climbed onto the tree (他必须爬到树上) 可知狗在他后面追他，故选 C。

(5) 考查形容词。A 累的，B 担心的，C 惊讶的，D 放松的，根据 called the firemen immediately. (立即呼叫消防队员。) 可知非常担心，故选 B。

(6) 考查动词。A 喂，B 训练，C 到达，D 观看，根据 they didn't have a ladder (梯子) tall enough (他们没有足够高的梯子) 可知到达不到猫那儿，故选 C。

(7) 考查副词。A 再次，B 反而，C 除...之外，D 无论如何，根据上文但这并不容易，因为他们没有足

够高的梯子够到猫。可知他们再次因为安全问题失败了，故选 A。

(8) 考查介词。A 穿过，B 在...后面，C 在...下面，D 对面，根据 The poor owner could do nothing (可怜的主人无能为力) 可知只能坐在树下，故选 C。

(9) 考查动词。A 期待，B 承诺，C 意识到，D 后悔，根据 A kind neighbor offered her some cat food (一位好心的邻居给了她一些猫粮) 可知期待猫下来，故选 A。

(10) 考查名词。A 帮助，B 安全，C 洗浴，D 散步，根据 instead of letting them out in their yards (而不是把他们放在院子里) 可知附近的狗主人带着宠物散步，故选 D。

(11) 考查形容词。A 更好的，B 更慢的，C 更高的，D 更难，根据上句附近的狗主人带着宠物散步，而不是把他们放在院子里，可知这样 Hank 就不会因为害怕而爬得更高了，故选 C。

(12) 考查连词。A 如果，B 当...时，C 由于，D 在...之前，根据语境：当另一位邻居莉迪亚谈到一种聪明的方法把猫从树上弄下来时，Delores 想马上试一下，可知 when 引导的时间状语从句，故选 B。

(13) 考查动词。A 尝试，B 发现，C 修理，D 改变，根据 talked of a clever way of getting the cat down from a tree. (谈到了一种聪明的方法把猫从树上弄下来。) 可知想马上试一下，故选 A。

(14) 考查名词。A 玩具，B 鱼，C 绳子，D 篮子，根据下文 Hank jumped into it. (Hank 跳了进去。) 可知应该是篮子，故选 D。

(15) 考查形容词。A 平静的，B 友好的，C 流行的，D 有财富的，根据上文当另一位邻居莉迪亚谈到一种聪明的方法把猫从树上弄下来时，Delores 想马上试一下，最后猫下来了，可知住在这样友好的社区我感觉很好。故选 B。

二、阅读理解 (本题有 15 小题，每题 2 分，共计 30 分) 阅读下面四篇材料，然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

2. (6 分)

Draw your HERO!

Tell us who inspires (鼓舞) you - - and then draw.

And we are giving away prizes worth more than \$ 125 to 11 winners!

Heroes can be different but they all have one thing in common. They inspire us to do better. They could be a creative artist or dancer, a wise scientist or a skillful sports star. And heroes don't have to be famous. They could be someone like a parent, brother, friend or teacher, who quietly goes about making the world a better place.

Whether your hero is known around the world, or is someone closer to home who simply makes you

laugh or is kind to you, we can't wait to see your drawings of them and read about who inspires you! See below for instructions on how to enter the competition. Good luck!

How to enter COMPETITION!

Download and print out templates (模板) to draw your picture on by visiting <http://kidspic.com.au>. On the blank postcard template, draw a picture of your hero. On the line in the center, tell us who your hero is and how you are inspired.

The competition is open to 1~3 graders. You can ask your parent to take a photo of your drawing and email it to us at competition@kidspic.com.au. Please send in only ONE picture, and note that it closes on 22 June.

Win fantastic prizes

Each winner will receive a fantastic prize worth more than \$125, including:

- ◆ a box of 24 - colored pencils
- ◆ a cool desk set
- ◆ a set of comic books
- ◆ a fine basketball

(1) What do heroes have in common according to the poster? D

- A. They are clever.
- B. They are brave.
- C. They are famous.
- D. They are inspiring.

(2) What should you do before drawing if you want to enter the competition? A

- A. Print out the templates.
- B. Take a photo with your hero.
- C. Send in one or two pictures.
- D. Buy a box of 24 - colored pencils.

(3) Who might be most interested in the poster? C

- A. A cartoon artist.
- B. A computer scientist.
- C. A second - year pupil.

D. A fifth - grade teacher.



【分析】本文是一则关于画画比赛的广告。

【解答】（1）细节理解题。根据 Draw your HERO! Tell us who inspires（鼓舞）you - - and then draw.（画你的英雄！告诉我们谁鼓舞你——然后画下来）可知根据海报，英雄们的共同点是他们是令人鼓舞的。故选 D。

（2）细节理解题。根据 How to enter COMPETITION! Download and print out templates（模板）to draw your picture on by visiting <http://kidspic.com.au>.（如何参加比赛！访问 <http://kidspic.com.au> 下载并打印模板来绘制你的画。）可知如果你想参加比赛，在画画之前应该打印模板。故选 A。

（3）细节理解题。根据 The competition is open to 1~3 graders.（本次比赛面向 1~3 年级学生开放。）可知 2 年级的学生可能对比赛最感兴趣。故选 C。

3.（8 分）My Olympic volunteering journey started last September. I was excited as I was myself a sports fan and my home country has not hosted a competition like this. It was a great chance for me to both watch and serve the Olympics.

After getting trained through the Internet and spending two weeks in quarantine（隔离），I began to volunteer inside the Wukesong Sports Center. The Center hosted ice hockey games for both men's and women's teams. My job was to guide the audience（观众）to their seats and answer their questions. I was wild with joy to be present and watch my first - ever Olympic games live，on the ice. All the games were interesting，and I watched them whenever my volunteering duties would allow.

In our free time，we had pleasant conversations. It was the best chance for us foreign students to learn more about the Chinese New Year celebrations，and this year，to celebrate it together with our Chinese friends. It was really a big festival. We had special Chinese dishes like dumplings，fish and spring rolls. I also tried to write Chinese characters.

I decided to make the most of the chance and introduce my African and Rwandan customs to other volunteers. I showed to them the real Africa that they had never seen on TV before. From geography to social life，I made them understand more about Africa by giving examples of my hometown. It was a great platform（平台）for us young people to share both our cultures and futures.

As an international volunteer for Beijing 2022, I was given a special experience to help others and more importantly, to learn about the spirit of the Winter Olympic Games. I'll never forget it.

(1) Which was one of the reasons why the writer volunteered in Beijing 2022? A

- A. He was a fan of sports.
- B. He was free in winter.
- C. He wanted to learn Chinese.
- D. He liked travelling around.

(2) What did the writer's duties as a volunteer include? D

- A. Guiding the teams to their places.
- B. Cleaning the Center after the games.
- C. Giving out food and water to the players.
- D. Answering questions from the audience.

(3) What does the underlined word "It" refer to in Paragraph 4? B

- A. The Chinese Spring Festival.
- B. The Beijing Winter Olympics.
- C. The Wukesong Sports Centre.
- D. The Foreign Students' Organization.

(4) Why does the writer write the passage? A

- A. To share his Olympic volunteering experiences.
- B. To express the strong love for his home country.
- C. To show the spirit of the Winter Olympic Games.
- D. To spread African cultures to the rest of the world.

【分析】本文是一篇记叙文，作者分享了自己在北京冬奥会担任志愿者的经历。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据 I was excited as I was myself a sports fan and my home country has not hosted a competition like this. (我很兴奋，因为我自己就是一个体育迷，我的祖国还没有举办过这样的比赛。) 可知作者自愿参加北京 2022 的原因之一是他是个体育迷。故选 A。

(2) 细节理解题。根据 My job was to guide the audience (观众) to their seats and answer their questions. (我的工作是引导观众到他们的座位上并回答他们的问题。) 可知作者作为一名志愿者的职责包括回答观众的问题。故选 D。

(3)代词指代题。通读全文以及 It was a great platform (平台) for us young people to share both our cultures and futures. (这是一个很好的平台, 让我们年轻人分享我们的文化和未来。) 可知作者是冬奥会志愿者, 负责回答观众的问题, 所以作者会和外国人相互交流, 因此 It 指代北京冬奥会。故选 B。

(4)写作意图题。根据 As an international volunteer for Beijing 2022, I was given a special experience to help others and more importantly, to learn about the spirit of the Winter Olympic Games. I'll never forget it. (作为北京 2022 的国际志愿者, 我获得了帮助他人的特殊经历, 更重要的是, 我了解了冬奥会的精神, 我永远不会忘记。) 可知作者写作目的是分享他冬奥会的志愿经历。故选 A。

4. (8 分) Smartphones are getting boring. The new models are either a bit faster or have better cameras, but they are basically no different from the ones already in our pockets. This is why scientists are hoping, and working for something new, something that will change our lives just as greatly as smartphones do. At the moment, the next invention might be smart glasses.

Just imagine. Instead of having to pick up your phone and look at the screen, all of the information you need simply appears just in front of you, in your glasses. Satellite navigation (导航) directions would appear right there on the road. And your smart glasses could guide you to the right shelf in the supermarket!

Smart glasses could also be used in industry. They could show engineers the instructions they need to fix things more quickly. A doctor could carry out a difficult operation, guided in real time by someone on the other side of the world.

This may sound impossible. But most of the technologies to invent them are already there. For example, one key technology is called AR, which can make digital 3 D objects appear as if they are part of the real world. We've used it a lot on our video calls. Similarly, huge progress has been made in spatial audio. This is when a sound is made to give it a sense of place, like what you hear in an empty room. Some high - end earphones can already do that. Future glasses will of course need to recognize (识别) your voice to do tasks. This technology has been widely used in our daily life.

So, why aren't we all wearing smart glasses yet? So far, no one has invented a good way to send images (映像) of our world onto glasses. However, with the rapid development of technology, smart glasses could arrive much sooner than we think.

(1) Why does the writer mention smartphones in Paragraph 1? C

A. To start a story.

B. To explain an idea.

C. To introduce a topic.

D. To discuss a problem.

(2) What are Paragraphs 2 and 3 mainly about? B

A. When smart glasses might be made.

B. Where smart glasses could be used.

C. How smart glasses would give directions.

D. Why smart glasses should be changed.

(3) Which of the following technologies needs to be improved to invent smart glasses? D

A. Making spatial audio.

B. Recognizing voices.

C. Creating digital 3 D objects.

D. Sending images onto glasses.

(4) How might the writer feel about the future of smart glasses? B

A. Bored.

B. Confident.

C. Satisfied.

D. Uncertain.



【分析】 本文主要介绍了随着科技的飞速发展，智能眼镜可能会很快进入到我们的生活。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第一段 Smartphones are getting boring. The new models are either a bit faster or have better cameras, but they are basically no different from the ones already in our pockets. This is why scientists are hoping, and working for something new, something that will change our lives just as greatly as smartphones do. At the moment, the next invention might be smart glasses. (智能手机越来越无聊了。新机型要么速度快一点，要么有更好的摄像头，但它们基本上与我们口袋里的没有什么不同。这就是为什么科学家们希望并致力于一些新的东西，这些东西将像智能手机一样极大地改变我们的生活。目前，下一项发明可能是智能眼镜。) 可知作者在第 1 段中提到智能手机，引出主题。故选 C。

(2) 段落大意题。根据第二、三段 Satellite navigation (导航) directions would appear right there on the

road.And your smart glasses could guide you to the right shelf in the supermarket!Smart glasses could also be used in industry.They could show engineers the instructions they need to fix things more quickly.A doctor could carry out a difficult operation, guided in real time by someone on the other side of the world. (卫星导航道路上就会出现指示。你的智能眼镜可以引导你找到超市的正确货架!智能眼镜也可用于工业。他们可以向工程师展示他们需要的指示,以便更快地修复问题。医生可以在世界另一端的人的实时指导下进行困难的手术。)可知第2段和第3段的主要内容是可以使用智能眼镜的地方。故选B。

(3) 细节理解题。根据最后一段 So far, no one has invented a good way to send images of our world onto glasses. (目前为止,还没有人发明一种发送图像的好方法在眼镜上。)可知发明智能眼镜需要改进将图像发送到眼镜上这项技术。故选D。

(4) 细节理解题。根据最后一段 However, with the rapid development of technology, smart glasses could arrive much sooner than we think. (然而,随着科技的飞速发展,智能眼镜的出现可能比我们想象的要快得多。)可知作者对智能眼镜的未来是自信的。故选B。

5. (8分) When Leon Martin asked for his parents' advice on how to become a UX designer (设计师), they both went silent."In fact, I had no idea what he was talking about, " said Anne, his mother."I didn't know whether he was talking about designing clothes, computer programs or a fancy brand of bike."

Even when her 18 - year - old son explained that it was something about "behind the scenes" online design, his mother was still a bit lost. "I felt like I had totally failed as a parent, " she said. "My job as a parent is to open doors so my children can achieve their potential (潜力), but how can I do that when I don't even understand what their dreams are? "

_____ Research has found that more than 2/3 of parents in England are now facing the problem that, when their children express interest in new education and job choices, they may know nothing about them.More than 75% of parents feel it is almost impossible to offer their children good advice in such a fast - changing job market.

Michelle Rea did a survey of over 2, 000 parents of secondary school students in England.She found that many parents were afraid their children would just stop talking about their career (职业) plans at home, simply because their mum and dad could hardly follow them."We all know that parents' opinions and suggestions play an important role in shaping and influencing their children's career dreams, " she said. "But we usually depend much on our own experiences.And things have changed so much since most of us were at school."

Bryony Mathew, writer of the Awesome Career Books, said the world was changing so rapidly that parents should not try to decide on certain careers for their children.

(1) What should a successful parent be able to do according to Anne? C

- A. Become a great UX designer.
- B. Do an excellent job online.
- C. Develop their children's potential.
- D. Realize their children's dreams.

(2) Which of the following is the best sentence to fill in the blank in Paragraph 3? A

- A. Anne is not alone.
- B. Anne has bad luck.
- C. This is very strange.
- D. This is very interesting.

(3) What did Michelle Rea's survey mainly show? B

- A. Most of the parents in England were facing trouble in accepting new jobs.
- B. Parents feared that their children would refuse to share their career dreams.
- C. A lot of parents found it difficult to help their children with their education.
- D. Children's career future depended a lot on their parents' working experiences.

(4) What could be the best title for the passage? D

- A. How can children make career choices?
- B. How can parents become career advisers?
- C. Should children take their parents' career advice?
- D. Should parents choose a career for their children?

【分析】 本文主要论述了世界变化如此之快，家长们不应该试图为孩子们决定某些职业。

【解答】 (1) 细节理解题。根据第二段 My job as a parent is to open doors so my children can achieve their potential (作为家长，我的工作是为孩子打开大门，让我的孩子发挥他们的潜力。)可知安妮认为，一个成功的父母应该开发孩子的潜力。故选 C。

(2) 细节理解题。根据第三段 Research has found that more than 2/3 of parents in England are now facing the problem that, when their children express interest in new education and job choices, they may know nothing about them. More than 75% of parents feel it is almost impossible to offer their children good advice in such a fast - changing job market. (研究发现，英国超过三分之二的家长现在面临这样一个问题：当他们的孩子对新教育和工作选择表示兴趣时，他们可能对自己一无所知。超过 75% 的家长认为，在如此快速变化的

就业市场中，几乎不可能为孩子提供好的建议。）可知横线处填"安妮并不孤单。"故选 A。

(3) 细节理解题。根据第四段 Michelle Rea did a survey of over 2, 000 parents of secondary school students in England. She found that many parents were afraid their children would just stop talking about their career plans at home, simply because their mum and dad could hardly follow them. (米歇尔·雷亚对英国 2000 多名中学生家长进行了调查。她发现许多父母担心他们的孩子会停止谈论他们的职业，家里的计划，仅仅是因为他们的父母很难遵循。) 可知父母担心他们的孩子会拒绝分享他们的职业梦想。故选 B。

(4) 最佳标题题。根据最后一段 Bryony Mathew, writer of the Awesome Career Books, said the world was changing so rapidly that parents should not try to decide on certain careers for their children. (《了不起的职业书籍》的作者布莱尼·马修 (Bryony Mathew) 表示，世界变化如此之快，家长们不应该试图为孩子们决定某些职业。) 可知本文最佳标题是"父母应该为孩子选择职业吗"。故选 D。

三、词汇运用 (本题有 15 小题，每题 1 分，共计 15 分) A. 用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空，每词仅用一次。

6. (5 分)

| | | | | |
|-------|--------|----------|--------|--------|
| above | nearly | relative | review | smooth |
|-------|--------|----------|--------|--------|

(1) Isn't it a pleasure to study and review what you have learnt?

(2) It's a tradition for us Chinese to visit our relatives and friends often.

(3) Nowadays electric cars give us a much smoother ride than earlier ones.

(4) Colorful balloons were hanging high above the square to celebrate Children's Day.

(5) Wang Yaping gave a science lesson from space to nearly 1, 500 students from five classrooms across China on March 23, 2022.

【分析】(1) 学习和复习你所学的东西难道不是一种乐趣吗?

(2) 我们中国人的传统是经常拜访亲戚朋友。

(3) 如今，电动汽车比早期行驶得要平稳得多。

(4) 广场上方高悬着五颜六色的气球以庆祝儿童节。

(5) 2022 年 3 月 23 日，王亚平为来自中国五个教室的近 1500 名学生上了一堂太空科学课。

【解答】(1) 考查动词。句意：学习和复习你所学的东西难道不是一种乐趣吗？review 复习，to+动词原形，故填 review。

(2) 考查名词。句意：我们中国人的传统是经常拜访亲戚朋友。relative 亲戚，这里表示泛指，故填 relatives。

(3) 考查形容词。句意：如今，电动汽车比早期行驶得要平稳得多。than 前面要用比较级，much 用在比较级前加强程度，故填 smoother。

(4) 考查介词。句意：广场上方高悬着五颜六色的气球以庆祝儿童节。above 在...上，故填 above。

(5) 考查副词。句意：2022 年 3 月 23 日，王亚平为来自中国五个教室的近 1500 名学生上了一堂太空科学课。nearly 几乎，故填 nearly。

B. 阅读下面短文，然后根据括号内所给汉语意思写出单词的正确形式（每空一词）。

7. (10 分) Most kids love sweets. Why? When we eat or (1) drink (喝) sweet foods, the sugar enters our blood and influences our brain. It (2) leaves (留下) good feelings with us, making us want more. In fact, all (3) delicious (美味的) foods do this, but sugar has an especially strong power. That's why doctors (4) always (总是) advise us to cut down on sugar.

Early humans often had very little food, so our (5) bodies (身体) learned to store a lot of sugar as fat. In this way, we (6) saved (节省) energy for when there was no food. But today, most people have more than enough. So it may now be harming our (7) health (健康).

It's certain that we need to eat (8) less (更少的) sugar. The trouble is that, in today's world, our foods are filled with sugar. Although our (9) meals (餐) look better, large amounts of sugar are often added. To solve the problem, we should take more exercise, (10) twice (两次) a week at least. And remember, next time you want some cookies, eat an apple instead.

【分析】 本文主要讲了摄入糖分太多的危害以及如何解决这个问题。

【解答】 (1) 考查动词原形。句意：当我们吃或喝甜食时，糖进入我们的血液并影响我们的大脑。根据汉语意思写出单词 drink，一般现在时中 we 后谓语动词用原形。故答案为 drink。

(2) 考查动词的第三人称单数形式。句意：它给我们留下了美好的感觉，让我们想要更多。根据汉语意思写出单词 leave，一般现在时中 it 后谓语动词用第三人称单数形式。故答案为 leaves。

(3) 考查形容词。句意：事实上，所有美味的食物都会这样，但糖有一个特别强的力量。根据汉语意思写出单词 delicious，用形容词修饰名词。故答案为 delicious。

(4) 考查副词。句意：这就是为什么医生总是建议我们少吃糖。根据汉语意思写出单词 always。故答案为 always。

(5) 考查名词。句意：早期人类通常只有很少的食物，所以我们的身体学会了以脂肪的形式储存大量的糖。根据汉语意思写出单词 body，用可数名词复数表示类别。故答案为 bodies。

(6) 考查动词过去式。句意：这样，我们为没有食物时节省了能量。根据汉语意思写出单词 save，根据 was 判断时态为一般过去时，谓语动词用过去式。故答案为 saved。

(7) 考查名词。句意：所以现在它可能正在损害我们的健康。根据汉语意思写出单词 **health**, **our** 后跟名词。故答案为 **health**。

(8) 考查形容词比较级。句意：我们需要少吃糖，这是肯定的。根据汉语意思写出单词 **less**，修饰不可数名词。故答案为 **less**。

(9) 考查名词。句意：虽然我们的餐食看起来更好，但经常添加大量的糖。根据汉语意思写出单词 **meal**，用可数名词复数表示类别。故答案为 **meals**。

(10) 考查副词。句意：为了解决这个问题，我们应该多锻炼身体，每周至少锻炼两次。根据汉语意思写出单词 **twice**。故答案为 **twice**。

四、语法填空（本题有 10 小题，每题 1 分，共计 10 分） 阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的词，或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

8. (10 分) My pen friend is Allison. She is a lovely Australian girl (1) with big blue eyes. Like me, Allison loves singing and dancing, (2) and we both like travelling to different places for our holidays.

Do you want to know (3) how our friendship started? By travelling! Three years ago, I paid a visit to my (4) uncle's (uncle) home in Sydney. One Saturday my cousin and I went to the Blue Mountains Scenic World and (5) met (meet) Allison on the bus. She was sitting just next to me. At first, we were both a bit shy. We sat (6) silently (silent) all the way until we got near the foot of the mountains. I was surprised by the amazing views and opened the window (7) to take (take) photos. That's when Allison turned to (8) me (I) and said, "It's beautiful, isn't it?" Then she began to explain why the mountains looked blue.

For the rest of the day, (9) the three of us travelled together. We saw many koalas and were happy to see that they (10) were protected (protect) well in the forest. What a great experience! Back home, I started writing to Allison and we've been friends ever since.

【分析】 本文主要讲了作者和笔友 Allison 的友谊是如何开始的？

【解答】 (1) 考查介词。句意：她是一个可爱的澳大利亚女孩，有一双蓝色的大眼睛。**with** "有"符合题意，用介词作状语。故答案为 **with**。

(2) 考查连词。句意：和我一样，艾利森喜欢唱歌和跳舞，我们都喜欢去不同的地方旅游度假。**and** 表示并列。故答案为 **and**。

(3) 考查连接副词。句意：你想知道我们的友谊是如何开始的吗？**how** "如何"符合题意。故答案为 **how**。

(4) 考查名词所有格。句意：三年前，我拜访了我叔叔在悉尼的家。**home** 为名词，前用名词所有格表示所属。故答案为 **uncle's**。

(5) 考查动词过去式。句意：一个星期六，我和表弟去蓝山风景区，在公共汽车上遇到了艾利森。一

般过去时中谓语动词用过去式。故答案为 met。

(6) 考查副词。句意：我们一路沉默地坐着，直到接近山脚下。sit 为实义动词，用副词修饰。故答案为 silently。

(7) 考查动词不定式。句意：我被这惊人的景色惊呆了，打开窗户拍照。用动词不定式表示目的。故答案为 to take。

(8) 考查人称代词宾格。句意：就在这时，艾利森转向我说："它很漂亮，不是吗？"动词短语后人称代词用宾格。故答案为 me。


(9) 考查定冠词。句意：那天剩下的时间，我们三个人一起旅行。用定冠词 the 表示特指。故答案为 the。


(10) 考查被动语态。句意：我们看到了许多考拉，很高兴看到它们在森林里受到很好的保护，判断用被动语态，一般过去时中名词复数后谓语动词为 were done 的形式。故答案为 were protected。

五、任务型阅读与表达（本题有两小节；第一节有 3 小题，每题 1 分，共计 3 分；第二节有 1 小题，共计 2 分）

9.（5 分）阅读以下网页内容，然后从下面方框中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出符合各部分信息的问句（其中一项为多余选项），完成问题。

How to Write like Shakespeare

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| <p>Holly King - Mand is the nation's favourite English teacher.Thousands of students join her free online lessons during the COVID - 19 lockdown.She enjoys both reading Shakespeare's plays and helping her students to learn how to write.Now she is answering her students' questions and offering them some advice.</p> |  <p>William Shakespeare</p> |
| <p>From David: (1) <u> A </u></p> <p>Tip 1 Use clever names</p> <p>Well, quite often Shakespeare gives information about what a character is like through their names.For example, lovestruck Romeo's name means a person being romantic and kind Benvolio can be nice and friendly.Now think what you can call a character who is angry all the time?</p> | <p>From Sarah: (2) <u> B </u></p> <p>Tip 2 Try metaphors（暗喻）</p> <p>Shakespeare was a fan of metaphors.A metaphor is a way of comparing one thing with something else to show ideas, feelings, places and more.In the play As You Like It, he writes, "All the world is a stage（舞台）and all the men</p> |

| | |
|--|---|
| | and women only players." What do you think he means by comparing the world to a stage? |
| <p>Do you want to write like Shakespeare? Put your question here, or write to Holly at hollyclass@hotmail.com.</p>  | <p>From Steven: (3) <u>D</u></p> <p>Tip 3 Make up words</p> <p>Eyeball.Lonely.Unreal.All these words were made up by Shakespeare.If you have an idea that you can't think of a word for , be like Shakespeare and invent your own.If you want to create words that mean something and may stand the test of time , try creating words like this: breakfast +lunch = brunch.And you can start with making up words for everyday things in your home.</p> |

- A.What's a quick way to understand the characters?
- B.How can I express my ideas and feelings in a lively way?
- C.What's the first thing I have to do if I want to write a play?
- D.What should I do if I can't find a proper word to describe something?

请结合第一节内容，回答下面一个问题。（约 20 词）

(4) Which of Holly's tips is the most helpful to you? Why?

The second tip is the most helpful , as it's a lively way to use metaphors to show my ideas and feeling.



Holly King—Mand

【分析】Holly King - Mand 是美国最受欢迎的英语老师。在 2019 冠状病毒疾病封锁期间，数千名学生加入了她的免费在线课程。她既喜欢阅读莎士比亚的戏剧，也喜欢帮助学生学习写作。文章是她回答了学生们关于如何写作的问题，并给他们一些建议。

【解答】推理判断题。

(1) 根据 Tip 1 Use clever names. Well, quite often Shakespeare gives information about what a character is like through their names. For example, lovestruck Romeo's name means a person being romantic and kind. Benvolio can be nice and friendly. Now think what you can call a character who is angry all the time? (技巧 1 使用聪明的名字。嗯, 莎士比亚经常通过他们的名字来提供关于一个角色的信息。例如, 坠入爱河的罗密欧的名字意味着一个浪漫和善的人。本沃里奥可能是善良友好的。现在想想你能称之为一个总是生气的角色吗?) 可知技巧 1 说的是了解角色的方法, 结合选项应说了解人物的快速方法是什么。故选 A。

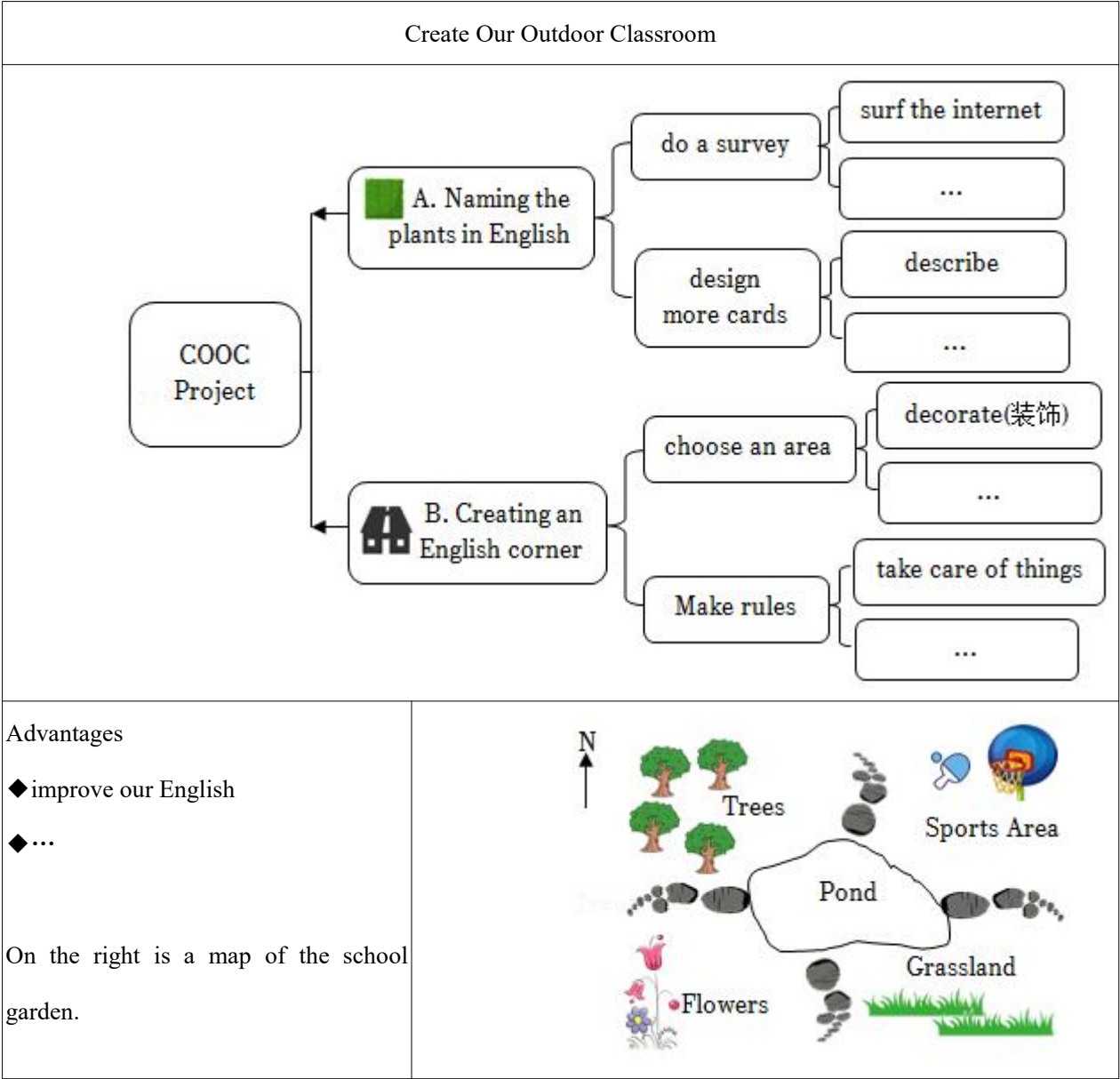
(2) 根据 Tip 2 Try metaphors (暗喻). Shakespeare was a fan of metaphors. A metaphor is a way of comparing one thing with something else to show ideas, feelings, places and more. In the play As You Like It, he writes, "All the world is a stage (舞台) and all the men and women only players." What do you think he means by comparing the world to a stage? (技巧 2 尝试隐喻。莎士比亚是隐喻迷。隐喻是一种将一件事与另一件事进行比较的方式, 以表示想法、感觉、地点等。在这出《皆大欢喜》的戏里, 他写道: "整个世界都是一个舞台, 所有的男人和女人都是演员。" 你认为他把世界比作一个舞台是什么意思?) 可知技巧 2 说的是运用隐喻表达想法、感觉、地点等, 结合选项应说我怎样才能生动地表达我的想法和感受。故选 B。

(3) 根据 Tip 3 Make up words. Eyeball. Lonely. Unreal. All these words were made up by Shakespeare. If you have an idea that you can't think of a word for, be like Shakespeare and invent your own. If you want to create words that mean something and may stand the test of time, try creating words like this: breakfast + lunch = brunch. And you can start with making up words for everyday things in your home. (技巧 3 造词。眼球。孤独的不真实的。所有这些话都是莎士比亚编造的。如果你有一个连一个词都想不出来的想法, 那就像莎士比亚一样, 创造自己的想法。如果你想创造一些有意义的词, 并且可能经得起时间的考验, 试着创造这样的词: 早餐+午餐=早午餐。你可以从为家里的日常生活编造单词开始。) 可知, 技巧 3 说的是创造一些有意义的词, 结合选项应说如果我找不到合适的词来描述某事, 我该怎么办? 故选 D。

(4) 主观表达题。根据 Tip 2 Try metaphors (暗喻). Shakespeare was a fan of metaphors. A metaphor is a way of comparing one thing with something else to show ideas, feelings, places and more. In the play As You Like It, he writes, "All the world is a stage (舞台) and all the men and women only players." What do you think he means by comparing the world to a stage? (技巧 2 尝试隐喻。莎士比亚是隐喻迷。隐喻是一种将一件事与另一件事进行比较的方式, 以表示想法、感觉、地点等。在这出你喜欢的戏里, 他写道: "整个世界都是一个舞台, 所有的男人和女人都是演员。" 你认为他把世界比作一个舞台是什么意思?) 所以我认为 Holly 的第二条建议最有帮助, 因为这是一种生动的方式, 可以用隐喻来表达我的想法和感受。故填 The second tip is the most helpful, as it's a lively way to use metaphors to show my ideas and feeling.

六、书面表达（本题有 1 小题，共计 15 分）

10.（15 分）假设你是李华，为营造更好的校园英语氛围，你班决定以学校花园为载体，开展"Create Our Outdoor Classroom"项目式学习（COOC Project），经过分组讨论，你们形成了 Plan A 与 Plan B 两个实施方案（见图表）、请你选择其中一个方案，用英语写一篇短文，代表小组在英语拓展课上就你们所选方案的内容和优势进行汇报。



注意：

- （1）短文必须包含表中你所选方案的所有信息，并适当发挥。
- （2）文中不得出现与你身份相关的信息。
- （3）词数：80~100，短文开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear classmates, I'm very proud to share our plan with you today.The plan we choose is _____.

That's all.Thank you!

【分析】【高分句型一】

For example, we need to take care of things, and of course, speak English only.例如, 我们需要处理事情, 当然, 我们只会说英语。For example 例如。

【高分句型二】

I'm sure this corner will become a popular place for us to improve our spoken English, and make more friends as well.我相信这个角落将成为我们提高英语口语, 结交更多朋友的热门场所。I'm sure + 宾语从句。

【解答】 Dear classmates, I'm very proud to share our plan with you today.The plan we choose is creating an English corner.

The first thing we'll do is to choose an area for it.As you see in the map, the grassland makes a good choice.We'll decorate it with several tables and chairs, so that we can have comfortable talks.A shelf of English books and magazines will also be put there.Then we're going to make some rules.For example, we need to take care of things, and of course, speak English only. **【高分句型一】**

I'm sure this corner will become a popular place for us to improve our spoken English, and make more friends as well. **【高分句型二】**

That's all.Thank you!