

2023 年浙江省嘉兴市中考英语试卷

一、完形填空 阅读下面短文，然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

1. (15 分) On her way to school, Amber Williams found a penny (一分钱) on the ground. "See, a penny, pick it up. All day long, you'll be (1) _____." Remembering the song, she quickly picked it up.

"I've never seen you smile so big, Amber." She (2) _____ and saw Bella, the most popular girl in her class. They'd hardly spoken before, although they lived on the same (3) _____. "Was it because of the penny?" she thought.

Over the next few hours, Amber had the best time ever. She got the (4) _____ answer in the math class. She found a five-dollar bill in her backpack. The most (5) _____ moment came as she got a full mark in the history test. Mr. Smith praised her in class and everyone was (6) _____ for her.

"That's it. I'll go nowhere without this penny," she decided.

Things kept going (7) _____ until school was over. Amber found the penny gone. She checked her backpack and then all her pockets. (8) _____ was not there. Sitting at her desk, she felt like she was going to (9) _____.

A hand suddenly appeared in front of her face. "Are you OK? Do you need some (10) _____?"

Amber recognized that voice. It was Bella. Though a bit shy, she told Bella about (11) _____ the penny changed her life of bad luck. When she finished her (12) _____ - Bella laughed.

"I don't think the penny did so much. I talked to you as you always seemed cool. (13) _____ you are always a good student. I'm sure you studied (14) _____ the test last night, didn't you?"

It took Amber a minute to (15) _____ Bella. "I think you're right," she held her new friend's hand and smiled. "I'm making my own luck from now on."

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|
| (1) | A. busy | B. funny | C. sorry | D. lucky |
| (2) | A. ran away | B. fell down | C. walked out | D. looked around |
| (3) | A. bus | B. beach | C. street | D. bridge |
| (4) | A. silly | B. short | C. strange | D. right |
| (5) | A. exciting | B. tiring | C. interesting | D. boring |
| (6) | A. dancing | B. looking | C. cheering | D. waiting |

- (7) A. smoothly B. seriously C. terribly D. conveniently
- (8) A. I B. It C. He D. She
- (9) A. cry B. fly C. sing D. leave
- (10) A. work B. help C. practice D. information
- (11) A. how B. why C. when D. where
- (12) A. task B. story C. trip D. lesson
- (13) A. So B. Or C. And D. But
- (14) A. in B. for C. after D. without
- (15) A. doubt B. excuse C. respect D. understand



二、阅读理解

2. (6分)

<p style="text-align: center;">Pets and Their People BOOK OF THE WEEK</p> <p>By Jess French</p> <p>Do you have a pet? Would you like to get one? This book has everything you need to know about caring for animals.</p> <p>☆It's full of facts and helpful advice and gives lots of information about some of the most popular pets such as cats, dogs, fish and so on, as well as more unusual ones like snakes and lizards (蜥蜴).</p> <p>☆You'll find out how to choose the right pet for your family and how to care for them, including feeding and training. You'll also find out about the origins (起源) of pets, their behaviour and the different ways they communicate.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">To order your copy, please visit www.booksale.com by 23 July.</p>
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ABOUT THE WRITER

As an animal doctor, I love all animals and I've had many pets in my life, from dogs to insects. People often ask me how they can best look after their pets. I thought it was time for me to put all my answers down together, so I wrote this book.

(1) From the book *Pets and Their People*, we can learn about _____.

- A. advice on keeping pets
- B. the history of animal hospitals
- C. ways of caring for our family
- D. information about animals in danger

(2) From the text, we can know that Jess French is _____.

- A. a family doctor
- B. an animal lover
- C. good at drawing animals
- D. ready to help her students

(3) What is the text? _____

- A. A survey.
- B. A diary.
- C. An ad.
- D. An email.



BOOK OF THE WEEK



3. (8分) Kendall Johnson spends a lot of time playing in the dirt(泥土). She has a huge garden that produces over 100 pounds of food each year! But for this seven - year - old kid, gardening isn't just about fruits and vegetables. It's about people. "My favourite thing about growing food is doing it with my family and friends," she says.

Kendall began gardening at the age of three, when her grandmother gave her some green stems (茎). "Grandma told me not to throw them away, because if we put them in the ground, they will grow back," she says. She tried it and was amazed when the stems grew new leaves.

Soon after, her parents built a small backyard garden. When her friends came over, Kendall enjoyed sharing what she knew. She says, "My friends loved that. And they helped me water and care for the plants."

When she was six, she became the youngest certified (有资质的) farmer in Georgia, the USA. Today, her garden has grown larger, including sixty plant beds and twelve trees! Kendall says, "When the vegetables and fruits are ready, I pick them. I do a food sale so other kids and families can have some." People who don't have enough food are invited to take what they need.

Kendall wants to inspire other kids too. She speaks at libraries and schools, and hosts a community garden club for kids. "I also invite kids to visit my garden and help with it, so they can see how fun it is," she says. "Growing food takes a lot of work, but together you can do it."

(1) Kendall might become interested in gardening when _____.

- A. she found the stems grew well in water
- B. she learned green stems could grow back
- C. her parents bought a small backyard garden
- D. her friends shared what they knew about plants

(2) Which is one of the ways Kendall deals with her vegetables and fruits? _____

- A. She keeps them in the backyard.

- B. She sells them in large stores.
- C. She puts them away for her family.
- D. She gives them away to people in need.

(3) The underlined word "inspire" in the last paragraph probably means " _____ ".

- A. protect
- B. satisfy
- C. encourage
- D. introduce

(4) Which of the following best describes Kendall according to the passage? _____

- A. Shy.
- B. Strict.
- C. Honest.
- D. Helpful.

4. (8 分) What time is it? The answer you give can be different, because you are in different Earth's time zones (时区). But how could you tell the time if you aren't anywhere on Earth?

Scientists are now thinking of creating a lunar (月球的) time zone. They believe it would be better for astronauts to communicate by using Moon Time, as they travel to, from, and across the Moon. At the moment, astronauts are using time zones of their own countries. But there could be safety problems caused by the differences in time - telling.

▲ Gravity (引力) influences how quickly or slowly time passes. Since gravity is weaker on the Moon, clocks run a bit faster there. After 24 hours, a lunar clock would be 56 microseconds ahead of a clock on Earth. Another point to consider is that a full day on Earth is about 24 hours between two sunsets. While on the Moon, it is nearly 709 hours, about 29.5 Earth days. This means that lunar nights can be around two weeks long, with only the Earth and the stars in the sky. With all this to think about, scientists need to decide whether it would be better to follow a time zone on Earth, or for the Moon to have its own special zone, which would have much longer days.

Scientists must consider other problems too. For example, who should be responsible for keeping the time zone going? And how can it be made practical for astronauts to use?

There are more countries planning Moon trips in the future. The idea of creating a time zone on the Moon would make these easier. And if a lunar time zone is set up, scientists could create time zones for other planets like

Mars.

(1) Scientists think that a lunar time zone can _____.

- A. keep the Moon clean
- B. keep astronauts healthy
- C. make the Moon trips safer
- D. make space travel faster

(2) Which of the following can be put in the blank ▲ in Paragraph 3? _____

- A. Setting up a lunar time zone is not easy.
- B. Setting up a special time zone is important.
- C. Scientists are holding different opinions.
- D. Scientists need to do a lot of experiments.

(3) If the Moon has its own special time zone, a full day of it can be about _____ on Earth.

- A. 56 microseconds
- B. 24 hours
- C. two weeks
- D. 29.5 days

(4) What is the writer's purpose in writing the passage? _____

- A. To give information about space travel.
- B. To introduce the idea of Moon Time.
- C. To describe an experience of time travel.
- D. To share news about landing on Mars.

5. (8分) Roger Federer, a world - famous sports star, quit (放弃) the 2020 Olympic Games to deal with his knee problem. It was a hard decision because no one wanted to be a quitter. But finding the courage to let go can be good for you.

Nothing is fun all the time. Sticking at something difficult teaches us important skills like perseverance (毅力). However, learning to let go when things aren't right is important too. Maybe your heart isn't in playing the piano any more, or you only play football because your friends do and you want to try a different sport instead. Making the decision to walk away can free up time and energy to spend on something you really enjoy. In fact, studies show that letting go of goals you can't reach or don't really want, can build up your confidence and

help you lead a happier and healthier life.

But how can you know it's time to stop and move on? Eric Bean is an expert in sports psychology (心理学) who helps athletes and teams understand their feelings. He says, "Quitting is never a matter of black and white." He suggests thinking carefully about why you aren't enjoying something any more. Is it because you've argued with a teammate or can't get on with a new art teacher? Talk about this with a trusted adult or friend. That can help you decide whether you should stay and stick, or quit and move on.

Quitting doesn't have to mean totally giving up, though. For example, playing an instrument might be more fun if you take away the pressure of exams. If you do decide to give up an activity, Bean suggests picking up another where you can still enjoy things like teamwork, creativity and exercise.

(1) The writer mentions "Roger Federer" in Paragraph 1 to show that _____.

- A. we should never give up
- B. we should get away from trouble
- C. it's all right to stop and quit
- D. it's difficult to win Olympic medals

(2) According to Paragraph 2, learning to let go is important because we can _____.

- A. learn about perseverance
- B. have enough money to spend
- C. live a busier and fuller life
- D. feel more confident in ourselves

(3) By saying the underlined sentence in Paragraph 3, Eric Bean means that _____.

- A. it's not good to stick at things we don't like
- B. we should think twice before quitting an activity
- C. we don't have to take exams to show our true abilities
- D. it's wiser to pick up a new hobby than to keep the old one

(4) Which could be the best title for the passage? _____

- A. Knowing When to Stop
- B. Working Hard to Move on
- C. Learning How to Grow up
- D. Starting Early to Make Changes

三、词汇运用 A.用方框中所给词语的适当形式填空，每词仅用一次。

6. (5 分)

guess; proud; cartoon; against; at; least

- (1) It is our duty to protect the forest _____ fires.
(2) Which _____ character do you like better, Superman or Spiderman?
(3) She was very _____ to be chosen as a volunteer for the 19th Asian Games.
(4) The doctor advised me to take exercise _____ four times a week to keep fit.
(5) A clever English learner often _____ the meanings of the new words when he reads.

阅读下面短文，然后根据括号内所给汉语意思写出单词的正确形式（每空一词）。

7. (10 分) No one lives without food. For centuries, people grew their own food and (1) _____ (吃) it themselves. But now most people buy food in shops and (2) _____ (超市). The next time you have dinner, look (3) _____ (近) at the food on your plate. If you're dining in summer, it's possible that some of the food comes from small (4) _____ (私人) farms, but more of it comes from large farms and companies.

How do you know where your food is from? You can check by (5) _____ (你自己). Most food gives information on its packet. And you may be surprised at what you (6) _____ (收集) because it comes from places around the world. You can enjoy a (n) (7) _____ (柑橘; 橙) from South Africa and a tomato from Mexico. You can (8) _____ (甚至) enjoy a pizza from Italy. And you needn't travel to these places. Instead, the food travels to you.

Thanks to modern trucks, trains, ships, and (9) _____ (飞机), the food travels fast. So the food is still (10) _____ (新鲜) and healthy when it reaches your dinner table. Also, new technology helps the food last long while it travels.

四、语法填空 阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的词，或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

8. (10 分) It was the fifth day of our Italian journey. We arrived at our hotel (1) _____ (early) than usual. Dad offered to take us to the ancient city of Pompeii. I didn't really want to go (2) _____ I had no interest in old cities.

We travelled there by train. On the way, Dad told us something about (3) _____ history. Many years ago, Pompeii was a large city near a volcano (火山). The volcano broke out and (4) _____ (complete) covered the city in ash (灰). About twenty thousand people (5) _____ (kill). But

the buildings remained there.And now , 2 , 000 years later , people around the world come here (6)
(see) how people lived all those years ago.

I had thought it was boring to visit the 2 , 000 - year - old (7) _____ (house) , but I was wrong.They were very interesting!Most of their rooms (8) _____ (have) fine paintings all over the walls.I was also amazed at the bathrooms.I'd love a big bathroom in our house— (9) _____ (our) is so small!

Dad usually makes bad plans but this time he gets it right, finally. (10) _____ a surprise!I got really interested in Pompeii.In fact , I've got lots of ideas for our house when we get home!

五、任务型阅读与表达


9. (5 分) 第一节 阅读以下材料 , 然后从下面方框中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出符合各部分信息的问句 (其中一项为多余选项) , 完成第 1 - 3 小题。

GALLANT KIDS	
How to Make a difference	
Liam's Lunches of Love	EDITOR'S (编者) NOTE
Liam Hannon was only ten when he started handing out free lunches to people who were hungry.With help from his family and other supporters , he hands out 75 to 100 lunches three times a month.We asked Liam to tell us about it.	(3) _____ First , think what needs to be improved.By doing this , you may see steps you can take towards that goal.
Q: (1) _____	Many people don't give a start because they want to make a HUGE difference.But actions and results don't have to be huge to be meaningful.
A: Four summers ago , I didn't want to go to camp.Instead , I did an online treasure - hunt program.My first task was to do something to help homeless people , and I got the idea of making them lunch.	Take Liam , for example.His goal was not to solve the problem but to help.So he did.For the people who got those lunches , he made things better.
Q: What's the best part about what you do?	Share your ideas with a parent.Every helpful act you do , no matter how small , makes the world better!
A : I'd say meeting the people.They're real people who just need a little kindness in their	

lives. Some of them have become friends of our family.

Q: (2) _____

A: I want to tell them to do something they enjoy. And get help from friends and family. I invite my friends to help with lunches, and almost every time, they've come and given out lunches with me and my dad.



- A. How can you make the world a better one?

B. What do you like doing in your spare time?

C. How did you get the idea of making free lunches?

D. What would you tell other kids who want to make a difference?

第二节 请结合第一节内容，回答下面问题。（约 20 词）

(4) What can you do to make a difference? Why?

书面表达

10. (15 分) 在学校"探寻中华优秀传统文化"英语综合实践活动中，你班对"元宵节"和"端午节"两个中国传统节日开展了小课题研究。经过探究与实践，你们收集了一些信息与资料（见下表）。假设你是李华，请选择其中一个节日，用英语写一篇短文，在英语拓展课上代表小组就你们的研究成果以及下阶段计划进行交流。

Project: Exploring the Chinese Culture and Customs			
Research Subject		the Lantern Festival	the Dragon Boat Festival
Methods (How we did it)		• watch a lantern show	visit a local museum
Information (What we've learned)	History	about 2, 000 years	about 2, 000 years
	Time	• the 15th day of the	• the 5th day of the

		first lunar month	fifth lunar month
	Celebrations	•riddle (谜语) games	•boat races ..
	Food	•tangyuan	•zongzi

A New Plan (What we'll do)	

注意：(1) 短文必须包含表中你所选节日的所有信息，并适当发挥。

(2) 文中不得出现与你身份相关的信息。

(3) 词数：80~100，短文开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear classmates, I'm very happy to share our research with you.The subject we've chosen is_____.

That's all.Thank you!

2023 年浙江省嘉兴市中考英语试卷

参考答案与试题解析

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1. (15 分) On her way to school, Amber Williams found a penny (一分钱) on the ground. "See, a penny, pick it up. All day long, you'll be (1) D." Remembering the song, she quickly picked it up.

"I've never seen you smile so big, Amber." She (2) D and saw Bella, the most popular girl in her class. They'd hardly spoken before, although they lived on the same (3) C. "Was it because of the penny?" she thought.

Over the next few hours, Amber had the best time ever. She got the (4) D answer in the math class. She found a five-dollar bill in her backpack. The most (5) A moment came as she got a full mark in the history test. Mr. Smith praised her in class and everyone was (6) C for her.

"That's it. I'll go nowhere without this penny," she decided.

Things kept going (7) A until school was over. Amber found the penny gone. She checked her backpack and then all her pockets. (8) B was not there. Sitting at her desk, she felt like she was going to (9) A.

A hand suddenly appeared in front of her face. "Are you OK? Do you need some (10) B?"

Amber recognized that voice. It was Bella. Though a bit shy, she told Bella about (11) A the penny changed her life of bad luck. When she finished her (12) B - Bella laughed.

"I don't think the penny did so much. I talked to you as you always seemed cool. (13) C you are always a good student. I'm sure you studied (14) B the test last night, didn't you?"

It took Amber a minute to (15) D Bella. "I think you're right," she held her new friend's hand and smiled. "I'm making my own luck from now on."

- | | | | | |
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- (7) A. smoothly B. seriously C. terribly D. conveniently
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- (11) A. how B. why C. when D. where
- (12) A. task B. story C. trip D. lesson
- (13) A. So B. Or C. And D. But
- (14) A. in B. for C. after D. without
- (15) A. doubt B. excuse C. respect D. understand



【分析】文章通过安布尔的故事告诉我们：要自己创造运气。

【解答】(1) 考查形容词。句意：看见一分钱，捡起来，一天你都都是幸运的。A 繁忙的；B 有趣的；C 抱歉；D 幸运的。根据 the penny changed her life of bad luck（这分钱改变了她的坏运气）可知，看见一分钱会带来好运气。故选 D。

(2) 考查动词词组。句意：她向四周看且看到了贝拉，班里最受欢迎的女孩。A 跑开；B 摔倒；C 走出去；D 环顾四周。根据 and saw Bella（且看到了贝拉）可知此处是指向周围看。故选 D。

(3) 考查名词。句意：她们以前几乎没说过话，尽管她们住在同一条大街上。A 公交车；B 海滩；C 大街；D 桥。根据常识，可知她俩住在同一条大街上。故选 C。

(4) 考查形容词。句意：在数学课上她的答案都正确。A 愚蠢的；B 短的；C 奇怪的；D 正确的。根据 Over the next few hours, Amber had the best time ever.（接下来的几个小时，Amber 度过了有史以来最好的时光。）可知她在数学课上答对问题了。故选 D。

(5) 考查形容词。句意：最令人兴奋的是她历史考试满分。A 令人兴奋的；B 令人疲倦的；C 有趣的；D 无聊的。根据 she got a full mark in the history test（她历史考试满分）可知此事是令人兴奋的。故选 A。

(6) 考查非谓语动词。句意：史密斯先生在班上表扬了她，全班都为她鼓掌。A 跳舞；B 看；C 鼓掌；D 等待。cheer for sb.表示"为某人欢呼鼓掌"。根据 Mr.Smith praised her in class（史密斯先生在班上表扬了她）可知同学都为她鼓掌。故选 C。

(7) 考查副词。句意：事情一直进展得很顺利直到放学。A 顺利地；B 严重地；C 糟糕地；D 便利地。根据 Amber found the penny gone.（Amber 发现一分钱找不到了。）可知在放学前一切都很顺利。故选 A。

(8) 考查人称代词。句意：它不在那儿。A 我；B 它；C 他；D 她。根据句意，可知此处是指钱不在那儿，用代词 it。故选 B。

(9) 考查动词。句意：坐在办公桌前，她觉得自己快要哭出来了。A.哭；B.飞；C.唱；D.离开；根据 She checked her backpack and then all her pockets.It was not there.（她检查了她的背包和所有的口袋。它不在那里。）结合选项可知她找不到硬币急得快哭了，故选 A。

(10) 考查动词。句意：你需要帮助吗？A.工作；B.帮助；C.练习；D.信息；根据 A hand suddenly appeared in front of her face." Are you OK?（一只手突然出现在她的面前。你还好吗？）结合选项可知应该是你需要帮助吗？故选 B。

(11) 考查副词。句意：虽然有点害羞，但她告诉贝拉，这一分钱如何改变了她倒霉的生活。A.如何；B.为什么；C.什么时候；D.哪里；根据 the penny changed her life of bad luck.（这一分钱改变了她倒霉的生活）结合选项可知空处应填副词：如何，故选 A。

(12) 考查名词。句意：她讲完故事后，贝拉笑了。A.任务；B.故事；C.旅行；D.教训；根据 Though a bit shy, she told Bella about how the penny changed her life of bad luck.（虽然有点害羞，但她告诉贝拉，这一分钱如何改变了她倒霉的生活。）结合选项可知应该是贝拉听了她的故事。故选 B。

(13) 考查连词。句意：而且你一直是一个好学生。A.因此；B.或者；C.而且；D.但是；根据 I talked to you as you always seemed cool.（我跟你说话的时候，你总是看起来很酷。）结合选项可知前后句之间表示并列关系，故选 C。

(14) 考查介词。句意：我相信你昨晚为考试学习了，对吧？A.在...里面；B.为了；C.之后；D.没有；study for the test（为考试学习）固定搭配，故选 B。

(15) 考查动词。句意：安布尔花了一分钟才理解了贝拉的意思。A.怀疑；B.原谅；C.尊敬；D.理解；根据"I think you're right."（"我想你是对的。"）结合选项可知应该是理解了贝拉的意思。故选 D。

二、阅读理解

2. (6 分)

Pets and Their People BOOK OF THE WEEK
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By Jess French

Do you have a pet? Would you like to get one? This book has everything you need to know about caring for animals.

☆ It's full of facts and helpful advice and gives lots of information about some of the most popular pets such as cats, dogs, fish and so on, as well as more unusual ones like snakes and lizards (蜥蜴).

☆ You'll find out how to choose the right pet for your family and how to care for them, including feeding and training. You'll also find out about the origins (起源) of pets, their behaviour and the different ways they communicate.

To order your copy, please visit www.booksale.com by 23 July.

ABOUT THE WRITER

As an animal doctor, I love all animals and I've had many pets in my life, from dogs to insects. People often ask me how they can best look after their pets. I thought it was time for me to put all my answers down together, so I wrote this book.

(1) From the book *Pets and Their People*, we can learn about A .

- A. advice on keeping pets
- B. the history of animal hospitals
- C. ways of caring for our family
- D. information about animals in danger

(2) From the text, we can know that Jess French is B .

- A. a family doctor
- B. an animal lover
- C. good at drawing animals
- D. ready to help her students

(3) What is the text? C

- A. A survey.
- B. A diary.
- C. An ad.
- D. An email.



BOOK OF THE WEEK



【分析】本文介绍了一本名为《宠物与它们的主人》的书籍及其作者。

【解答】（1）细节理解题。根据表格一中倒数第二段☆It's full of facts and helpful advice and gives lots of information about some of the most popular pets such as cats, dogs, fish and so on, as well as more unusual ones like snakes and lizards（蜥蜴）。（它充满了事实和有用的建议，并提供了许多关于一些最受欢迎的宠物的信息，如猫、狗、鱼等，以及更不常见的动物，如蛇和蜥蜴。）可知，从这本书中，我们可以学到关于养宠物的建议。故选 A。

（2）细节理解题。根据表格三中 As an animal doctor, I love all animals and I've had many pets in my life, from dogs to insects.（作为一名动物医生，我喜欢所有的动物，在我的生活中我养过很多宠物，从狗到昆虫。）可知，她是一个动物爱好者。故选 B。

（3）推理判断题。根据表格二中第一段 To order your copy, please visit www.booksale.com by 23 July.（如欲订购，请于 7 月 23 日前访问 www.booksale.com。）可推知，这是一则新书促销广告。故选 C。

3. (8 分) Kendall Johnson spends a lot of time playing in the dirt(泥土). She has a huge garden that produces over 100 pounds of food each year! But for this seven - year - old kid, gardening isn't just about fruits and vegetables. It's about people. "My favourite thing about growing food is doing it with my family and

friends."she says.

Kendall began gardening at the age of three , when her grandmother gave her some green stems (茎) . "Grandma told me not to throw them away , because if we put them in the ground , they will grow back , "she says.She tried it and was amazed when the stems grew new leaves.

Soon after , her parents built a small backyard garden.When her friends came over , Kendall enjoyed sharing what she knew.She says , "My friends loved that.And they helped me water and care for the plants."

When she was six , she became the youngest certified (有资质的) farmer in Georgia , the USA.Today , her garden has grown larger , including sixty plant beds and twelve trees!Kendall says , "When the vegetables and fruits are ready , I pick them.I do a food sale so other kids and families can have some."People who don't have enough food are invited to take what they need.

Kendall wants to inspire other kids too.She speaks at libraries and schools , and hosts a community garden club for kids."I also invite kids to visit my garden and help with it , so they can see how fun it is , "she says."Growing food takes a lot of work , but together you can do it."

(1) Kendall might become interested in gardening when B .

- A. she found the stems grew well in water
- B. she learned green stems could grow back
- C. her parents bought a small backyard garden
- D. her friends shared what they knew about plants

(2) Which is one of the ways Kendall deals with her vegetables and fruits? D

- A. She keeps them in the backyard.
- B. She sells them in large stores.
- C. She puts them away for her family.
- D. She gives them away to people in need.

(3) The underlined word "inspire" in the last paragraph probably means " C " .

- A. protect
- B. satisfy
- C. encourage
- D. introduce

(4) Which of the following best describes Kendall according to the passage? D

- A. Shy.
- B. Strict.
- C. Honest.
- D. Helpful.

【分析】这篇短文主要介绍了一个七岁的女孩 Kendall Johnson，她热爱种植，拥有一个超过 60 个种植床和 12 棵树的大花园，每年能够产出超过 100 磅的食物。对于 Kendall 来说，种植不仅仅是为了收获水果和蔬菜，更是为了与家人和朋友一起分享种植的乐趣。从三岁开始，Kendall 就开始接触种植，她的祖母给了她一些绿色的植物，告诉她如果把它们放在土里，它们会重新生长。Kendall 尝试了一下，惊奇地发现它们长出了新的叶子。随后，她的父母在后院建了一个小花园，Kendall 很享受与朋友分享她所知道的知识，并邀请他们帮忙浇水和照顾植物。在六岁时，Kendall 成为了美国乔治亚州最年轻的认证农民。她将自己的收成进行食品销售，让其他孩子和家庭也能分享到她的劳动成果。此外，Kendall 还在图书馆和学校演讲，组织社区花园俱乐部，邀请其他孩子来参观她的花园，一起体验种植的乐趣。她希望能够激励更多的孩子加入到种植的行列中来，一起享受种植的乐趣。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第二段 "Grandma told me not to throw them away, because if we put them in the ground, they will grow back," she says. She tried it and was amazed when the stems grew new leaves. ("奶奶告诉我不要把它们扔掉，因为如果我们把它们栽入土中，它们会长出来的，"她说。她试了一下惊讶地发现茎又长出新叶。) 可知自此之后，她对园艺感兴趣。故选 B。

(2) 细节理解题。根据第四段 People who don't have enough food are invited to take what they need. (没有足够食物的人可以拿走他们所需要的。) 可知她会把蔬菜水果捐给有需要的人。故选 D。

(3) 词义猜测题。根据最后一段 She speaks at libraries and schools, and hosts a community garden club for kids. (她在图书馆和学校演讲，为孩子们组织社区花园俱乐部。) 可知这些都是她激励孩子们的方式。inspire 表示"激励"，动词。A 保护；B 使.....满意；C 鼓励；D 介绍。故选 C。

(4) 细节推理题。文中提到她捐蔬菜水果给有需要的人，邀请孩子们一起体验种植的快乐，可知她是一名乐于助人的人。故选 D。

4. (8 分) What time is it? The answer you give can be different, because you are in different Earth's time zones (时区). But how could you tell the time if you aren't anywhere on Earth?

Scientists are now thinking of creating a lunar (月球的) time zone. They believe it would be better for astronauts to communicate by using Moon Time, as they travel to, from, and across the Moon. At the moment, astronauts are using time zones of their own countries. But there could be safety problems caused by the differences in time - telling.

▲ Gravity (引力) influences how quickly or slowly time passes. Since gravity is weaker on the Moon, clocks run a bit faster there. After 24 hours, a lunar clock would be 56 microseconds ahead of a clock on Earth. Another point to consider is that a full day on Earth is about 24 hours between two sunsets. While on the Moon, it is nearly 709 hours, about 29.5 Earth days. This means that lunar nights can be around two weeks long, with only the Earth and the stars in the sky. With all this to think about, scientists need to decide whether it would be better to follow a time zone on Earth, or for the Moon to have its own special zone, which would have much longer days.

Scientists must consider other problems too. For example, who should be responsible for keeping the time zone going? And how can it be made practical for astronauts to use?

There are more countries planning Moon trips in the future. The idea of creating a time zone on the Moon would make these easier. And if a lunar time zone is set up, scientists could create time zones for other planets like Mars.

(1) Scientists think that a lunar time zone can C.

- A. keep the Moon clean
- B. keep astronauts healthy
- C. make the Moon trips safer
- D. make space travel faster

(2) Which of the following can be put in the blank ▲ in Paragraph 3? A

- A. Setting up a lunar time zone is not easy.
- B. Setting up a special time zone is important.
- C. Scientists are holding different opinions.
- D. Scientists need to do a lot of experiments.

(3) If the Moon has its own special time zone, a full day of it can be about D on Earth.

- A. 56 microseconds
- B. 24 hours
- C. two weeks
- D. 29.5 days

(4) What is the writer's purpose in writing the passage? B

- A. To give information about space travel.

- B. To introduce the idea of Moon Time.
- C. To describe an experience of time travel.
- D. To share news about landing on Mars.

【分析】本文主要讲述了科学家们正在考虑在月球上建立一个时间时区，以便宇航员在月球上旅行时使用。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第二段 Scientists are now thinking of creating a lunar time zone.They believe it would be better for astronauts to communicate by using Moon Time, as they travel to, from, and across the Moon. (科学家们现在正在考虑建立一个月球时区。他们认为，宇航员在往返月球和穿越月球时，使用月球时间进行通信会更好。) 可知，月球时区会让月球之旅更安全。故选 C。

(2) 段落大意题。根据第三段 With all this to think about, scientists need to decide whether it would be better to follow a time zone on Earth, or for the Moon to have its own special zone, which would have much longer days. (考虑到这一切，科学家们需要决定是遵循地球上的时区更好，还是让月球有自己的特殊区域更好，这样白天就长得多。) 可知，设置月球时区并不简单。故选 A。

(3) 细节理解题。根据第三段 Another point to consider is that a full day on Earth is about 24 hours between two sunsets.While on the Moon, it is nearly 709 hours, about 29.5 Earth days. (另一点需要考虑的是，地球上的一天大约是两次日落之间的 24 小时。而在月球上，它接近 709 小时，大约是 29.5 个地球日。) 可知，月球时区的一天大约是地球上的 29.5 天。故选 D。

(4) 推理判断题。根据最后一段 The idea of creating a time zone on the Moon would make these easier.And if a lunar time zone is set up, scientists could create time zones for other planets like Mars. (在月球上建立一个时区的想法会让这些变得更容易。如果月球建立了时区，科学家们就可以为火星等其他行星创建时区。) 可知，作者写这篇文章是想介绍月球时间。故选 B。

5. (8 分) Roger Federer, a world - famous sports star, quit (放弃) the 2020 Olympic Games to deal with his knee problem.It was a hard decision because no one wanted to be a quitter.But finding the courage to let go can be good for you.

Nothing is fun all the time.Sticking at something difficult teaches us important skills like perseverance (毅力).However, learning to let go when things aren't right is important too.Maybe your heart isn't in playing the piano any more , or you only play football because your friends do and you want to try a different sport instead.Making the decision to walk away can free up time and energy to spend on something you really enjoy.In fact, studies show that letting go of goals you can't reach or don't really want, can build up your confidence and help you lead a happier and healthier life.

But how can you know it's time to stop and move on? Eric Bean is an expert in sports psychology (心理学) who helps athletes and teams understand their feelings. He says, "Quitting is never a matter of black and white." He suggests thinking carefully about why you aren't enjoying something any more. Is it because you've argued with a teammate or can't get on with a new art teacher? Talk about this with a trusted adult or friend. That can help you decide whether you should stay and stick, or quit and move on.

Quitting doesn't have to mean totally giving up, though. For example, playing an instrument might be more fun if you take away the pressure of exams. If you do decide to give up an activity, Bean suggests picking up another where you can still enjoy things like teamwork, creativity and exercise.

(1) The writer mentions "Roger Federer" in Paragraph 1 to show that C.

- A. we should never give up
- B. we should get away from trouble
- C. it's all right to stop and quit
- D. it's difficult to win Olympic medals

(2) According to Paragraph 2, learning to let go is important because we can D.

- A. learn about perseverance
- B. have enough money to spend
- C. live a busier and fuller life
- D. feel more confident in ourselves

(3) By saying the underlined sentence in Paragraph 3, Eric Bean means that B.

- A. it's not good to stick at things we don't like
- B. we should think twice before quitting an activity
- C. we don't have to take exams to show our true abilities
- D. it's wiser to pick up a new hobby than to keep the old one

(4) Which could be the best title for the passage? A

- A. Knowing When to Stop
- B. Working Hard to Move on
- C. Learning How to Grow up
- D. Starting Early to Make Changes

【分析】本文主要讲述了世界著名体育明星罗杰·费德勒因膝盖问题退出 2020 年奥运会的决定。虽然放

弃是一件困难的事情，但是学会放手也是有好处的。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第 1 段 Roger Federer, a world - famous sports star, quit (放弃) the 2020 Olympic Games to deal with his knee problem. It was a hard decision because no one wanted to be a quitter. But finding the courage to let go can be good for you. (Roger Federer, 世界著名的体育明星, 因为膝盖问题退出了 2020 年奥运会。这是一个艰难的决定, 因为没有人愿意放弃。但是找到放手的勇气对你有好处。) 可知提到 Roger Federer 是说明要学会放手, 故选: C。

(2) 细节理解题。根据第 2 段 In fact, studies show that letting go of goals you can't reach or don't really want, can build up your confidence and help you lead a happier and healthier life. (事实上, 研究表明, 放弃你无法达到的目标, 或者你并不真正想要的目标, 可以建立你的信心, 帮助你过上更快乐、更健康的生活。) 可知放弃目标很重要, 因为可以让你更自信, 故选: D。

(3) 细节理解题。根据第 3 段 He suggests thinking carefully about why you aren't enjoying something any more. (他建议仔细思考一下为什么你不再享受某些事情。) 可知放弃之前我们要仔细思考, 故选: B。

(4) 标题归纳题。根据全文大意, 讲述了当事情不对劲时学会放手, 什么时候放手很重要, 结合选项, A (知道什么时候停止) 最符合, 故选: A。

三、词汇运用 A. 用方框中所给词语的适当形式填空, 每词仅用一次。

6. (5 分)

guess; proud; cartoon; against; at; least

- (1) It is our duty to protect the forest against fires.
- (2) Which cartoon character do you like better, Superman or Spiderman?
- (3) She was very proud to be chosen as a volunteer for the 19th Asian Games.
- (4) The doctor advised me to take exercise at least four times a week to keep fit.
- (5) A clever English learner often guesses the meanings of the new words when he reads.

【分析】(1) 保护森林免遭火灾是我们的责任。

(2) 超人和蜘蛛侠, 你更喜欢哪个卡通人物?

(3) 她很自豪被选为第 19 届亚运会的志愿者。

(4) 医生建议我每周至少锻炼四次以保持健康。

(5) 一个聪明的英语学习者在阅读时经常猜出新词的意思。

【解答】(1) 考查介词。句意: 保护森林免遭火灾是我们的责任。说的是保护森林免遭火灾。故填 against。

(2) 考查名词。句意: 超人和蜘蛛侠, 你更喜欢哪个卡通人物? 根据 Superman or Spiderman (超人和

蜘蛛侠)可知说的是卡通人物,故填 cartoon。

(3) 考查形容词。句意:她很自豪被选为第 19 届亚运会的志愿者。be proud to 意思是"对……感到自豪",故填 proud。

(4) 考查短语。句意:医生建议我每周至少锻炼四次以保持健康。at least 至少。故填 at least。

(5) 考查动词。句意:一个聪明的英语学习者在阅读时经常猜出新词的意思。句子是一般现在时,主语是 A clever English learner 第三人称单数,故填 guesses。

阅读下面短文,然后根据括号内所给汉语意思写出单词的正确形式(每空一词)。

7. (10 分) No one lives without food. For centuries, people grew their own food and (1) ate (吃) it themselves. But now most people buy food in shops and (2) supermarkets (超市). The next time you have dinner, look (3) close (近) at the food on your plate. If you're dining in summer, it's possible that some of the food comes from small (4) private (私人) farms, but more of it comes from large farms and companies.

How do you know where your food is from? You can check by (5) yourself (你自己). Most food gives information on its packet. And you may be surprised at what you (6) collect (收集) because it comes from places around the world. You can enjoy a(n) (7) orange (柑橘; 橙) from South Africa and a tomato from Mexico. You can (8) even (甚至) enjoy a pizza from Italy. And you needn't travel to these places. Instead, the food travels to you.

Thanks to modern trucks, trains, ships, and (9) planes (飞机), the food travels fast. So the food is still (10) fresh (新鲜) and healthy when it reaches your dinner table. Also, new technology helps the food last long while it travels.

【分析】文章介绍现如今,因为发达的交通,我们可以吃到来自世界各地的食物。

【解答】(1) 考查动词。句意:几个世纪以来,人们自己种植食物,自己食用。根据汉语提示可知,此处为 eat, 句子为一般过去时,所以动词用过去式。故填 ate。

(2) 考查名词。句意:但是现在大多数人在商店和超市购买食物。根据汉语提示可知,此处为 supermarket, 使用可数名词复数形式和前面的 shops 并列。故填 supermarkets。

(3) 考查副词。句意:下次你吃饭时,离近点看看你盘子里的食物。根据句意可知,此处意为"离近点看看你盘子里的食物",使用副词修饰动词。故填 close。

(4) 考查形容词。句意:如果你在夏天用餐,有可能一些食物来自小型私人农场,但更多的食物来自大型农场和公司。根据汉语提示可知,此处使用形容词 private 修饰名词。故填 private。

(5) 考查代词。句意:你可以自己去查。根据句意可知,此处使用 by oneself, 通过某人自己。故填

yourself。

(6) 考查动词。句意：你可能会对你收集的东西感到惊讶，因为它们来自世界各地。根据汉语提示可知，此处使用 collect，句子为一般现在时，所以用动词原形。故填 collect。

(7) 考查名词。句意：你可以品尝来自南非的橙子和墨西哥的西红柿。根据汉语提示可知，此处使用 orange，前面有 an，所以用可数名词单数形式。故填 orange。

(8) 考查副词。句意：你甚至可以品尝意大利的比萨饼。根据汉语提示可知，此处使用 even，意为"甚至"。故填 even。

(9) 考查名词。句意：多亏了现代的卡车、火车、轮船和飞机，食物运输得很快。根据汉语提示可知，此处使用 plane，使用可数名词复数形式和 ships 并列。故填 planes。

(10) 考查形容词。句意：所以食物到达你的餐桌时仍然是新鲜健康的。根据汉语提示可知，此处使用形容词 fresh 做表语。故填 fresh。

四、语法填空 阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的词，或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

8. (10 分) It was the fifth day of our Italian journey. We arrived at our hotel (1) earlier (early) than usual. Dad offered to take us to the ancient city of Pompeii. I didn't really want to go (2) because I had no interest in old cities.

We travelled there by train. On the way, Dad told us something about (3) the history. Many years ago, Pompeii was a large city near a volcano (火山). The volcano broke out and (4) completely (complete) covered the city in ash (灰). About twenty thousand people (5) were killed (kill). But the buildings remained there. And now, 2,000 years later, people around the world come here (6) to see (see) how people lived all those years ago.

I had thought it was boring to visit the 2,000-year-old (7) houses (house), but I was wrong. They were very interesting! Most of their rooms (8) had (have) fine paintings all over the walls. I was also amazed at the bathrooms. I'd love a big bathroom in our house—(9) ours (our) is so small!

Dad usually makes bad plans but this time he gets it right, finally. (10) What a surprise! I got really interested in Pompeii. In fact, I've got lots of ideas for our house when we get home!

【分析】本文介绍了我的意大利之旅。

【解答】(1) 考查副词比较级。句意：我们比平时提前到达酒店。根据 than usual (比平时) 可知此处使用比较级。early 表示"早地"，副词，以辅音字母加 y 结尾，变 y 为 i 再加 er 构成比较级。故填 earlier。

(2) 考查连词。句意：爸爸提出带我们去庞贝古城。我真的不想去因为我对古城不感兴趣。根据句意，"我不想去"的原因是"我对古城不感兴趣"，前后两句的关系是因果关系。故填 because。

(3) 考查冠词。句意：在路上，爸爸告诉我们一些关于历史的事情。定冠词 the 表示特指，此处特指这个城市的历史。故填 the。

(4) 考查副词。句意：火山爆发，火山灰完全覆盖了整个城市。completely 表示"完全地"，副词修饰动词。故填 completely。

(5) 考查动词。句意：大约 2 万人死亡。本句讲述过去发生的事，用一般过去时。主语 people 和动词 kill 之间是动宾关系，需用被动语态，主语是复数。故填 were killed。

(6) 考查动词不定式。句意：2000 年后的今天，全世界的人来到这里看看那么多年前人们是如何生活的。根据句意，可知此处 (see) how people lived all those years ago."来看那么多年前人们是如何生活的"是许多游客来这里的目的，用不定式表目的。故填 to see。

(7) 考查名词。句意：我原以为参观这些有 2000 年历史的房子很无聊，但我错了。根据 They were very interesting! (它们很有趣!) 可知应使用名词复数。故填 houses。

(8) 考查动词。句意：他们的大多数房间墙上都挂满了精美的画。讲述过去房子的状态应为一般过去时，故填 have 的过去式 had。故填 had。


(9) 考查名词性物主代词。句意：我希望我们家有一个大浴室——我们的太小了。分析句子可知该空指代"我们的浴室，后面没有名词，需用名词性物主代词。故填 ours。

(10) 考查感叹句引导词。句意：多么惊讶啊！本句是感叹句，surprise"惊讶"，名词，故使用 What 引导感叹句。故填 What。

五、任务型阅读与表达

9. (5 分) 第一节 阅读以下材料，然后从下面方框中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出符合各部分信息的问句 (其中一项为多余选项)，完成第 1 - 3 小题。

GALLANT KIDS	
How to Make a difference	
Liam's Lunches of Love	EDITOR'S (编者) NOTE
Liam Hannon was only ten when he started handing out free lunches to people who were hungry.With help from his family and other supporters , he hands out 75 to 100 lunches three times a month.We asked Liam to tell us about it.	(3) <u> A </u> First, think what needs to be improved.By doing this , you may see steps you can take towards that goal. Many people don't give a start because they want to make a HUGE difference.But

Q: (1) <u>C</u>	actions and results don't have to be huge to be meaningful.
A: Four summers ago, I didn't want to go to camp. Instead, I did an online treasure - hunt program. My first task was to do something to help homeless people, and I got the idea of making them lunch.	Take Liam, for example. His goal was not to solve the problem but to help. So he did. For the people who got those lunches, he made things better.
Q: What's the best part about what you do?	Share your ideas with a parent. Every helpful act you do, no matter how small, makes the world better!
A: I'd say meeting the people. They're real people who just need a little kindness in their lives. Some of them have become friends of our family.	
Q: (2) <u>D</u>	
A: I want to tell them to do something they enjoy. And get help from friends and family. I invite my friends to help with lunches, and almost every time, they've come and given out lunches with me and my dad.	

A. How can you make the world a better one?

B. What do you like doing in your spare time?

C. How did you get the idea of making free lunches?

D. What would you tell other kids who want to make a difference?

第二节 请结合第一节内容，回答下面问题。（约 20 词）

(4) What can you do to make a difference? Why?

We can turn off the lights when we leave the classroom because it helps to save energy.

【分析】本文是一篇记叙文，介绍了 Liam Hannon 从小开始帮助无家可归的人并介绍了怎样成为一个有所作为的人。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据 My first task was to do something to help homeless people, and I got the idea of making them lunch. (我第一个任务是帮助无家可归的人做些事，然后我就有了为他们做午饭的想法。)

可知此句是询问他如何想到这个免费午餐的想法。故选 C。

(2) 细节理解题。根据 I want to tell them to do something they enjoy. (我想告诉他们去做他们喜欢的事。) 可知此句是询问他会对那些想有所作为的孩子们说什么。故选 D。

(3) 细节理解题。根据 Every helpful act you do, no matter how small, makes the world better! (你做的每一件帮助人的行为，无论多小，也会让世界更好!) 可知此句是询问如何让世界更好。故选 A。

(4) 总结归纳题。根据 Many people don't give a start because they want to make a HUGE difference. But actions and results don't have to be huge to be meaningful. (许多人没有开始是因为他们想做出巨大的贡献。但行为和结果不一定要很大才有意义。) 可知本文是讲要从小事做起，做一些有意义的事，让世界更好，让自己有所作为。句意通顺合理即可。故答案为 We can turn off the lights when we leave the classroom because it helps to save energy.

书面表达

10. (15 分) 在学校"探寻中华优秀传统文化"英语综合实践活动中，你班对"元宵节"和"端午节"两个中国传统节日开展了小课题研究。经过探究与实践，你们收集了一些信息与资料（见下表）。假设你是李华，请选择其中一个节日，用英语写一篇短文，在英语拓展课上代表小组就你们的研究成果以及下阶段计划进行交流。

Project: Exploring the Chinese Culture and Customs			
Research Subject		the Lantern Festival	the Dragon Boat Festival
Methods (How we did it)		•watch a lantern show	visit a local museum
Information (What we've learned)	History	about 2, 000 years	about 2, 000 years
	Time	•the 15th day of the first lunar month	•the 5th day of the fifth lunar month
	Celebrations	•riddle (谜语) games	•boat races ..
	Food	•tangyuan	•zongzi

A New Plan (What we'll do)
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注意：（1）短文必须包含表中你所选节日的所有信息，并适当发挥。

（2）文中不得出现与你身份相关的信息。

（3）词数：80~100，短文开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear classmates, I'm very happy to share our research with you.The subject we've chosen is_____.

That's all.Thank you!

【分析】【高分句型一】

People get together to enjoy colourful lanterns and play riddle games.人们聚在一起赏花灯，玩谜语游戏。to enjoy colourful lanterns and play riddle games 不定式作目的状语。

【高分句型二】

Small gifts are usually offered when they get right answers.当他们得到正确答案时，通常会送上小礼物。when 引导的时间状语从句。

【解答】 Dear classmates, I'm very happy to share our research with you.The subject we've chosen is the Lantern Festival.（选的是什么）We've collected much information about the festival by doing some reading in the library and watching a lantern show.（获得信息的方法和过程）

The Lantern Festival has a history of about 2, 000 years.（历史）It's celebrated on the 15th day of the first lunar month.（时间）People get together to enjoy colourful lanterns and play riddle games.【高分句型一】Small gifts are usually offered when they get right answers.【高分句型二】（庆祝活动）It's a tradition to eat tangyuan on this special day.（美食）

As for the next step, we will focus on designing lanterns and making English riddles.This will help us understand the meaning of the festival better.

That's all.Thank you!