

2023 年浙江省杭州市中考英语试卷

第一节

1. (2 分) What's the probable relationship between the speakers?

- A.Customer and saleswoman.
- B.Teacher and student.
- C.Doctor and patient.

2. (2 分) Which lesson did Fred enjoy?

- A.History.
- B.Science.
- C.Music.

3. (2 分) What did the man do last night?

- A.He went to the game.
- B.He studied for a test.
- C.He visited his grandparents.

4. (2 分) Who will meet Lee at the airport?

- A.His dad.
- B.His uncle.
- C.His mum.

5. (2 分) What was the weather like?

- A.Rainy.
- B.Windy.
- C.Cold.

第二节

6. (6 分) (1) When is the woman free?

- A.On Monday evening.
- B.On Tuesday evening.
- C.On Wednesday evening.

(2) What are the speakers going to do together?

- A.Visit a friend.

B. See a film.

C. Go swimming.

(3) What time are they going to meet?

A. At 7: 00.

B. At 7: 30.

C. At 8: 00.

7. (6 分) (1) Where is the man going next Monday?

A. New York City.

B. Washington D.C.

C. San Francisco.

(2) How is the man getting there?

A. By air.

B. By sea.

C. By train.

(3) What does the man plan to do there?

A. Watch a magic show.

B. See his brother.

C. Relax on the beach.

8. (8 分) (1) How old was the speaker when he started writing stories?

A. Four.

B. Six.

C. Eight.

(2) Who encouraged the speaker to enter the writing competition?

A. His parents.

B. His friend.

C. His teacher.

(3) Where does the speaker write these days?

A. In the school library.

B. In his study.

C. In a hotel.

(4) What does the speaker use to keep his ideas for stories?






A.A notebook.

B.A computer.

C.A phone.

阅读理解

9. (6 分) 阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中选出最佳选项。

	<p>I like going to stores, but how do you know if a store has what you want? The great thing about shopping online is saving time! There are so many choices, and it doesn't take much time to find what you want!</p> <p>(Jake, Sydney, Australia)</p>
	<p>The first time I bought something online, I was a little nervous. I didn't know how they were going to ship it. But it arrived OK. Now the only problem is that I do too much shopping online. And because I don't have to go out much anymore, I'm not very fit.</p> <p>(Mari, Lima Peru)</p>
	<p>I wanted to buy a new pair of sunglasses, but I was too busy to go to the stores in the city center. So I decided to order them online. They arrived quickly, but they were broken and the case looked used! So I had to go to the store to change them. What a waste of time!</p> <p>(Troy, Jersey City, USA)</p>
	<p>I bought a lot of electronics online last year, and everything was a good deal. The problem is that someone stole my credit card (信用卡) information and went shopping. My advice is: Be very careful when you shop online!</p> <p>(Eric, Ottawa, Canada)</p>
	<p>I buy all my things online - it's so cool! I never have to go to the mall or wait in line to pay. And I don't have to go around to different stores to compare prices. The only problem is that I usually spend too much money! I'm broke!</p> <p>(Nancy, Seattle, USA)</p>

(1) How did Mari feel when she first shopped online? _____

A. Disappointed.

- B. Excited.
- C. Worried.
- D. Interested.

(2) What was Troy's opinion on his online shopping experience? _____

- A. It wasted time.
- B. It saved money.
- C. It harmed health.
- D. It provided choices.

(3) Who does all the shopping online? _____

- A. Jake.
- B. Mari.
- C. Eric.
- D. Nancy.

10. (8 分) Remember the delicious pizza that you created? For most of us, it takes a long time to learn how to make something tasty, but not for Remmi Smith, Still a teenager, she's already creating fantastic dishes. She's also becoming well known for her Italian salad dressing, which is delicious. And with her knowledge of social media (媒体), she's making sure that everyone knows she's here!

Remmi, who was born in China, now lives in the USA. She is just 16. She has already starred in two shows on cooking and her book of healthy recipes has recently come out. From the age of four, Remmi helped in the kitchen by preparing vegetables. By the age of seven, Remmi was a real food lover who could cook complete meals for her family.

Remmi began making videos for fun. Her mother videoed her while she was cooking and put the videos online. A local TV station broadcast (播放) them. They then asked Remmi to create another show for them.

That show is mainly about Remmi's interest, which is getting teenagers to take healthy eating seriously. She believes that when young people make their own food, they care more about what they eat. Remmi works with a company in the USA which shows her videos in school dining halls. About 3.5 million students watch her every day!

Remmi believes that young people can create a healthy meal for their family which doesn't cost a lot. Her delicious recipes include vegetable paella and strawberry kebabs. In fact, strawberries, which are Remmi's favorite food, appear in other recipes, including strawberry sandwich!

Her latest idea is a healthy - snack service. For a monthly subscription (订购), you receive snacks, which include fruit sticks and popcorn, and fun cooking activities that help you develop a healthy lifestyle.

(1) When could Remmi make complete family meals? _____

- A. From the age of four.
- B. By the age of seven.
- C. Over the age of nine.
- D. At the age of sixteen.

(2) Why did the local TV station ask Remmi to make another show? _____

- A. To create more recipes.
- B. To encourage healthy eating.
- C. To show her media talent.
- D. To sell her cooking videos.

(3) Which was the correct time order of the following events? _____

- ① Remmi's book of recipes came out.
- ② A TV station broadcast Remmi's videos.
- ③ Remmi created a show for teenagers.
- ④ Remmi's mother put her videos online.

- A. ②③④①
- B. ②④①③
- C. ④③②①
- D. ④②③①

(4) Which is the best title for the text? _____

- A. An Expert of Social Media
- B. A Lover of Strawberry Dishes
- C. A Young Star of the Kitchen
- D. A Teenage Star of TV Shows

11. (8 分) Cyclocross is cross - country bicycle racing. Racers spend only part of a race on their bikes because only part of the two - mile race is smooth. Other parts of the race have the challenge of obstacles (障碍). When racers reach them, they can ride over them, or pick up their bikes and run.

To be a top racer, you must dismount without slowing down at all. To do this, swing your right leg over the bike seat. At the same time, move the bike away from your body. This makes room for your right foot to hit the ground next to your left foot. As your right foot nears the ground, take your left foot away from the bike. Put both feet on the ground and start running!

As soon as you are running, you have to decide what to do with your bike. You may shoulder it or lift it. It's important to practice both skills. Sometimes you need to run fast and jump over some obstacles. As your feet hit the ground, you reach down and catch the bottom of your bike. Lift up carefully and keep the bike on your right shoulder while you run. Some times you may lift your bike. You catch the top of your bike. Then you lift the bike high enough to get over the obstacles and carefully put the bike on the ground.

After you have carried your bike across an obstacle, you will need to remount. As soon as your bike is on the ground, push off with your left leg, swing your right leg over the bike seat, and move into riding position. Remounting can be the hardest skill of cyclocross. You can learn by watching someone who remounts well.

Cyclocross is a great way to stay active and have fun. However, it can be dangerous. Make sure that you are well prepared. Then, you will just need to go!

(1) What can we learn about cyclocross from the text? _____

- A. It's a no - obstacle bike race.
- B. It's a cross - city bike race.
- C. It's a challenging bike race.
- D. It's a dangerous running race.

(2) What does the underlined word "dismount" in paragraph 2 mean? _____

- A. Pick up a bike.
- B. Get off a bike.
- C. Get back on a bike.
- D. Practice riding a bike.

(3) Why does a racer have to shoulder a bike in a race? _____

- A. To jump over obstacles.
- B. To take care of the bike.
- C. To make room for others.

D. To hit the ground harder.

(4) What is the text mainly about? _____

A. The skills of cyclocross racing.

B. The history of cyclocross racing.

C. The records of cyclocross racing.

D. The popularity of cyclocross racing.

12. (8 分) We all enjoy being part of a group - there's no better work than teamwork, right? Actually, I disagree. Teamwork can be hard. In fact, it was so difficult that I left my office job and started working from home on my own. It's a much better fit for me, and it has made me think about why teamwork can make our jobs harder rather than easier.

Personalities (个性) can make teamwork difficult. There's often someone on the team that puts their needs first. The team often goes along with this person, whose ideas might not be the best, just the loudest. Just one difficult personality can make teamwork hard. Combine (结合) Several challenging personality types, and it's even harder.

Not having enough time together can also make teamwork challenging. For example, I was once on a team where we never had enough time to meet as a group. To successfully work as a team, you need time together - and lots of it.

A final reason teamwork is difficult is because there's often no training on how to work on a team. You can't just put people in a room and expect them to work well with each other. You need to build trust with your team members. Think of football players: They aren't just given a ball and told to play. They practice, and they train.

Team can be hard, but working alone has its challenges, too. When my computer doesn't work, I don't have an IT person to turn to. When I have a great idea, I don't have anyone to share it with to see if it really is a great idea. Don't get me wrong - I still like my team of one and enjoy making all of the important decisions myself. But now I realize what was wrong with the teamwork I did in the past and how good teamwork could be if done correctly. And that's useful information - because one day I might want to turn my ME TEAM into a WE TEAM.

(1) Why did the writer choose to work from home on his own? _____

A. To keep himself busier.

B. To keep himself healthier.

C. To make his job easier.

D. To make his team harder.

(2) Which of the following makes teamwork difficult? _____

A. Strong personality.

B. Lots of teamwork time.

C. Challenging ideas.

D. Clear team roles.

(3) What can we learn from the last paragraph? _____

A. WE TEAM has hardly any advantages.

B. ME TEAM needs a lot of IT engineers.

C. ME TEAM has no challenges for the writer.

D. WE TEAM may be the writer's choice one day.

(4) What is the purpose of the text? _____

A. To show the advantages of teamwork.

B. To tell the importance of teamwork.

C. To introduce the influence of teamwork.

D. To explain the difficulties of teamwork.

13. (10 分) 下面文章中有五处需要添加小标题。请从以下选项 (A、B、C、D、E 和 F) 中选出符合意思的标题。选项中有一项是多余选项。

What Makes A Movie A Hit?

(1) _____

Some stars have fans who will go and see any movie they are in. However, not all movies that have big stars in them are successful, and using famous actors can be expensive!

(2) _____

There are lots of movies which come from books, comics, computer games or TV shows. Just think of Harry Potter, Wonder Woman, X - Men, Star Wars, etc. People already love these, so they can't wait to see the movie.

(3) _____

Before people go and see a movie, they often check to see what others write or talk about it in the newspapers or on the websites. Also, people who love a movie will tell their friends how good it is.

(4) _____

This is really important. As well as posters, most big movies will now have a website that gives extra

information about the movie. Also, when a new movie comes out, the stars of the movie usually travel around the world and give interviews to get people interested in the movie.

(5) _____

Awards (奖) like the Oscars and the Golden Globes let people know which movies are good to watch. A movie that gets an award often becomes much more popular than before.

A. Make a movie that might win a prize.

B. Use a story or characters people like.

C. Advertise the movie well.

D. Use actors who are really famous.

E. Make a movie with high technology.

F. Make a movie that people will write or talk about.

英语知识运用

14. (15 分) 通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后在各题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中选出一个最佳选项。

In February 2007, about two hundred paragliders were in Australia to prepare for the World Championship. They included Ewa Wisnierska, a German paragliding champion (冠军). One morning, as the (1) _____ were getting ready to take off, they noticed that a terrible storm was coming. However, they decided to (2) _____. After all, these were the best paragliders in the world.

Unluckily, as the competitors took off, the weather quickly became (3) _____. Ewa tried to get away from the storm, but two huge (4) _____ came together and caught her.

The clouds pulled Ewa up inside the storm like a leaf in the (5) _____. She flew higher and higher, with lightning (闪电) and hailstones (冰雹) all around her. "I was (6) _____," she told reporters afterwards. "The last thing I (7) _____, it was dark. I could hear lightning all around me." She (8) _____ to about 10,000 meters high and then lost all her senses. At that height, the temperature was about -40°C .

After forty minutes Ewa woke up. She was still inside the storm. It was dark and hailstones were (9) _____ past. They were as big as tennis balls.

Finally, Ewa came out of the storm cloud and (10) _____ towards a small farm and landed (11) _____. She fell to the ground, too (12) _____ to call for help. When her team (13) _____ her,

she was 60 km away from the place where she took off. She was covered in ice - but alive!

Ewa was sent to a (an) (14) _____ for treatment at once, but a few days later, she competed in the World Championship. " Flying is too fantastic to stop (15) _____ an accident, " she said.

- | | | | | |
|------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| (1) | A. runners | B. competitors | C. pilots | D. winners |
| (2) | A. get up | B. turn on | C. look up | D. carry on |
| (3) | A. colder | B. cooler | C. worse | D. wetter |
| (4) | A. storms | B. clouds | C. birds | D. hands |
| (5) | A. wind | B. rain | C. tree | D. world |
| (6) | A. shaking | B. pulling | C. dreaming | D. smiling |
| (7) | A. decide | B. repeat | C. consider | D. remember |
| (8) | A. guided | B. drove | C. returned | D. rose |
| (9) | A. flying | B. walking | C. crying | D. pushing |
| (10) | A. climbed | B. jumped | C. headed | D. swam |
| (11) | A. comfortably | B. safely | C. sadly | D. secretly |
| (12) | A. proud | B. nervous | C. weak | D. brave |
| (13) | A. served | B. caught | C. visited | D. reached |
| (14) | A. hospital | B. school | C. hotel | D. office |
| (15) | A. next to | B. according to | C. because of | D. instead of |

15. (10 分) 阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入适当的内容 (1 个单词) 或括号内单词的正确形式。将答案填写在答题纸的相应位置。

Traffic School

Have you ever driven through a red traffic light? Have you ever parked in the wrong place or Driven (1) (fast) than the speed limit (限制) ? The answers are probably " yes ". Every year (2) (thousand) of drivers become " offenders " - they break the rules of the road. But (3) _____ are the punishments for this offence?

In most countries drivers have to pay a fine (罚款), (4) _____ (usual) \$ 100 - \$ 300. But in the USA, Australia and some (5) _____ (Europe) countries offenders also get points on their driving

license.After they get (6) _____ certain number of points, they can't drive.

Life is difficult when you can't drive.So far some states in the USA (7)
(introduce) a new way to avoid this - Traffic School.Offenders have a choice: They can get points on their
license (8) _____they can do a course at Traffic School.

Traffic Schools run "driver improvement courses".They cost about \$ 100 and take from four (9)
twelve hours.Most people do the course in a classroom, but in some states drivers can do the course online.Drivers
learn the rules of the road and they learn how (10) _____ (be) better drivers.They don't have to take a
driving test, but at the end of the course they have to pass a written examination.

单词拼写

16. (1 分) I like to spend time with my parents on Saturdays and S _____.

17. (1 分) The firefighters saved eight people in the big fire, three men and f _____ women.

18. (1 分) - What did you do on vacation, Sally?

- N _____.I just stayed at home.

19. (1 分) I didn't know the word's meaning, so I had to g _____.

20. (1 分) Sweet memories were b _____ back when I saw these old things.

21. (1 分) I like to follow the story and see what will h _____ next.

22. (1 分) The train j _____ from Hangzhou to Shanghai takes about 40 minutes.

23. (1 分) Let's i _____ Kate over for dinner tomorrow.

24. (1 分) There is a delicious s _____ coming from the kitchen.Is Mom cooking fish?

25. (1 分) You've told me the truth.Thank you for being so h _____ with me.

书面表达

26. (15 分) 假定你是李平, 请你对英国朋友 Jack 的邮件进行回复。词数 80 左右, 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

TO: LiPing@mail.com

SUBJECT: CU soon!

Hi Li Ping,

Next week I'll be with you in Hangzhou.I can't wait!It's going to be so cool!We can do lots of
exciting things together!I need to pack for my trip.What should I bring with me? Is there a swimming
pool or tennis center nearby?

I'd like to get you a gift from where I live.What would you like me to get you?

I'm so excited about the trip!See you soon.

Jack

Hi Jack,

Li Ping

2023 年浙江省杭州市中考英语试卷

参考答案与试题解析

第一节

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A.Customer and saleswoman.

B.Teacher and student.

C.Doctor and patient.

【分析】略

【解答】略

2. (2 分) Which lesson did Fred enjoy?

A.History.

B.Science.

C.Music.

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3. (2 分) What did the man do last night?

A.He went to the game.

B.He studied for a test.

C.He visited his grandparents.

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4. (2 分) Who will meet Lee at the airport?

A.His dad.

B.His uncle.

C.His mum.

【分析】略

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5. (2 分) What was the weather like?

A.Rainy.

B.Windy.

C.Cold.

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第二节

6. (6分) (1) When is the woman free?

A.On Monday evening.

B.On Tuesday evening.

C.On Wednesday evening.

(2) What are the speakers going to do together?

A.Visit a friend.

B.See a film.

C.Go swimming.

(3) What time are they going to meet?

A.At 7: 00.

B.At 7: 30.

C.At 8: 00.

【分析】略

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7. (6分) (1) Where is the man going next Monday?

A.New York City.

B.Washington D.C.

C.San Francisco.

(2) How is the man getting there?

A.By air.

B.By sea.

C.By train.

(3) What does the man plan to do there?

A.Watch a magic show.

B.See his brother.

C.Relax on the beach.

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8. (8 分) (1) How old was the speaker when he started writing stories?

A.Four.

B.Six.

C.Eight.

(2) Who encouraged the speaker to enter the writing competition?

A.His parents.

B.His friend.

C.His teacher.

(3) Where does the speaker write these days?

A.In the school library.

B.In his study.

C.In a hotel.

(4) What does the speaker use to keep his ideas for stories?

A.A notebook.

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【分析】略

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阅读理解

9. (6 分) 阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中选出最佳选项。

	<p>I like going to stores, but how do you know if a store has what you want? The great thing about shopping online is saving time!There are so many choices, and it doesn't take much time to find what you want!</p> <p>(Jake, Sydney.Australia)</p>
	<p>The first time I bought something online, I was a little nervous.I didn't know how they were going to ship it.But it arrived OK.Now the only problem is that I do too much</p>

	shopping online.And because I don't have to go out much anymore, I'm not very fit. (Mari, Lima Peru)
	I wanted to buy a new pair of sunglasses, but I was too busy to go to the stores in the city center.So I decided to order them online.They arrived quickly, but they were broken and the case looked used!So I had to go to the store to change them.What a waste of time! (Troy, Jersey City, USA)
	I bought a lot of electronics online last year, and everything was a good deal.The problem is that someone stole my credit card (信用卡) information and went shopping.My advice is: Be very careful when you shop online! (Eric, Ottawa, Canada)
	I buy all my things online - it's so cool!I never have to go to the mall or wait in line to pay.And I don't have to go around to different stores to compare prices.The only problem is that I usually spend too much money!I'm broke! (Nancy, Seattle, USA)

(1) How did Mari feel when she first shopped online? C

- A. Disappointed.
- B. Excited.
- C. Worried.
- D. Interested.

(2) What was Troy's opinion on his online shopping experience? A

- A. It wasted time.
- B. It saved money.
- C. It harmed health.
- D. It provided choices.

(3) Who does all the shopping online? D

- A. Jake.
- B. Mari.
- C. Eric.

D. Nancy.

【分析】文章主要介绍了五个人不同的购物体验。

【解答】细节理解题。

(1) 根据第二栏 The first time I bought something online, I was a little nervous. (我第一次在网上买东西时, 我有点紧张。) 可知 Mari 第一次网购时紧张。故选 C。

(2) 根据第三栏 What a waste of time! (真是浪费时间!) 可知 Troy 认为网购浪费时间。故选 A。

(3) 根据最后一栏 I buy all my things online - it's so cool! (我所有的东西都在网上买——太酷了!) 可知 Nancy 所有的东西都在网上买。故选 D。

10. (8 分) Remember the delicious pizza that you created? For most of us, it takes a long time to learn how to make something tasty, but not for Remmi Smith, Still a teenager, she's already creating fantastic dishes. She's also becoming well known for her Italian salad dressing, which is delicious. And with her knowledge of social media (媒体), she's making sure that everyone knows she's here!

Remmi, who was born in China, now lives in the USA. She is just 16. She has already starred in two shows on cooking and her book of healthy recipes has recently come out. From the age of four, Remmi helped in the kitchen by preparing vegetables. By the age of seven, Remmi was a real food lover who could cook complete meals for her family.

Remmi began making videos for fun. Her mother videoed her while she was cooking and put the videos online. A local TV station broadcast (播放) them. They then asked Remmi to create another show for them.

That show is mainly about Remmi's interest, which is getting teenagers to take healthy eating seriously. She believes that when young people make their own food, they care more about what they eat. Remmi works with a company in the USA which shows her videos in school dining halls. About 3.5 million students watch her every day!

Remmi believes that young people can create a healthy meal for their family which doesn't cost a lot. Her delicious recipes include vegetable paella and strawberry kebabs. In fact, strawberries, which are Remmi's favorite food, appear in other recipes, including strawberry sandwich!

Her latest idea is a healthy - snack service. For a monthly subscription (订购), you receive snacks, which include fruit sticks and popcorn, and fun cooking activities that help you develop a healthy lifestyle.

(1) When could Remmi make complete family meals? B

A. From the age of four.

B. By the age of seven.

C. Over the age of nine.

D. At the age of sixteen.

(2) Why did the local TV station ask Remmi to make another show? B

A. To create more recipes.

B. To encourage healthy eating.

C. To show her media talent.

D. To sell her cooking videos.

(3) Which was the correct time order of the following events? D

① Remmi's book of recipes came out.

② A TV station broadcast Remmi's videos.

③ Remmi created a show for teenagers.

④ Remmi's mother put her videos online.

A. ②③④①

B. ②④①③

C. ④③②①

D. ④②③①

(4) Which is the best title for the text? C

A. An Expert of Social Media

B. A Lover of Strawberry Dishes

C. A Young Star of the Kitchen

D. A Teenage Star of TV Shows

【分析】这篇短文主要介绍了一个名叫 Remmi Smith 的年轻女孩，她在十几岁的时候已经能够制作出美味的菜肴，并且以她的意大利沙拉酱而闻名。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第二段 By the age of seven, Remmi was a real food lover who could cook complete meals for her family. (七岁的时候，Remmi 已经是一个真正的美食爱好者，可以为她的家人做完整的饭菜。) 可知 Remmi 七岁的时候就可以为她的家人做完整的饭菜，故选 B。

(2) 细节理解题。根据第四段 That show is mainly about Remmi's interest, which is getting teenagers to take healthy eating seriously. (这个节目主要是关于 Remmi 的兴趣，让青少年认真对待健康饮食。) 可知当地电视台要求 Remmi 再做一个节目是为了鼓励健康饮食，故选 B。

(3) 细节理解题。根据第三段 Her mother videoed her while she was cooking and put the videos online.A local TV station broadcast (播放) them.They then asked Remmi to create another show for them. (她妈妈在她做饭的时候拍下了视频, 并把视频放到了网上。一家地方电视台播放了这些节目。然后他们要求 Remmi 为他们制作另一个节目。) 以及第四段 That show is mainly about Remmi's interest, which is getting teenagers to take healthy eating seriously. (这个节目主要是关于 Remmi 的兴趣, 让青少年认真对待健康饮食。) 以及第五段 Her delicious recipes include vegetable paella and strawberry kebabs. (她的美味食谱包括蔬菜海鲜饭和草莓烤肉串。) 可知正确的时间顺序为④②③①, 故选 D。

(4) 标题归纳题。根据第一段 For most of us, it takes a long time to learn how to make something tasty, but not for Remmi Smith, Still a teenager, she's already creating fantastic dishes.She's also becoming well known for her Italian salad dressing, which is delicious.And with her knowledge of social media (媒体), she's making sure that everyone knows she's here! (对我们大多数人来说, 学习如何做出美味的食物需要很长时间, 但对雷米·史密斯来说却不是这样, 她还是个十几岁的孩子, 就已经做出了美味的菜肴。她也因她的意大利沙拉酱而闻名, 这种沙拉酱非常美味。凭借她对社交媒体的了解, 她确保每个人都知道她在这里!) 可知本文主要介绍了 Remmi 是一个年轻有才华的女孩, 小时候就可以做出很美味的菜肴, 也与各大电视台合作鼓励人们健康饮食, 可知本文标题应为"年轻的厨房之星", 故选 C。

11. (8 分) Cyclocross is cross - country bicycle racing.Racers spend only part of a race on their bikes because only part of the two - mile race is smooth.Other parts of the race have the challenge of obstacles (障碍).When racers reach them, they can ride over them, or pick up their bikes and run.

To be a top racer, you must dismount without slowing down at all.To do this, swing your right leg over the bike seat.At the same time, move the bike away from your body.This makes room for your right foot to hit the ground next to your left foot.As your right foot nears the ground, take your left foot away from the bike.Put both feet on the ground and start running!

As soon as you are running, you have to decide what to do with your bike.You may shoulder it or lift it.It's important to practice both skills.Sometimes you need to run fast and jump over some obstacles .As your feet hit the ground, you reach down and catch the bottom of your bike.Lift up carefully and keep the bike on your right shoulder while you run.Some times you may lift your bike.You catch the top of your bike.Then you lift the bike high enough to get over the obstacles and carefully put the bike on the ground.

After you have carried your bike across an obstacle, you will need to remount .As soon as your bike is on the ground, push off with your left leg, swing your right leg over the bike seat, and move into riding position.Remounting can be the hardest skill of cyclocross.You can learn by watching someone who remounts

well.

Cyclocross is a great way to stay active and have fun. However, it can be dangerous. Make sure that you are well prepared. Then, you will just need to go!

(1) What can we learn about cyclocross from the text? C

- A. It's a no - obstacle bike race.
- B. It's a cross - city bike race.
- C. It's a challenging bike race.
- D. It's a dangerous running race.

(2) What does the underlined word "dismount" in paragraph 2 mean? B

- A. Pick up a bike.
- B. Get off a bike.
- C. Get back on a bike.
- D. Practice riding a bike.

(3) Why does a racer have to shoulder a bike in a race? A

- A. To jump over obstacles.
- B. To take care of the bike.
- C. To make room for others.
- D. To hit the ground harder.

(4) What is the text mainly about? A

- A. The skills of cyclocross racing.
- B. The history of cyclocross racing.
- C. The records of cyclocross racing.
- D. The popularity of cyclocross racing.

【分析】 本文主要介绍了越野自行车赛事——Cyclocross。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第一段 "Racers spend only part of a race on their bikes because only part of the two - mile race is smooth. Other parts of the race have the challenge of obstacles." (选手们只花一部分时间在自行车上, 因为两英里的赛程中只有一部分是平坦的。比赛的其他部分有障碍的挑战。) 可知, 这是一个有挑战性的比赛, 故选 C。

(2) 词义猜测题。根据第二段 "To be a top racer, you must dismount without slowing down at all. To do this,

swing your right leg over the bike seat. At the same time, move the bike away from your body." (要成为一名顶级车手, 你必须完全不减速下车。要做到这一点, 把你的右腿放在自行车座位上。同时, 把自行车从你的身体上移开。) 可知, 要成为一名顶级赛车手, 速度必须要快, 而且要做到在不减速的情况下从自行车上下来, 所以划线单词是指 "get off a bike", 故选 B。

(3) 细节理解题。根据第三段 "As soon as you are running, you have to decide what to do with your bike. You may shoulder it or lift it. It's important to practice both skills. Sometimes you need to run fast and jump over some obstacles." (一旦你开始跑步, 你就必须决定如何处理你的自行车。你可以扛着它, 也可以举起它。练习这两种技能很重要。有时你需要跑得快, 跳过一些障碍。) 可知, 这样做是为了跳过障碍物。故选 A。

(4) 主旨大意题。通读全文可知, 本文主要介绍了越野自行车比赛的情况, 以及成为一名顶级赛车手所要具备的技能, 故选 A。

12. (8 分) We all enjoy being part of a group - there's no better work than teamwork, right? Actually, I disagree. Teamwork can be hard. In fact, it was so difficult that I left my office job and started working from home on my own. It's a much better fit for me, and it has made me think about why teamwork can make our jobs harder rather than easier.

Personalities (个性) can make teamwork difficult. There's often someone on the team that puts their needs first. The team often goes along with this person, whose ideas might not be the best, just the loudest. Just one difficult personality can make teamwork hard. Combine (结合) Several challenging personality types, and it's even harder.

Not having enough time together can also make teamwork challenging. For example, I was once on a team where we never had enough time to meet as a group. To successfully work as a team, you need time together - and lots of it.

A final reason teamwork is difficult is because there's often no training on how to work on a team. You can't just put people in a room and expect them to work well with each other. You need to build trust with your team members. Think of football players: They aren't just given a ball and told to play. They practice, and they train.

Team can be hard, but working alone has its challenges, too. When my computer doesn't work, I don't have an IT person to turn to. When I have a great idea, I don't have anyone to share it with to see if it really is a great idea. Don't get me wrong - I still like my team of one and enjoy making all of the important decisions myself. But now I realize what was wrong with the teamwork I did in the past and how good teamwork could be if done correctly. And that's useful information - because one day I might want to turn my ME TEAM into a WE TEAM.

(1) Why did the writer choose to work from home on his own? C

- A. To keep himself busier.
- B. To keep himself healthier.
- C. To make his job easier.
- D. To make his team harder.

(2) Which of the following makes teamwork difficult? A

- A. Strong personality.
- B. Lots of teamwork time.
- C. Challenging ideas.
- D. Clear team roles.

(3) What can we learn from the last paragraph? D

- A. WE TEAM has hardly any advantages.
- B. ME TEAM needs a lot of IT engineers.
- C. ME TEAM has no challenges for the writer.
- D. WE TEAM may be the writer's choice one day.

(4) What is the purpose of the text? D

- A. To show the advantages of teamwork.
- B. To tell the importance of teamwork.
- C. To introduce the influence of teamwork.
- D. To explain the difficulties of teamwork.

【分析】本文主要讲述了作者对于团队合作的看法。作者认为，团队合作并不是那么容易，个性、时间和培训等因素都会影响团队的效果。首先，个性差异会导致团队合作的困难，有些人可能会优先考虑自己的需求，而不是团队的利益。其次，时间不足也会影响团队合作，没有足够的时间在一起，就无法建立起团队的信任和默契。最后，缺乏团队合作的培训也是一个问题，只是把人们放在一起，并不能保证他们能够良好地合作。作者还提到了自己独自工作的经历，虽然自己可以做出重要的决策，但是也会遇到一些困难，比如没有 IT 人员可以寻求帮助，没有人可以分享自己的想法。最后，作者认为，团队合作的确很难，但是如果做得好，效果也会很好，因此，我们需要认真对待团队合作，并不断学习和提高。

【解答】(1) 细节推理题。根据第一段 Teamwork can be hard. In fact, it was so difficult that I left my office job and started working from home on my own. It's a much better fit for me, and it has made me think about

why teamwork can make our jobs harder rather than easier. (团队合作可能很难。事实上, 这太难了, 所以我辞去了办公室的工作, 开始自己在家工作。它更适合我, 它让我思考为什么团队合作会让我们的工作变得更困难而不是更容易。) 可推断出作者选择独自在家工作是为了使他的工作更容易。故选 C。

(2) 细节理解题。根据第二段 Personalities can make teamwork difficult. (个性会让团队合作变得困难。) 以及第三段 Not having enough time together can also make teamwork challenging. (没有足够的时间在一起也会给团队合作带来挑战。) 以及第四段 A final reason teamwork is difficult is because there's often no training on how to work on a team. (团队合作困难的最后一个原因是, 通常没有关于如何在团队中工作的培训。) 可知个性很强使团队合作变得困难。故选 A。

(3) 细节理解题。根据最后一段 Team can be hard, but working alone has its challenges, too. When my computer doesn't work, I don't have an IT person to turn to. When I have a great idea, I don't have anyone to share it with to see if it really is a great idea. Don't get me wrong - I still like my team of one and enjoy making all of the important decisions myself. But now I realize what was wrong with the teamwork I did in the past and how good teamwork could be if done correctly. And that's useful information - because one day I might want to turn my ME TEAM into a WE TEAM. (团队合作可能会很艰难, 但独自工作也有挑战。当我的电脑出故障时, 我没有 IT 人员可以求助。当我有一个伟大的想法时, 我没有人来分享它, 看看它是否真的是一个伟大的想法。不要误解我——我仍然喜欢我的团队, 喜欢自己做所有重要的决定。但现在我意识到我过去的团队合作有什么问题, 如果做得正确, 团队合作会有多好。这是有用的信息, 因为有一天我可能想把我的个人团队变成一个集体团队。) 可知我们可以从最后一段中得知我们团队有一天可能会成为作者的选择。故选 D。

(4) 主旨大意题。根据第二段 Personalities can make teamwork difficult. (个性会让团队合作变得困难。) 以及第三段 Not having enough time together can also make teamwork challenging. (没有足够的时间在一起也会给团队合作带来挑战。) 以及第四段 A final reason teamwork is difficult is because there's often no training on how to work on a team. (团队合作困难的最后一个原因是, 通常没有关于如何在团队中工作的培训。) 可知文章主要讲述了团队合作的困难。故选 D。

13. (10 分) 下面文章中有五处需要添加小标题。请从以下选项 (A、B、C、D、E 和 F) 中选出符合意思的标题。选项中有一项是多余选项。

What Makes A Movie A Hit?

(1) D

Some stars have fans who will go and see any movie they are in. However, not all movies that have big stars in them are successful, and using famous actors can be expensive!

(2) B

There are lots of movies which come from books, comics, computer games or TV shows. Just think of Harry Potter, Wonder Woman, X - Men, Star Wars, etc. People already love these, so they can't wait to see the movie.

(3) F

Before people go and see a movie, they often check to see what others write or talk about it in the newspapers or on the websites. Also, people who love a movie will tell their friends how good it is.

(4) C

This is really important. As well as posters, most big movies will now have a website that gives extra information about the movie. Also, when a new movie comes out, the stars of the movie usually travel around the world and give interviews to get people interested in the movie.

(5) A

Awards (奖) like the Oscars and the Golden Globes let people know which movies are good to watch. A movie that gets an award often becomes much more popular than before.

- A. Make a movie that might win a prize.

B. Use a story or characters people like.

C. Advertise the movie well.

D. Use actors who are really famous.

E. Make a movie with high technology.

F. Make a movie that people will write or talk about.

【分析】 本文介绍了几个让电影大受欢迎的因素。

【解答】 细节推理题。

(1) 根据后句 "Some stars have fans who will go and see any movie they are in. However, not all movies that have big stars in them are successful, and using famous actors can be expensive!" (有些明星有粉丝，他们会去看他们演的任何电影。然而，并不是所有有大明星出演的电影都是成功的，聘请著名演员可能会很昂贵!) 可知，电影中使用著名演员可能会很昂贵。选项 D "用真正有名的演员。" 符合语境。故选 D。

(2) 根据后句 "There are lots of movies which come from books, comics, computer games or TV shows. Just think of *Harry Potter*, *Wonder Woman*, *X - Men*, *Star Wars*, etc. People already love these, so they can't wait to see the movie." (有很多电影来自书籍、漫画、电脑游戏或电视节目。想想《哈利波特》、《神奇

女侠》、《x 战警》、《星球大战》等等。人们已经很喜欢这些了，所以他们迫不及待地想看这部电影。）可知，电影中使用了很多人们喜欢的书籍、漫画、电脑游戏或电视节目。选项 B"使用人们喜欢的故事或人物。"符合语境。故选 B。

(3) 根据后句"Before people go and see a movie, they often check to see what others write or talk about it in the newspapers or on the websites.Also, people who love a movie will tell their friends how good it is."（在人们去看电影之前，他们经常在报纸或网站上查看其他人写了什么或谈论了什么。此外，喜欢一部电影的人会告诉他们的朋友这部电影有多好。）可知，在人们看电影之前，经常会查看别人在报纸或网站上写了什么或谈论了什么。选项 F"制作一部人们会写或谈论的电影。"符合语境。故选 F。

(4) 根据后句"This is really important.As well as posters, most big movies will now have a website that gives extra information about the movie.Also, when a new movie comes out, the stars of the movie usually travel around the world and give interviews to get people interested in the movie."（这真的很重要。除了海报，大多数大片现在都有一个网站，提供有关电影的额外信息。此外，当一部新电影上映时，电影明星通常会环游世界，接受采访，让人们这部电影感兴趣。）可知，此处是说电影上映后，明星要会环游世界，接受采访，做好电影的宣传。选项 C"好好宣传这部电影。"符合语境。故选 C。

(5) 根据后句"Awards （奖） like the Oscars and the Golden Globes let people know which movies are good to watch.A movie that gets an award often becomes much more popular than before."（像奥斯卡和金球奖这样的奖项让人们知道哪些电影值得看。获得奖项的电影通常比以前更受欢迎。）可知，获奖的电影更受欢迎。选项 A"拍一部可能获奖的电影。"符合语境。故选 A。

英语知识运用

14. (15 分) 通读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后在各题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中选出一个最佳选项。

In February 2007 , about two hundred paragliders were in Australia to prepare for the World Championship.They included Ewa Wisnierska, a German paragliding champion (冠军).One morning, as the (1) B were getting ready to take off, they noticed that a terrible storm was coming.However, they decided to (2) D.After all, these were the best paragliders in the world.

Unluckily, as the competitors took off, the weather quickly became (3) C.Ewa tried to get away from the storm, but two huge (4) B came together and caught her.

The clouds pulled Ewa up inside the storm like a leaf in the (5) A.She flew higher and higher, with lightning (闪电) and hailstones (冰雹) all around her."I was (6) A," she told reporters afterwards." The last thing I (7) D, it was dark.I could hear lightning all around me." She (8) D to about 10, 000 meters

high and then lost all her senses. At that height, the temperature was about -40°C .

After forty minutes Ewa woke up. She was still inside the storm. It was dark and hailstones were (9) A past. They were as big as tennis balls.

Finally, Ewa came out of the storm cloud and (10) C towards a small farm and landed (11) B. She fell to the ground, too (12) C to call for help. When her team (13) D her, she was 60 km away from the place where she took off. She was covered in ice - but alive!

Ewa was sent to a (an) (14) A for treatment at once, but a few days later, she competed in the World Championship. "Flying is too fantastic to stop (15) C an accident," she said.

- | | | | | |
|------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| (1) | A. runners | B. competitors | C. pilots | D. winners |
| (2) | A. get up | B. turn on | C. look up | D. carry on |
| (3) | A. colder | B. cooler | C. worse | D. wetter |
| (4) | A. storms | B. clouds | C. birds | D. hands |
| (5) | A. wind | B. rain | C. tree | D. world |
| (6) | A. shaking | B. pulling | C. dreaming | D. smiling |
| (7) | A. decide | B. repeat | C. consider | D. remember |
| (8) | A. guided | B. drove | C. returned | D. rose |
| (9) | A. flying | B. walking | C. crying | D. pushing |
| (10) | A. climbed | B. jumped | C. headed | D. swam |
| (11) | A. comfortably | B. safely | C. sadly | D. secretly |
| (12) | A. proud | B. nervous | C. weak | D. brave |
| (13) | A. served | B. caught | C. visited | D. reached |
| (14) | A. hospital | B. school | C. hotel | D. office |
| (15) | A. next to | B. according to | C. because of | D. instead of |

【分析】 本文是一篇记叙文，2007年2月，大约200名滑翔伞运动员在澳大利亚准备参加世界锦标赛。其中包括德国滑翔伞冠军埃娃·维斯涅斯卡，他们在天气恶劣的情况下飞行遇到了事故。

【解答】 (1) 考查名词词义辨析。句意：一天早上，当选手们准备起飞时，他们注意到一场可怕的风暴即将来临。runners 奔跑者；competitors 选手；pilots 飞行员；winners 获胜者。根据下文 Unluckily, as the

competitors took off, (不幸地是, 当选手们起飞时,) 可知, 一天早上, 当选手们准备起飞时, 他们注意到一场可怕的风暴即将来临。此处使用 competitors, 表示"选手"符合语境。故选 B。

(2) 考查动词短语。句意: 然而, 他们决定继续下去。get up 起床; turn on 打开; look up 向上看; carry on 继续。根据下文 After all, these were the best paragliders in the world. (毕竟, 他们是世界上最好的滑翔伞运动员。) 及结合上文中的 they noticed that a terrible storm was coming. (他们注意到一场可怕的风暴即将来临。) 可知, 可怕的风暴即将来临, 活动本应停止, 然而他们是世界上最好的滑翔伞运动员, However (然而) 表转折, 说明活动会继续下去。故选 D。

(3) 考查形容词词义辨析。句意: 不幸地是, 当选手们出发时, 天气很快就变更糟了。colder 更冷; cooler 更凉快; worse 更糟糕; wetter 更潮湿。根据上文 a terrible storm was coming. (一场可怕的风暴即将来临。) 及 Unluckily, (不幸地是,) 可知, 天气变得更糟了。故选 C。

(4) 考查名词词义辨析。句意: 埃娃试图逃离风暴, 但两大片云聚集在一起, 把她困住了。storms 风暴; clouds 云彩; birds 鸟; hands 手。根据下文 The clouds pulled Ewa up inside the storm... (云把埃娃拉进了暴风雨……) 可知, 是两大片云聚集在一起, 把她困住了。故选 B。

(5) 考查名词词义辨析。句意: 乌云把埃娃拉进了暴风雨, 就像在风里的一片叶子。wind 风; rain 雨; tree 树; world 世界。根据下文 She flew higher and higher, (她飞得越来越高,) 可推断, 此处使用 wind, 表示埃娃就"像在风里的一片叶子"越飞越高, 符合语境。故选 A。

(6) 考查动词词义辨析。句意: "我浑身发抖," 她事后告诉记者。shaking 颤动, 发抖; pulling 拉; dreaming 做梦; smiling 微笑。根据上文 She flew higher and higher, with lightning (闪电) and hailstones (冰雹) all around her. (她飞得越来越高, 周围都是闪电和冰雹。) 可知, 她很害怕, 浑身发抖。故选 A。

(7) 考查动词词义辨析。句意: 我所记得的最后一件事就是天黑了。decide 决定; repeat 重复; consider 考虑; remember 记住。根据 The last thing (最后一件事) 可知, 此处使用 remember, 表示"我所记得的最后一件事"。故选 D。

(8) 考查动词词义辨析。句意: 她升到大约 1 万米高, 然后失去了一切知觉。guided 带领; drove 驾驶; returned 返回; rose 升起。根据 about 10, 000 meters high (大约 1 万米高) 可知, 是她升到大约 1 万米高, 此处使用 rose, 表示"升起"符合语境。故选 D。

(9) 考查动词词义辨析。句意: 天很黑, 冰雹飞过。flying 飞行; walking 步行; crying 哭; pushing 推。根据 hailstones (冰雹) 可知, 冰雹从她身边飞过。故选 A。

(10) 考查动词词义辨析。句意: 最后, 艾娃从暴风雨中出来, 驶向一个小农场, 安全着陆。climbed 爬; jumped 跳; headed 朝某特定方向行进; swam 游泳。根据 towards a small farm (朝着一个小农场) 可知, 她是驶向一个小农场, head towards 朝着某个方向前进, 即驶向。故选 C。

(11) 考查副词词义辨析。句意：最后，艾娃从暴风雨中出来，驶向一个小农场，安全着陆。comfortably 舒服地；safely 安全地；sadly 伤心地；secretly 秘密地。根据下文 She was covered in ice - but alive! (她浑身都是冰——但还活着!) 可知，她安全着陆。故选 B。

(12) 考查形容词词义辨析。句意：她倒在地上，虚弱得无法呼救。proud 自豪的；nervous 紧张的；weak 虚弱的；brave 勇敢的。根据上文 Finally, Ewa came out of the storm cloud and...towards a small farm and landed safely. (最后，埃娃从暴风雨中出来，驶向一个小农场，安全着陆。) 可推断，埃娃着陆后，受伤了，身体虚弱，无法呼救。故选 C。

(13) 考查动词词义辨析。句意：当她的团队找到她时，她离她起飞的地方有 60 公里远。served 提供；caught 抓住；visited 参观；reached 被看见。根据上文 She fell to the ground, too _____ to call for help. (她倒在地上，太……无法呼救。) 可知，她不能呼救，是被团队找到的。此处使用 reached，表示“被看见”符合语境。故选 D。

(14) 考查名词词义辨析。句意：埃娃立即被送往医院接受治疗，但几天后，她参加了世界锦标赛。"hospital 医院；school 学校；hotel 旅馆；office 办公室。根据 for treatment (进行治疗。) 可知，埃娃被送往医院接受治疗。故选 A。

(15) 考查介词短语。句意：“飞行太神奇了，不能因为一次事故就停止。”她说。next to 紧挨着；according to 根据；because of 因为；instead of 代替。根据 ...but a few days later, she competed in the World Championship. (但几天后，她参加了世界锦标赛。) 可知，她没有因为事故而停止飞行。故选 C。

15. (10 分) 阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容 (1 个单词) 或括号内单词的正确形式。将答案填写在答题纸的相应位置。

Traffic School

Have you ever driven through a red traffic light? Have you ever parked in the wrong place or Driven (1) faster (fast) than the speed limit (限制)? The answers are probably "yes". Every year (2) thousands (thousand) of drivers become "offenders" - they break the rules of the road. But (3) what are the punishments for this offence?

In most countries drivers have to pay a fine (罚款), (4) usually (usual) \$ 100 - \$ 300. But in the USA, Australia and some (5) European (Europe) countries offenders also get points on their driving license. After they get (6) a certain number of points, they can't drive.

Life is difficult when you can't drive. So far some states in the USA (7) have introduced (introduce) a new way to avoid this - Traffic School. Offenders have a choice: They can get points on their license (8) if they can do a course at Traffic School.

Traffic Schools run "driver improvement courses". They cost about \$ 100 and take from four (9) to twelve hours. Most people do the course in a classroom, but in some states drivers can do the course online. Drivers learn the rules of the road and they learn how (10) to be (be) better drivers. They don't have to take a driving test, but at the end of the course they have to pass a written examination.

【分析】本文主要介绍了人们在不同国家违反交通规则的处理方法。

【解答】(1) 考查副词。句意：你是否曾把车停错地方或超速驾驶？根据"than"可知空处需用比较级。故填 faster。

(2) 考查数词。句意：每年都有成千上万的司机成为"违规者"——他们违反交通规则。空前无具体数字，需用 thousands of "数以千计的"表示泛指。故填 thousands。

(3) 考查代词。句意：但是这种罪行的惩罚是什么呢？根据语境可知是询问处罚是什么。what 表示"什么"。故填 what。

(4) 考查副词。句意：在大多数国家，司机必须支付罚款，通常是 100 到 300 美元。修饰动词，需用副词形式 usually 表示"通常"。故填 usually。

(5) 考查形容词。句意：但在美国、澳大利亚和一些欧洲国家，违规者的驾驶执照也会被扣分。修饰名词"countries"，需用形容词作定语。European "欧洲的"。故填 European。

(6) 考查冠词。句意：在他们得到一定数量的分数之后，他们就不能开车了。a certain number of 表示"一定数量的……"。故填 a。

(7) 考查动词。句意：到目前为止，美国的一些州已经推出了一种新的方法来避免这种情况——交通学校。根据"So far"可知本句需用现在完成时 (have/has done)，主语是复数，助动词用 have。故填 have introduced。

(8) 考查连词。句意：违法者有一个选择：如果他们能在交通学校学习课程，他们可以在驾照上获得分数。分析句子可知，前句是后句是肯定条件，需用 if 表示"如果"。故填 if。

(9) 考查介词。句意：它们花费大约 100 美元，需要 4 到 12 个小时。from...to...表示"从……到……"，固定短语。故填 to。

(10) 考查动词。句意：司机学习道路规则，他们学习如何成为更好的司机。how to do sth 表示"如何做某事"。故填 to be。

单词拼写

16. (1 分) I like to spend time with my parents on Saturdays and S undays.

【分析】我喜欢在星期六和星期天和父母在一起。

【解答】根据"我喜欢在星期六和.....和父母在一起。"及首字母提示可知，应该是"星期天"。and 连接并

列成分，由名词复数 Saturdays 可知，填 Sunday 的复数。

故答案为：Sundays。

17. (1 分) The firefighters saved eight people in the big fire, three men and f ive women.

【分析】消防队员在大火中救了八个人，三个男的，五个女的。

【解答】本题考点是基数词的用法。根据句中的 eight 和 three 可知空格处应填 five。

故答案为：five。

18. (1 分) - What did you do on vacation, Sally?

- N othing. I just stayed at home.

【分析】- - Sally，你假期干了什么？

- - 什么都没干。就呆在家里。

【解答】本题考查复合不定代词的用法。根据 I just stayed at home，结合所给首字母可知空格处填 Nothing。

故答案为：Nothing。

19. (1 分) I didn't know the word's meaning, so I had to g uess.

【分析】我不知道这个词的意思，所以我不得不猜测。

【解答】根据"我不知道这个词的意思，所以我不得不....."，及首字母提示可知，应该是"猜测"，这里 had to 后跟动词原形 guess。

故答案为：guess。

20. (1 分) Sweet memories were b rought back when I saw these old things.

【分析】当我看到这些古老的东西时，勾起了我的甜蜜回忆。

【解答】bring back 勾起，唤起，bring 的过去分词是 brought。根据观察可知题干是复合句，含有 when 引导的时间状语从句。主句使用的是一般过去时的被动语态，空格处需要填一个过去分词。根据主语 sweet memories，结合首字母及 back 可知空格处填 brought，bring back 勾起，唤起。

故答案为：brought。

21. (1 分) I like to follow the story and see what will h appen next.

【分析】我喜欢跟着这个故事看接下来会发生什么。

【解答】根据 I like to follow the story and see 结合首字母可知这里表达的意思是"接下来会发生什么"，happen 发生，will 后跟动词原形。

故答案为：happen。

22. (1 分) The train j ourney from Hangzhou to Shanghai takes about 40 minutes.

【分析】从杭州到上海的火车旅行大约需要 40 分钟。

【解答】根据题干 from Hangzhou to Shanghai（从杭州到上海）可知，是指从杭州到上海的火车旅行大约需要 40 分钟。

故答案为：journey。

23.（1 分） Let's i nvite Kate over for dinner tomorrow.

【分析】让我们邀请凯特明天过来吃饭吧。

【解答】根据观察和分析可知题干是一个 let's 开头的祈使句，后面接单词原形。根据分析句子结构和句意，结合首字母可知空格处填 invite（邀请）。

故答案为：invite。

24.（1 分） There is a delicious s mell coming from the kitchen.Is Mom cooking fish?

【分析】厨房里飘出一股香味。妈妈在做鱼吗？

【解答】根据题干，可知是指厨房里飘出一股香味。妈妈在做鱼吗？smell 味道，a 后接可数名词单数形式。考查句型 there be...doing sth"有……正在做某事"。

故答案为：smell。

25.（1 分） You've told me the truth.Thank you for being so h onest with me.

【分析】你告诉了我真相。谢谢你对我这么诚实。

【解答】根据"你告诉了我真相。谢谢你对我这么....."，及首字母提示可知，应该是"诚实的"，be honest with"对……诚实"固定短语。

故答案为：honest。

书面表达

26.（15 分）假定你是李平，请你对英国朋友 Jack 的邮件进行回复。词数 80 左右，可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

TO: LiPing@mail.com

SUBJECT: CU soon!

Hi Li Ping,

Next week I'll be with you in Hangzhou.I can't wait!It's going to be so cool!We can do lots of exciting things together!I need to pack for my trip.What should I bring with me? Is there a swimming pool or tennis center nearby?

I'd like to get you a gift from where I live.What would you like me to get you?

I'm so excited about the trip! See you soon.

Jack

Hi Jack,

Li Ping

【分析】【高分句型一】

If you like to play basketball, there is also a gym here. 如果你喜欢打篮球，这里也有健身房。if 引导的条件状语从句。

【高分句型二】

I like any present you buy, but I especially like cartoon books. 我喜欢你买的任何礼物，但我特别喜欢漫画书。but 表转折。

【解答】 Hi Jack,

I am also very excited to hear that you are coming to Hangzhou. It is very hot here, so you should bring some summer clothes, sunglasses, etc. (带什么) There are lots of swimming pools and tennis centres. (有游泳馆和网球中心) We can play tennis in the tennis center in the morning, and we can swim in the swimming pool in the afternoon. If you like to play basketball, there is also a gym here. **【高分句型一】** So we can still play basketball. I like any present you buy, but I especially like cartoon books. **【高分句型二】** You can buy me some cartoon books. (礼物) I am looking forward to your coming.

Li Ping