



教材课后习题答案



Starter Welcome to junior high!

• Get ready|P3

- 1 schoolbag
- 2 pencil case
- 3 pens
- 4 ruler
- 5 textbooks

Know your school

• 1|教材 P6

teaching building(左下)
playground(中间)
dining hall(右)

• 2|教材 P7

- × 1 There are three floors in the teaching building.
根据左下第一个方框中的“*It has three floors.*”可知教学楼有三层,故此处应将 *six floors* 改成 *three floors*。
- ✓ 2 / 根据右上第一个方框中的“*This is Building 2... And there's also a library.*”可知 2 号楼有一个图书馆。故第二句正确。
- ✓ 3 / 根据下面中间的方框中的“*After school, we run or play football in it.*”可知放学后同学们可以在操场踢足球。故第三句正确。
- × 4 The food in the dining hall is good. 根据右下方框中的“*It's not big, but the food is good.*”可知学校餐厅的食物是美味的,故此处应将 *not good* 改成 *good*。

• 3|教材 P8

- 1—b but 根据 *school library* 可知 1 对应 b; 结合 *isn't big* 和 *many books* 可知此处为转折关系,故填 *but*。
- 2—c and 根据 *Our school* 和 *teaching buildings* 可知 2 对应 c; 前半句介绍学校美丽,后半句介绍学校有 3 个教学楼,因此此处为递进关系,故填 *and*。

3—a or 根据 *After school* 和 *join the science club* 可知 3 对应 a; 此处表示在 *go home* 与 *join the science club* 之间任选一个,为选择关系,故填 *or*。

• 4|教材 P8

将“*This is our new school.*”与“*That is my new teacher.*”圈出来,两句都是主系表结构。

将“*My junior high years begin.*”与“*The teachers come.*”圈出来,两句都是主谓结构。

将“*I love my new school!*”与“*The school has five buildings.*”圈出来,两句都是主谓宾结构。

• 5|教材 P8

I love my new school. There is a teaching building, Building 2, a dining hall and a playground. The teaching building has three floors and you can have classes in this building. Building 2 has three floors, too. You can have art lessons on the second floor and read books on the third floor. The dining hall is not big, but the food is very delicious and healthy. The playground is big and clean. You can do morning exercises, run or play football in it. My new school is so beautiful!

本题为开放性试题,言之有理且无语法错误即可。

Introduce yourself

• 1|教材 P9

- 1 I can see in a classroom, a girl is standing in the front of the classroom and making a speech. Other students are sitting well and listening to her speech. The teacher is clapping her hands with a smile on her face.
- 2 The passage is about the self-introduction on the first day in junior high.

• 3|教材 P10

- 1 loves

- 2 playing football
- 3 went to Dalian
- 4 swam
- 5 nervous
- 6 excited

· 4 | 教材 P11

She is a helpful girl, and she likes helping people with their difficulties./She is a sporty girl, and she likes running, playing football and swimming./She is an outgoing girl, and she is excited to meet new teachers and classmates.

本题为开放性试题,言之有理且无语法错误即可。

· 5 | 教材 P11

- 1 Xiao Wang
- 2 listening to music and reading novels
- 3 went to Beijing with my parents. We climbed up the Great Wall and visited the Summer Palace. I enjoyed myself there
- 4 warm-hearted girl and I'm always ready to help others
- 5 make friends with all of you

本题为开放性试题,言之有理且无语法错误即可。

· 6 | 教材 P11

Hello everyone. My name is Li Hua. Today is my first day in junior high. Our school is beautiful and I like it very much. I like keeping animals. I keep three cats and one turtle at my home. They are lovely. This summer holiday I went on a summer camp in Qingdao, Shandong Province. We played on the beach and visited

the Qingdao Polar Ocean Park. There were so many cute animals. I had a good time there. I'm kind and I'm willing to help people in trouble. Now I'm a bit nervous but I'm also excited to meet new teachers and classmates. I want to get on well with all of you.

本题为开放性试题,言之有理且无语法错误即可。

Hold a party

· 1 | 教材 P12

participants: students, parents, teachers

places: our classroom, the multimedia room

本题为开放性试题,言之有理且无语法错误即可。

· 2 | 教材 P12

I'll sing a song./I'll draw some posters./I'll decorate our classroom with the posters./I'll host our party.

本题为开放性试题,言之有理且无语法错误即可。

· 3 | 教材 P13

To get better at English, I'm going to read more English novels and listen to the English radio. In order to improve my spoken English, I'm going to join the English club and talk with other students in English every day. Of course, I'll try to remember the new words by reading aloud and writing more. I will ask teachers and other students for help when I'm in trouble. I believe I can do that.

运用句型“to do...”和“I'm going to...”将自己的计划写出,时态运用一般将来时,有道理即可。

Unit 1 A new start

Starting out

· 2 | 教材 P15

I know...

- 1 School starts at eight o'clock.
- 2 There are more than seven subjects to learn.
- 3 Students will have lunch in the dining hall.

What I want to know...

- 2 What are our teachers like?
- 3 How many clubs are there in my school and which

one can I join?

How I can find out more...

- 2 I can browse our school website.
- 3 I can talk with eighth-graders or ninth-graders.

本题为开放性试题,言之有理且无语法错误即可。

Understanding ideas

· 1 | 教材 P16

- 1 Chinese

- 2 Everyone made a self-introduction and our Chinese teacher told us how to learn Chinese well.
- 3 I think it is important to read widely.

本题为开放性试题,言之有理且无语法错误即可。

• 2|教材 P16

He found a mistake Ms Chen made, so he put up his hand and pointed it out.

• 3|教材 P18

c 从文章第八段的“ It’s important to think more in your learning. Please always remember this. ”可知文章主要是告诉同学们要学思结合,故选 c。

• 4|教材 P18

- 1 wrote
- 2 right
- 3 Questions
- 4 meaning
- 5 put up
- 6 think more

• Think and share|教材 P18

- 1 The meaning is that we should think more when we learn something. Otherwise it is useless.
- 2 Where there is a will, there is a way. (有志者,事竟成。)

Learning to think for question 1

①He said it to his students. ②Because he thought thinking is very important and helpful. ③I think learning without thinking is no use and that thinking without learning is harmful. We should think more when we learn and ask more questions when we don’t know why.

本题为开放性试题,言之有理且无语法错误即可。

• 5|教材 P19

Grammar rules:

I	we	you	you	he	she	it	they
me	us	you	you	him	her	it	them
my	our	your	your	his	her	its	their
mine	ours	yours	yours	his	hers	its	theirs

More sentences:

Our English teacher Ms Chen wrote the sentence on the

blackboard and said, “Please write this down. ”

We started to write.

I wrote down the first word and stopped.

But is it OK to point out the mistake?

Questions jumped into my mind.

“Why aren’t you writing, Wang Han?”

My mouth felt dry.

But then I thought about the meaning of the sentence.

I put up my hand.

You are now in junior high school.

It’s important to think more in your learning.

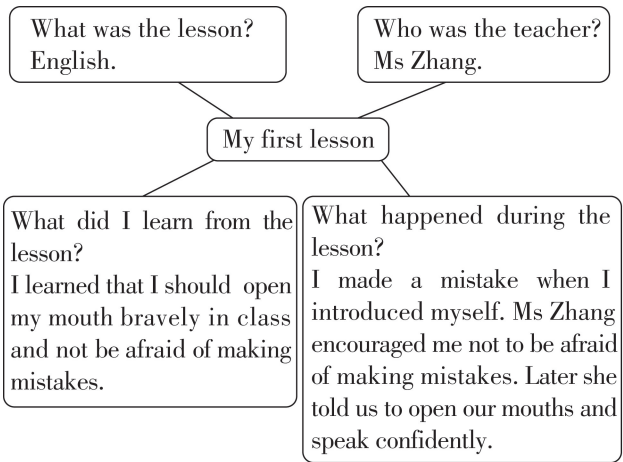
• 6|教材 P19

- 1 my
- 2 them
- 3 our
- 4 mine

• 7|教材 P19

- 1 our
- 2 your
- 3 I
- 4 his
- 5 me
- 6 His

• 8|教材 P20



My first lesson at junior high was English. Ms Zhang was our English teacher. At the beginning of the class, Ms Zhang asked us to introduce ourselves. I was shy and a bit nervous. When I introduced myself, I said “I name is Wang Li. Nice to meet you!” “My name is Zhang Juan. You can call me Ms Zhang. Nice to meet you!” Ms Zhang said with a smile on her face. My face

turned red! What a silly mistake! But later Ms Zhang told us to open our mouths bravely and not to be afraid of making mistakes. It is natural to make mistakes in the process of learning. It's also important to speak bravely and confidently. That's really an important lesson!

本题为开放性试题,言之有理且无语法错误即可。

Developing ideas

• 4|教材 P23

Problem 1

A: I have a problem. It's hard to decide what to do first because I have a lot of homework today. Can you give me some advice?

B: Sure. Here's the first piece of advice: You can start with your favourite subject. Then you will have enough time to focus on the difficult subject.

A: But how about the reciting homework?

B: That's the second piece of advice: Do the reciting homework between lessons, before you go to bed and in the morning after you wake up.

A: Thank you. I will have a try.

B: You are welcome.

Problem 2

A: I have a problem. It's hard to finish a book report in one month. Can you give me some advice?

B: Sure. Here's the first piece of advice: Turn this big task into small ones. Then you can finish them day by day.

A: But how about time? I'm busy studying every day.

B: That's the second piece of advice: Use your spare time to read and write. For example, you can read when you are on the bus to school.

A: Thank you a lot.

B: You are welcome.

I have learnt that I should make a plan before I do something and that I can turn a big task into small ones. I should make good use of spare time and do the most important things first.

Reading for writing

• 1|教材 P24

by yourself: 独自;单独;独立地

problem: 难题;困难

try your best: 尽最大努力

work hard: 努力工作;努力学习

• 2|教材 P24

The meaning of the title is "Before your junior high school life starts". Life is like a journey and junior high is like a river. Mia's parents wrote this letter to Mia and hoped that Mia can sail her boat by herself, try her best and work hard in junior high.

• 3|教材 P26

- 1 junior high
- 2 thoughts
- 3 new problems
- 4 best
- 5 work hard
- 6 helps

• 4|教材 P26

- 1 A pool stands for primary school. A river stands for junior high. The sea stands for senior high and college. 通过文章第二段的 "Primary school was like a pool." 和 "But junior high is like a river." 可知 a pool 和 a river 的意思;通过 "You will go through storms towards the sea." 可知,此处指她将要经历挫折,克服困难方能进入理想的高中和大学,所以 the sea 指高中和大学。
- 2 They helped Mia develop good habits of living and study and helped her solve problems.
- 3 Storms are difficulties and problems in life and study.

• Think and share|教材 P26

- 1 Yes, I do. Because primary school is usually near our home, and it's small and safe, just like a pool. But junior high is big and there are more students. We need to learn more subjects and deal with more problems, and it is just like a river.
- 2 Yes, they did. It was to work hard and ask teachers for help when I have difficulties with study.

Learning to think for question 1

- ①Primary school is like a flower.
- ②Junior high is like a bunch of flowers.
- ③Yes, they are.

· 5 | 教材 P27

Step 1

Show thanks to Dad and Mum

Dear Dad and Mum,

Thanks for your advice. I will remember these words deeply.

How is life different at junior high?

There are more students and I can make more friends. Of course, there are also more subjects to learn and I am busy studying every day. I stay at school for nine hours and I have lunch at school. After school, I play football in the playground with my classmates.

What is my problem?

There is a lot of homework to do every day. I need to review the lessons we learnt that day and preview the lessons we will learn the next day. I need to do the writing homework as well as the reciting homework. I don't know what to do first.

What am I going to do?

I am going to talk with other classmates and ask my teacher for help. I will make a good study plan.

Step 2

Dear Dad and Mum,

Thanks for your advice. I will remember these words deeply.

Junior high school life is different. There are more students and I can make more friends. Of course, there are also more subjects to learn and I am busy studying every day. I stay at school for nine hours and I have lunch at school. After school, I play football in the playground with my classmates.

Now I meet a problem. There is a lot of homework to do every day. I need to review the lessons we learnt that day and preview the lessons we will learn the next day. I need to do the writing homework as well as the reciting homework. I don't know what to do first.

In order to solve this problem, I am going to talk with other classmates and ask my teacher for help. I will make a good study plan.

I will try my best and work hard to achieve my goal. I will sail my boat towards the sea safely and bravely. Don't worry about me, Dad and Mum.

With love,
Mia

Unit 2 More than fun

Starting out

· 1 | 教材 P31

Lao She—planting flowers

Albert Einstein—playing the violin

Madam Curie—riding a bike

· 2 | 教材 P31

- 1 Reading, dancing, writing, singing, playing basketball etc.
- 2 I think they are interesting and useful.

Understanding ideas

· 1 | 教材 P32

In Picture a, people are playing the *erhu*. They are having fun.
In Picture b, people are playing rock music with different kinds of instruments. They are enjoying themselves.

· 2 | 教材 P33

It is about a young man and an old man. They love different kinds of music and they have fun when they put their music together.

· 3 | 教材 P34

c 根据文章标题 Rock music meets the *erhu* 和最后一段的 “It feels great to enjoy our hobby together.” 可知,文章中心思想是 “我” 和爷爷将摇滚乐和二胡音乐进行融合。故选 c。

· 4 | 教材 P34

- 1 fun
- 2 rock music
- 3 write
- 4 playing
- 5 sing

- 6 instruments
- 7 enjoy

• Think and share|教材 P34

- 1 It means “An idea comes into my mind suddenly.”
It doesn’t take me too much time to think of this idea. I am playing rock music on my computer.
Right at this moment, the sound of Grandpa’s *erhu* cuts in. So I have the idea suddenly.
- 2 I think the listeners feel happy and relaxed. They enjoy this kind of music.

• 5|教材 P35

Rules: “There is + 可数名词单数/不可数名词 + 其他.” 和 “There are + 可数名词复数 + 其他.”

One more sentence:

There is an art festival every autumn in my school.

• 6|教材 P35

There are 45 students in my class. Last year, there were 15 students in the reading group. There were 9 students in the skating group. There were 11 students in the volleyball group and there were 10 students in the photography group. There are some changes this year. There are 18 students in the reading group. There are 7 students in the skating group. There are 10 students in the volleyball group and there are 10 students in the photography group.

注意:there be 句型用于描述过去发生的事情时,be 动词为 was/were。

• 7|教材 P35

- 1 there are 根据 these days 可知时态为一般现在时;主语 lovers 为可数名词复数,所以填 there are。
- 2 there was 根据 won 和 didn’t know 可知时态为一般过去时;主语 a TV programme 是可数名词单数,所以填 there was。
- 3 There were 根据 before 可知时态为一般过去时;主语 paper-cutters 是可数名词复数,所以填 there were。
- 4 there are 根据 Now 可知时态为一般现在时;主语是 hundreds of us,所以填 there are。
- 5 there are 句意为:随着社交媒体的发展,(人们)有更多机会在网上分享乐趣……这是对现状的

描述,所以时态用一般现在时;主语 chances 为可数名词复数,所以填 there are。

• 8|教材 P36

My hobby: My hobby is photography.

A fun moment:

There is so much fun in taking photos for everything around you. I ever took a lot of photos to record a seed’s growth. It was interesting and meaningful. I like photography. It feels great to find the beauty of nature through a camera.

My partner’s name: Wang Yinuo

Her hobby: Her hobby is playing volleyball.

A fun moment:

She is in the school volleyball team. Her team won in a volleyball match. That made her excited and proud. She likes working together as a team. It feels great to win a match.

Talk with my partner:

A: What’s your hobby?

B: I like photography.

A: What do you think of your hobby?

B: Great! There is so much fun in taking photos for everything around you.

A: Can you share a fun moment with me?

B: Of course! I ever took a lot of photos to record a seed’s growth. It was interesting and meaningful. It feels great to find the beauty of nature through a camera.

A: That sounds great!

Developing ideas

• 4|教材 P39

A: Reading is a good hobby. It can give us knowledge.

B: What knowledge can we get from reading?

A: We can learn some important events and meet many famous and wise people in history. We seem to talk with the people in history when we read books about history.

B: That’s great!

A: Making ceramics is a good hobby. It can give us knowledge.

B: What knowledge can we get from making ceramics?

A: We can know the steps of making ceramics and the use of fire and it is good for our practical ability.
B: It sounds fantastic!

• **Talk about what you have learnt about knowledge from hobbies in this section. | 教材 P39**

I have learnt hobbies can bring us knowledge. People watch wild birds in nature and can know their names, looks and habits. So they can help the birds when the birds are in need. Similarly, reading can help us to be wise and making ceramics is good for our practical ability.

Reading for writing

• **1 | 教材 P40**

- 1 They show the hobby of writing.
- 2 I can come up with ideas to form stories, share the joy of writing with friends and make new friends.

• **2 | 教材 P40**

She put her notebook on a shelf in the library and invited the students who found her notebook to write more. It is a new way of making friends and sharing the joy of writing. No one knows the result, so it is an adventure.

• **3 | 教材 P42**

- 1 magic
- 2 friends
- 3 joy
- 4 more
- 5 There were pages of new writing by different people and there was a note on the last page to invite her to meet and start a writing group. 根据文章第六段和第七段可知答案。

• **4 | 教材 P42**

- 1 She felt a bit lonely. 根据第二段内容可知埃玛是新转来的学生,没有朋友。所以她感到孤独。
- 2 She felt surprised and excited. 根据第六段内容可知,埃玛在发现别人的留言时,心情应该是惊讶和激动的。
- 3 (1) Action words: Oliver's heart almost stopped. He walked over and tapped on the door.
The feeling: They show the feeling of fear.

- (2) Action words: She looked around the library.
The feeling: It shows the careful feeling.
- (3) Action words: Nervously, she opened it.
The feeling: It shows the nervous feeling.

• **Think and share | 教材 P42**

- 1 The best ending was that Emma made new friends and could share the joy of writing with them.
- 2 Yes, I do. Because people with the same hobby can talk with each other easily and they can share the joy of the same hobby.

Learning to think for question 2:

Yes, we do. I feel happy and relaxed when I talk to my friends with the same hobby. We share the joy and encourage each other.

• **5 | 教材 P43**

Step 1

What is your hobby?

My hobby is playing chess.

Who do you share it with?

I share it with Li Zimo, a boy in the same chess club with me.

How did you become friends?

We joined the same chess club. One day our teacher asked us to find a partner to play chess with in the club. I felt nervous and stood there for a few minutes. I looked around myself and found most of students got partners. I was disappointed. At that time, a tall boy came to me and asked, "Can I play chess with you?" "Of course!" I said with a big smile on my face. From then on we became each other's partner in the chess club and shared the joy of playing chess. We both got great progress.

What did you learn from the experience?

I learnt we should be brave and active when we make friends with others and we would get great progress when we share our experience with friends.

Step 2

My name is Zhu Xiao and I like playing chess. I often play chess with Li Zimo, a boy in the same chess club with me. We joined the same chess club. One day our teacher asked us to find a partner to play chess with

in the club. I felt nervous and stood there for a few minutes. I looked around myself and found most of students got partners. I was disappointed. At that time, a tall boy came to me and asked, "Can I play chess with you?" "Of course!" I said with a big smile on my face. From then on we became each other's partner in the chess club and shared the joy of playing chess. We

both got great progress. Now he is my best friend and I get more friends because of playing chess. We all think playing chess is good for us.

Step 3

✓
✓
✓

Unit 3 Family ties

Starting out

1|教材 P47

- 1 In Picture a, they are having a family dinner.
In Picture b, the daughter is studying and the father is helping her.
In Picture c, they are cooking a meal together.
In Picture d, they are taking a walk.
- 2 We usually take a walk after dinner in a park.
We usually do some cleaning together on Sunday.
We usually travel together during summer holiday.

2|教材 P47

- 1 My father is a doctor and my mother is a teacher.
My brother and I are both students.
- 2 The word "family" stands for a group of people who are related to each other closely and often live together. It represents a group that provides support, love, and care for each other.

Understanding ideas

1|教材 P48

- 1 The picture of mountains reminds me of my father.
- 2 My father is strong like a mountain. He protects our home like a superman. He is busy every day. He doesn't speak too much and hides his love and care in his heart. But I can feel his silent love.

2|教材 P48

The father's love may be silent but is always there, like a mountain.
文章第四段的 "His love may be silent. But like a mountain, it is always there." 表达了作者对父爱的看法。

3|教材 P50

✓ The name of the film

✓ The characters in the film
✓ A touching moment

4|教材 P50

- 1 love
- 2 taking
- 3 hearts
- 4 carries
- 5 father's
- 6 run

Think and Share |教材 P50

1 The father: strict, absent, silent
I use "strict" "absent" and "silent" to describe the father. Because in the beginning, the father follows his son with a strict face. He was often absent from home because of his job. He loves his son but he doesn't often show it.
The son: handsome, filial, energetic
I use "handsome" "filial" and "energetic" to describe the son. Because in the beginning, the handsome son walks fast. Later he carries his father across a cold river. As a young man, he is handsome and energetic. As a son, he is filial.

5|教材 P51

Possessive nouns 名词所有格 表示所属关系的名词形式,在名词后面加' 或-'s, 表示某物属于某人或某物。
More sentences:
It brings back the father's memory of carrying the son on his back.
He is happy about his son's growth.

6|教材 P51

Jim is Eric's son.

Mary is Jim's wife.

Eric is Tania's husband.

Josh is Tania's son.

Dorothy is Josh's wife.

Nick is Josh's son.

Tony is Eric's grandson.

Catherine is Nick's cousin.

• 7|教材 P51

- 1 Mum's 句意为:我们三个坐在妈妈的电脑前。此处表示“妈妈的”,应使用所有格形式。
- 2 family 句意为:每年我们在春节期间都一起拍一张全家福。family photo 意为“全家福”,符合语境。故填 family。
- 3 year's 句意为:但是今年的照片有所不同。此处表示“今年的照片”,使用所有格形式。故填 year's。
- 4 Zihan's 句意为:那是子涵(音译)的主意。此处表示“子涵的”,使用所有格形式。故填 Zihan's。
- 5 family's 句意为:我认为这是我们家的最好的照片。此处表示“我们家的”,应使用所有格形式。故填 family's。

• 8|教材 P52

A family moment

When was it?

It was in the summer holiday in 2023.

Who was there?

There were my parents, my sister and me.

What did you do?

We climbed Mount Tai. I was so happy when we set out. Along the way, we saw lots of tourists. At first, I climbed fast. But half an hour later, I felt tired and couldn't go higher. I wanted to give up. Just then, we met a heaver. He walked so fast though he carried so many things. We were surprised. My father said that we should learn from the heaver. We slowed down our steps and enjoyed the scenery on the way. We had a rest when we were tired. I still remember my father carried all our bags and helped my mother, my sister and me. At that time I felt he was so cool! We were excited when we got to the top. It was as if we were above the clouds. How amazing! We took a family photo and enjoyed our time together.

How did you feel?

First, I was happy. Then I felt tired and wanted to give up. Later I was encouraged and felt moved. Finally, I was surprised and excited.

Developing ideas

• 4|教材 P55

A: Dad, have you got a minute?

B: Sure, Mike. What is it?

A: I know you're very busy, but I want to spend more time with you, Dad.

B: I am always at home after work.

A: I hope you don't always work at home or watch videos on your phone. Can you have a chat with me, or read with me? I want to spend much beautiful time with you.

B: I'm sorry. I didn't know that. I don't like to disturb you when you study. So I sometimes watch videos on my phone.

A: Dad, I don't know when you are free. So please come to me. I am not busy studying every Friday and at weekends.

B: OK. Let's read together this Friday night.

A: Great! Thank you, Dad!

I have learnt that I should have communication with my parents when I have a problem. I can use a softer tone in order not to hurt my parents' feelings.

Reading for writing

• 1|教材 P56

The picture on the left shows two boys are playing games with smiles on their faces.

The picture in the middle shows a girl is jumping over a gap with the help of her family. She is getting close to them. It is important to trust her family in this sport.

The picture on the right shows some people are playing football. They love playing together and enjoy themselves a lot.

• 2|教材 P56

It is about a story that a boy pulls another boy to race together.

• 3|教材 P58

- 1 close to 根据第二段中的“*They are always close to each other.*”可知他们很亲近。故填 *close to*。
- 2 lonely 根据“*He has to stay at home every day and he often feels lonely.*”可知他经常感到孤独。故填 *lonely*。
- 3 pulled 根据“*He put Robert in a trailer and pulled it along with his bike.*”可知此处填 *pulled*。
- 4 first 根据“*For the first time, Robert felt like the other kids.*”可知此处填 *first*。
- 5 the time 根据第四段中的“*They enjoy the time together.*”可知此处填 *the time*。
- 6 love between them 根据第五段中的“*The love between them powers their bike.*”可知此处填 *love between them*。

• 4|教材 P58

- 1 The word refers to John and Robert Taylor. 根据“*John and Robert Taylor finished the school bike race.*”可知 *They* 指的是 John and Robert Taylor。
- 2 The word refers to the trailer. *it* 所在句句意为：他把罗伯特放在拖车里，并骑着自行车拖着它。由句意可知，他用自行车拖着的是拖车。
- 3 It means “supplying energy to”. *powers* 所在句句意为：他们之间的爱为自行车提供动力。由语境可知，*power* 在该句中是“为……提供能量、动力”的意思。

• Think and Share|教材 P58

- 1 The love between them really matters for the Taylor brothers.
- 2 Yes, I do. Because they support each other and enjoy the time together. Their love makes us moved and love always wins.

• 5|教材 P59

Step 1

My family members support each other in daily life, especially when one is in need. I once failed in an important dancing competition and my parents and my sister comforted and supported me.

Step 2

Who were the family members?

They were my father, my mother and my sister.

What happened?

I liked dancing and often took part in competitions. After I failed in an important dancing competition, I felt disappointed and wanted to give up. I cried in my room. At first, my father saw my sad face and wanted to help. So he bought a lot of snacks for me. But I still felt sad and cried. Then my mother came to me and gave me a hug. She said, “We are family and don’t cry alone.” I cried in her arms for a long time. Then I felt better. At last, I received three letters. They were from my father, my mother and my sister. They shared their experiences with me and told me to believe in myself. The result of the dancing competition didn’t matter. Their love powered me and I decided to follow my dream again.

What do you think of the family members?

They are lovely, gentle and caring. I am happy to have them around me.

Step 3

My family members support each other in daily life, especially when one is in need. I once failed in an important dancing competition and my parents and my sister comforted and supported me.

I liked dancing and often took part in competitions. After I failed in an important dancing competition, I felt disappointed and wanted to give up. I cried in my room. At first, my father saw my sad face and wanted to help. So he bought a lot of snacks for me. But I still felt sad and cried. Then my mother came to me and gave me a hug. She said, “We are family and don’t cry alone.” I cried in her arms for a long time. Then I felt better. At last, I received three letters. They were from my father, my mother and my sister. They shared their experiences with me and told me to believe in myself. The result of the dancing competition didn’t matter. Their love powered me and I decided to follow my dream again.

They are lovely, gentle and caring. I am happy to have them around me.

Unit 4 Time to celebrate

Starting out

• 1 | 教材 P63

- 1 a. the Water-Splashing Festival
b. Tomb-Sweeping Day
c. the Horse Racing Festival
- 2 The Water-Splashing Festival: It is a very fun festival. People splash water on each other to have a good time. It is a great way to relax and celebrate together.
- Tomb-Sweeping Day: It usually falls on April 4th or 5th. It is a traditional festival that has a long history. People celebrate it to remember and honour their deceased family members.
- The Horse Racing Festival: It is an important festival for the Mongolian ethnic group. It's a time to show horse-riding skills and celebrate their traditions.

• 2 | 教材 P63

- 1 I know the Spring Festival, the Mid-Autumn Festival and May Day.
- 2 I think the Spring Festival is the most special. Because it is a festival when all people go home to get together with their family.

Understanding ideas

• 1 | 教材 P64

- 1 They are having a family reunion dinner on the evening before the Spring Festival.
- 2 Some dishes.

• 2 | 教材 P64

The writer cooked for her friend during the Spring Festival. 根据第一、二段内容可知,作者为朋友做了饭。

• 3 | 教材 P66

c 根据文章标题及最后一段的 our laughter filled the room 可知,作者度过了一个不寻常但开心的春节。

• 4 | 教材 P66

- 1 Spring Festival 根据第一段第一句“ It was my first Spring Festival in the UK. ”可知,这是作者在英国第一个春节。
- 2 Chinese dinner 根据第一段第二句“ I wanted to treat my British friend, Emilia, to a Chinese dinner. ”可知,作者想为自己的英国朋友埃米莉亚做顿中餐。
- 3 midnight 根据第二段第三句“ It was midnight in China, time for dumplings. ”可知,此处指在中国的午夜。
- 4 whole family 根据第二段第四句“ But my whole family came to my help on the phone. ”可知,作者的全家都在电话中帮助作者。
- 5 dish 根据第三段的 I put the last dish on the table 可知,作者给埃米莉亚展示最后一道菜。
- 6 shocked 根据第四段最后一句“ Emilia was shocked. ”可知,埃米莉亚对菜名感到震惊。
- 7 back home 根据最后一段最后一句“ I felt like I was back home. ”可知,作者觉得自己回到了家里。

• Think and share | 教材 P66

- 1 It was the writer's first Spring Festival in the UK.
- 2 Dumplings are my family's traditional dish for the Spring Festival. Yes, I can cook it.

• 5 | 教材 P67

They all have words to express frequency, like sometimes, often and always.

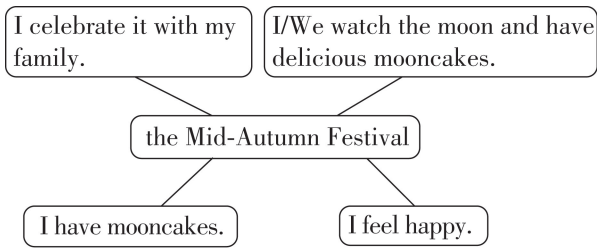
• 6 | 教材 P67

- 1 sometimes
2 often
3 always
I never have junk food.
I sometimes go to school by bike.
Lucy often rides a bike to school.

• 7 | 教材 P67

- 1 Sometimes 2 always 3 always 4 always/often
5 always/often 6 never

• 8|教材 P68



Developing ideas

• 4|教材 P71

May Day.

I usually celebrate it by doing some dishes and planting some trees.

Clean the garden for my grandparents.

Because my grandparents are old and can't clean the garden by themselves.

Reading for writing

• 1|教材 P72

1 I can see two doctors, one nurse and a patient. 根据图片可知,图中有两名医生、一名护士和一名病人。

2 The doctors and the nurse are saving the patient. 根据图片可知,医生和护士正在救治病人。

3 They stand by every minute. 根据所给单词和短语及常识可知,医生和护士在节日里随时待命。

• 3|教材 P74

1 break 根据第一段第一句 "For Chinese people, festivals usually mean a break from work and happy family reunions." 可知答案。

2 busier 根据第二段第二句 "She is often much busier during festivals." 可知,她在节日期间经常更忙。

3 stand by 根据第二段的 We need to stand by every minute 可知,她需要随时待命。

4 little time 根据第三段第一句 "Leng's duty means she has little time to be with her family at festivals." 可知,她很少有时间和她的家人在一起过节。

5 makes the most of 根据第三段的 "I make the most of every minute with my family." 可知,她充分利用和家人在一起的每一分钟。

6 very thankful 根据第三段的 I'm very thankful for their support 可知,她非常感谢家人的支持。

• 4|教材 P74

1 Her family. 根据第二段的 Leng misses many family meals with her loved ones 和第三段第一句 "Leng's duty means she has little time to be with her family at festivals." 可知, "her loved ones" 指的是她的家人。

2 She feels tired and thirsty. 根据第二段的 "This makes her tired and thirsty." 可知,她感觉又累又渴。

3 Because they give up their family time to answer the call of duty. 根据最后一段可知答案。

• Think and share|教材 P74

1 Hard work shines brighter than festive fireworks.

2 Policemen, firemen, nurses and so on.

• 5|教材 P75

Step 1

Name	Sally
Job	A doctor
Duties	She treats some patients and stands by every minute.
Festival experiences	She has to stay at the hospital and treat some patients during festivals.
Your comments	She is busy most of her time. She is great.

Step 2

Sally is a doctor. She works in a big hospital. She treats some patients and stands by every minute. She has to stay at the hospital and treat some patients during festivals. She always smiles at her patients. She is busy most of her time. I think she is great.

Unit 5 Fantastic friends

Starting out

• 1|教材 P79

- 1 Yes, I do.
2 There is Rotating Turtle (旋龟), Nine-Tailed Fox (九尾狐) and other amazing animals in this book.

• 2|教材 P79

- 1 c 2 a 3 c 4 b 5 b

Understanding ideas

• 1|教材 P80

- ☐ boring ☒ fast ☐ scary others: light
☒ clever ☐ dirty ☒ amazing

• 2|教材 P80

Boring, dirty, scary, clever, fast and amazing. 根据 “Pigeons are BORING and DIRTY!” “They’re SCARY!” “Are they so clever?” “That’s as fast as my dad’s car!” 及 They are AMAZING 可知答案。

• 3|教材 P82

c 本文主要通过作者的经历介绍了鸽子的惊人之处。故 c 项可作为文章的标题。

• Think and share|教材 P82

- 1 Through the sentence “Pigeons are BORING and DIRTY!”.
2 Pigeons come in a wide range of colours and markings, not just the traditional grey and white. Pigeons are known for their intelligence. They have excellent navigation skills and can find their way back home from long distances.

• 4|教材 P82

- 1 Dirty 根据 Day 2 中的 “Pigeons are BORING and DIRTY!” 可知,此处指“脏的”,由设空前单词的形式可知,dirty 的首字母应大写。
2 leave droppings 根据 Day 2 中的 “They leave droppings here and there.” 可知答案。
3 are flying 根据 Day 2 中的 “The birds are flying madly to her.” 可知答案。
4 over 200 根据 Day 5 中的 “Oh, there are over 200 kinds of pigeons.” 可知,有 200 多种鸽子。
5 get lost 根据 Day 5 中的 “Some can fly several

thousand kilometres and don’t get lost.” 可知答案。

- 6 Amazing 根据 “They are AMAZING—I just didn’t know enough about them!” 可知,此处指亨利觉得鸽子很惊人,由上面的标题可知,此处填 Amazing。

• 5|教材 P83

根据 We’re studying、I’m watching 和 is looking at 可知这三个句子的时态为现在进行时,结构为“助动词 be+动词的现在分词”。

More sentences: The birds are flying madly to her. / I’m doing some online research.

• 6|教材 P83

- 1 is following 根据语境可知,此处指海豚跟着一艘船,选 follow; 由 “Look!” 可知,本句时态为现在进行时,且主语为第三人称单数。故填 is following。

- 2 is standing 根据语境可知,此处指马正在站着,选 stand; 根据 “The horse is sleeping.” 可知,本句时态为现在进行时,且主语为第三人称单数。故填 is standing。

- 3 am watching 此处指的是观看树上的猫,选 watch; 由 “Ssh!” 可知,本句时态为现在进行时,且主语为第一人称单数。故填 am watching。

• 7|教材 P83

- 1 are watching 根据 Now 可知,本句时态为现在进行时,主语为 we, be 动词用 are。故填 are watching。

- 2 is cutting 根据 “Look!” 可知,本句时态为现在进行时,主语为 One beaver, be 动词用 is。故填 is cutting。

- 3 are putting 根据 “Look!” 可知,本句时态为现在进行时,主语为 the other two, be 动词用 are。故填 are putting。

- 4 are building 根据上下文可知,本句时态为现在进行时,主语为 They, be 动词用 are。故填 are building。

- 5 are swimming 根据 Now 可知,本句时态为现在进行时,主语为 Two beavers, be 动词用 are。故填 are swimming。

- 6 is trying 根据语境可知,本句时态为现在进行时,主语为 The other one, be 动词用 is。故填 is trying。

• 8|教材 P84

It is a dog.

Look, it's playing with a cat.
It is fat and always follows me after school.
In my opinion, it is clever and cute.

Developing ideas

· 4 | 教材 P87

What animal is it?
It is an elephant.
What does the animal do to help people?
It carries heavy things for people and waters flowers for people.
What is special about the animal?
It can remember lots of information.
What do you think of the animal?
It is strong and clever.
对话:

A: Can you think of another animal helper?
B: Yes. The elephant helps us carry heavy things.
A: Why can it do this?
B: Because it is strong and clever. It has high intelligence, so it can remember lots of information.

Reading for writing

· 1 | 教材 P88

1 In the museum. 根据文字提示可知,可以在博物馆里面看到这些动物。
2 They died out. 根据文字提示可知,这些动物灭绝了。
3 Humans cut down trees and hunted animals. 根据文字提示可知,这些动物的灭绝是因为人类砍伐树木和捕猎动物。

· 2 | 教材 P88

They died out. 根据第三段最后一句“ As a result, we soon died out. ”可知答案。

· 3 | 教材 P90

1 island 根据第二段第一句“ We lived on an island in the Indian Ocean. ”可知,渡渡鸟住在印度洋的一座岛上。
2 food 根据第二段第二句“ In the happy old days, there was plenty of food to eat. ”可知答案。
3 animals 根据第二段倒数第二句“ All the other animals were friendly. ”可知,其他的所有动物都很友好。
4 Humans 根据第三段第一句“ However, in 1598,

humans arrived. ”可知填 humans,句首单词首字母大写。
5 cut down 根据第三段第二句“ They cut down the trees and our lovely forest was gone. ”可知,此处指他们砍伐树木。
6 hunted 根据第三段第三句“ They hunted us because we were slow and couldn't fly. ”可知,此处指人类捕猎渡渡鸟。
7 eggs 根据第三段倒数第二句“ What's more, their pigs, cats and dogs ate our eggs. ”可知,此处指人类的猪、猫和狗吃渡渡鸟的蛋。
8 died out 根据第三段最后一句“ As a result, we soon died out. ”可知,渡渡鸟灭绝了。

· 4 | 教材 P90

1 Because it died out and readers can only see it in the museums. 根据第一段最后一句“ But now you can only see us in the museums. ”及第三段最后一句“ As a result, we soon died out. ”可知答案。
2 “ As happy as a clam ” means “ very happy ”.
“ As dead as a dodo ” means “ completely dead ”.
3 In order to encourage more people to try their best to protect animals. 根据最后一段倒数第二句“ Please try your best to help them. ”可知是为了鼓励人们保护动物。

· Think and share | 教材 P90

1 The purpose is to call on people to protect animals.
2 Air, water and noise pollution from cars and factories can harm birds' health.

· 5 | 教材 P91

Step 1

The animal is the dinosaur. It lived everywhere in the world.
It was big or small in size.
It had plants and meat. It might sleep most of the day.
Because of the change of nature.
People should respect nature and do something helpful for nature.

Step 2

Dinosaurs lived everywhere in the world a long time ago. There were many different kinds of dinosaurs. Some were very big. Others were small. Many dinosaurs might like to sleep most of the day. Some dinosaurs ate

plants. They usually had long necks to reach the leaves. But some dinosaurs ate meat. They could run fast to catch other animals. Later, because of the change of

nature, dinosaurs died out. Nature has a big influence on all the living things. We should respect nature and do something helpful for nature.

Unit 6 The power of plants

Starting out

• 1 | 教材 P95

- There are over 300,000 known species of plants on earth. Plants are a primary source of food for humans and animals.
- Yes, I think they are amazing. Because they have strong power.

• 2 | 教材 P95

- The girl is holding an apple.
 - The worker is building a shelf with wood.
 - The woman is weighing some plants.
 - The girl is drawing about nature.
- They can help patients. They can be people's food. They can help us build some things.

Understanding ideas

• 1 | 教材 P96

- sunlight 根据第二段第三句 "They collect sunlight and CO₂ during the day." 可知, 1 处指的是阳光。
- sugar 根据第三段第二句 "Most importantly (for them), there will be sugar!" 可知, 2 处指的是糖。
- water 根据第二段中的 "Now workers from the Root send up water." 可知, 3 处指的是水。
- leaf 根据图片提示可知, 4 处指的是叶子。

• 3 | 教材 P98

- 本文主要介绍了在植物内部, "车间" 的 "工人们" 工作的过程。

• Think and share | 教材 P98

- The "plant" means millions of plants on earth.
- Plants can help reduce greenhouse gas emissions and mitigate the effects of climate change.

• 4 | 教材 P98

- leaf 根据第二段的 "He works in Workshop 1001 in the Leaf." 及 "They collect sunlight and CO₂ during the day." 可知, 阳光和二氧化碳进入叶子。
- rise up 根据第二段倒数第二句 "The water will rise up to the Leaf through the Stem." 可知答案。

- Water 根据第二段最后一句 "Then workers in the Leaf will mix water, CO₂ and sunlight." 可知此处指水, 句首单词首字母大写。

- sugar 根据第三段第二句 "Most importantly (for them), there will be sugar!" 可知, 水、二氧化碳和阳光会变成糖和氧气。

- breathe 根据第三段的 "... they need it to breathe!" 可知, 人类需要氧气来呼吸。

• 5 | 教材 P99

根据 He's going to start 和 will take 可知句子的时态为一般将来时, 结构为 "be going to/will + 动词原形"。

More sentences: The water will rise up to the Leaf through the Stem. / What are they going to produce?

• 6 | 教材 P99

- will/are going to 2 will/are going to
- will/are going to

• 7 | 教材 P99

- will walk/are going to walk 根据 through the forest 及备选词汇可知, 此处指的是步行穿过森林, 由 today 及语境可知, 本句时态为一般将来时。主语为 We, 故填 will walk/are going to walk。
- will rain/is going to rain 根据 "It's sunny now, but please take a raincoat." 及备选词汇可知, 此处指的是将要下雨, 根据 later 可知, 本句时态为一般将来时。结合 it, 故填 will rain/is going to rain。
- will see 根据 look up 及 clouds at the top of these trees 及备选词汇可知, 此处指的是你将看到云彩, 本句时态为一般将来时。在 "祈使句 + and + 陈述句" 结构中, 陈述句中通常使用 will do。故填 will see。
- becomes 根据语境及备选词汇可知, 此处指的是水从叶子进入空气中, 变成云。本句描述客观事实, 时态为一般现在时, 且主语为不可数名词。故填 becomes。
- makes 根据语境及备选词汇可知, 此处指的是这会让其他植物非常高兴, make 符合语境。本句时态

为一般现在时,且主语为 This。故填 makes。

6 give 根据语境及备选词汇可知,此处指的是它们给动物居住的地方及吃的食物,give 符合语境,本句时态为一般现在时,且主语为 They。故填 give。

• 8|教材 P100

normal

live happily

become much healthier

I am going to a park with my family. We will dig holes in the ground and carefully put the young trees in. Then, we are going to water them. After that, we will put up signs to tell others to protect the trees. Planting trees is useful for nature and the earth. Small actions can make a big difference.

Developing ideas

• 4|教材 P103

Step 1

Roses can be used as a gift.

Roses can be used to make delicious food.

Roses can be used when people take a bath.

Step 2

A: Could you tell me some uses of roses?

B: Yes, of course. People use them to make delicious cakes and send them to their friends as a gift. Also, some use them when taking a bath.

Reading for writing

• 1|教材 P104

I can see some leaves,teapots and different kinds of tea.

They are all about tea.

• 2|教材 P104

When Chinese people go abroad, a cup of warm tea always makes them feel like they're back home.

It's a way of connecting to the Brits.

• 3|教材 P106

Feng Tao

1 Green tea. 根据第二段的 but I will always choose green tea 可知,冯涛(音译)喝绿茶。

2 Grandpa. 根据第二段第二句“Grandpa used to take me to the teahouse.”及后文可知,冯涛和他的爷爷一起喝茶。

3 In the teahouse. 根据第二段第二句“Grandpa used to take me to the teahouse.”可知,冯涛去茶馆

喝茶。

4 It's more than a drink for Feng Tao. A cup of warm tea makes him feel like he's back home when he studies abroad. 通读第二段可知答案。

Emma Jones

1 Black tea. 根据第三段的“We chat and relax in the yard with black tea and biscuits.”可知,埃玛喝红茶。

2 Her family. 根据第三段的内容可知,埃玛与她的家人一起喝茶。

3 In the yard. 根据第三段倒数第二句“We chat and relax in the yard with black tea and biscuits.”可知,埃玛在院子里面喝茶。

4 It's her way of connecting. 根据第三段最后一句“It's our way of connecting.”可知答案。

• 4|教材 P106

1 It means important.

2 There are lots of teahouses.

3 It means something everybody knows.

• Think and share|教材 P106

1 It means “What kind of tea do you like?”.

2 The writers in the two stories both like tea.

3 Yes, I do agree that tea is “more than a drink”. Because tea has a rich history and cultural significance in many countries, particularly in Asia. It has been an important part of social gatherings, ceremonies, and traditions for centuries.

• 5|教材 P107

Step 1

1 My grandparents.

2 Green tea.

3 In the living room.

4 Their friends.

5 Yes, they do.

6 Happy.

Step 2

My grandparents like to drink green tea. They make the green tea carefully. The smell of the tea is very nice. Then they sit in the living room and talk happily with their friends. Sometimes they talk about their old days. Sometimes they share funny stories. My grandparents say that drinking tea makes them happy. I think it's a wonderful time for my grandparents.